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With Compliments of

R. G. O'BRIEN,

Adjutant-General.

OLYMPIA, WASH., December 3, 1890.

*To His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Washington,
Olympia:*

SIR—I have the honor to transmit herewith my report as
Adjutant General of the State of Washington for the year 1890.

I am, with respect, your obedient servant,

R. G. O'BRIEN, *Adjutant General.*

NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON.

The organized militia of the state, designated by law as the National Guard of Washington, at present consists of seventeen companies of infantry and two troops of cavalry, organized into two regiments of infantry and one battalion of cavalry, located respectively, one regiment of infantry and one troop of cavalry on each side of the Cascade mountains, aggregating 1,155 officers and men, and are commanded as follows: The First Regiment by Colonel J. C. Haines, with headquarters at Seattle; the Second Regiment by Colonel Enoch W. Pike, with headquarters at Goldendale; the First Battalion of cavalry by Major Chas. B. Johnston, with headquarters at Spokane Falls.

These companies are composed of the best class of the young men of the state, who are thoroughly imbued with the importance of the service which they are called upon to render, and who have discharged the duties imposed upon them under the law with the utmost faithfulness and with great credit to themselves. The term of service of the line officers, non-commissioned officers and privates is three years from the time of their enlistment. The term of the general and field officers is four years from the time of their commission.

Prior to the 17th day of September, 1890, there were but twelve companies of infantry in the regular establishment, and two troops of cavalry. Subsequent to that time the military board admitted three companies of infantry to the First Regiment and two companies to the Second Regiment, which, under the laws, they are empowered to do. These troops have all been furnished with the regulation uniform of the United States army, purchased from the Pettibone Manufacturing Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, upon a competitive bid for furnishing the same. All the companies have been supplied with uniforms save one; four of them, however, at

their own expense until such time as the state can commute the same and assume the obligation.

The uniforms and other property in the hands of the National Guard are in fairly good condition, with few exceptions, and comprises the full dress coat, trowsers, helmet, overcoat, fatigue coat and fatigue cap. The arms and equipments are furnished by the United States upon requisition made against the annual allowance set apart by the government for the equipment of the militia of the several states, which allowance is based upon the congressional representation from each state. This allowance can only be drawn by the states in arms, ammunition and quartermaster's supplies.

BUREAU OF MILITARY STATISTICS—WAR RECORDS.

I have heretofore called attention of the legislature to the fact that all the records pertaining to the service of troops from the Territory of Washington during the war of the rebellion were on file in the office of the Adjutant General of the United States army at Washington, D. C., and that this office was without anything to show that Washington Territory had furnished its quota in the suppression of the great rebellion. The value of the records of the volunteer army cannot be estimated in dollars and cents, or measured by the mere business ends of the state. They are the memorials of the nation's defenders and as such are worth every effort that can be made for their preservation. From a purely business standpoint, however, and aside from the mere sentimental consideration, these records are simply invaluable, and the child is not yet born who will live to see the day when reference to them will no longer be necessary.

Desiring to secure copies of these records I opened correspondence with the Adjutant General of the United States army at Washington, D. C., and from him learned that the department would furnish such copies upon the state paying the necessary cost of the clerical services in preparing them, which I estimate will not be to exceed \$250.00, and I recommend that the legislature may be asked to make an appropriation for that amount for the purpose stated.

RECORDS OF THE WAR OF 1855-56.

The records and muster-in and muster-out rolls of the troops who served during the Indian war of 1855-56 on behalf of the United

States in the Territory of Washington were by a law of the legislature of the territory placed in the custody of the secretary of the territory, where they remain, uncollated and unpublished. I respectfully ask that these records be transferred to this office, with authority to prepare the same in form for future preservation, and likewise publish them for the information of the public generally. Many of the citizens of the Territory of Washington rendered valuable services during that war, for which there is no evidence of any payment on the part of the United States. Doubtless many just claims could and should be presented to the government of the United States on behalf of these old pioneers, for adjustment, and I recommend that you suggest to the legislature the establishment of a board of claims, to consist of the Governor, the Adjutant General and Secretary of State, whose duty it shall be to prepare and present all claims due to the Territory of Washington and the citizens thereof for adjustment by the United States.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The correspondence of the office this year and the work incident thereto has exceeded that of any year since the establishment of the National Guard, and has required a great part of my time to properly attend to the same. This may partly be accounted for from the fact that the military machinery of the state is new, much of its material having had no previous experience, and submitting questions for their enlightenment directly to this office.

Again, much arises from neglect on the part of subordinate officers to present their matters and claims in proper form, evidencing a lack of study and close attention on their part to the regulations governing the National Guard of the state.

OREGON DEBT.

The bill introduced in congress by Senator Dolph, of Oregon, for the relief of that state, and to place to the credit of the State of Washington the sum of \$12,398.55 for arms and ammunition borrowed from the Territory of Washington during the Nez Perce Indian war of 1877-78, passed both houses of congress, and the amount above mentioned was placed to the credit of this state, against which sum I have made requisition for military supplies aggregating \$12,531.16. In addition to the foregoing amount there is to the credit of the state for the year 1890 \$3,075.37, which can

be drawn against only for such supplies as may be wanted for the equipment of the National Guard from time to time.

The increase by congress of the annual appropriation for the support of the militia of the United States to \$400,000.00 per annum, which sum is divided among the several states and territories upon the basis of congressional representation; and the portion of said amount awarded to the State of Washington annually under our present representation of one congressman amounts to \$2,818.83, which sum is not available in money, but can only be drawn against in supplies for the armament of the National Guard of the state.

ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT.

Under the provisions of General Order No. 4, c. s., dated June —, 1890, a general encampment of the National Guard of this state was held near Tacoma, at American Lake, from June 20th to 29th, inclusive, and was immediately under the command of Brigadier General A. P. Curry. The camp was named Camp Ferry in honor of your excellency, as the first governor of the State of Washington. The short time allotted for the establishment of this camp made it necessary to employ every available means in accomplishing the purpose of the order, and owing to severe illness on my part, it was not as desirably situated as I could have wished.

The railroad conveniences from Tacoma were not what I had been lead to believe they would be. The means of transportation were by rail and steamboat, and were hurriedly accomplished, principally through telegraphic communication. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Union Pacific and Oregon & Washington Territory Railroad Companies afforded every convenience possible in the short time allowed, the Northern Pacific Railroad Company upon satisfactory terms, transporting the troops at the rate of 1 cent per mile per man each way, and 1 cent per ton per mile for freight and baggage. The Union Pacific Railroad Company and the Oregon & Washington Railroad Company did not afford us as reasonable terms, demanding and receiving one full fare for the round trip.

The connection of troops was, perhaps, as close as could be made under the hurried circumstances, and caused but little delay in the establishment of the encampment. The location of the camp upon

a rising plateau on the margin of American lake, with good drainage, ample drill grounds and its natural adaptabilities, made the site an excellent one for the purpose for which it was selected. The difficulties surrounding the Quartermaster's department were consequent upon the limited time given for the necessary preparations. The same may be said concerning the Commissary's department.

Realizing that there was not sufficient tentage available to cover the full brigade while in camp, I addressed a communication to Brigadier General John Gibbon, commanding Department of the Columbia at Vancouver, asking if he had authority to lend the state a sufficient number of tents to cover four hundred men, to which he replied that he could not do so without authority from the secretary of war; upon which your Excellency, at my request, at once wired the secretary of war asking him to authorize General Gibbon to make the loan, which he did, upon the condition that we make the requisition for the tents, the same to be charged to the state's allowance for the year 1890. These tents arrived in camp with the coming of the Second Regiment on Saturday, June 21. Some delay and inconvenience was occasioned in the establishment of the Second Regiment camp by reason of the late arrival of the tents.

Considerable inconvenience was attached to the subsistence department of the camp by reason of the fact that there was not sufficient cooking facilities to supply rations for both regiments from the one set of ranges in camp. The subsistence department was under the control of Lieutenant Colonel Albert Whyte, assistant commissary general, and after the experience of the first day, when some delay was occasioned by the inexperience of some of the regimental commissaries, as well as himself, with the affairs of a general commissary, the issues were made with alacrity and promptness. The articles furnished were of the best quality the markets afforded, and the prices therefor as low as could be obtained.

Great difficulty also attached to the transportation of both the supplies of the quartermaster's and commissary's department to the camp ground, by reason of the failure of the railroad company to furnish transportation as speedily as promised. The quartermaster's department was under the control of Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Garretson, upon whom devolved the greater part of the labor of establishing the camp, procuring forage, fire-wood, lum-

ber, straw for bedding and other necessaries connected therewith. Considering the fact that he and Lieutenant Colonel Whyte had no previous experience in their respective departments, much credit is due them for the able manner in which they discharged their duty.

After the first two days of the encampment nearly all the supplies of the commissary and quartermaster departments were transported from Tacoma upon wagons and trucks, at a cost which could not be overcome considering the circumstances surrounding the encampment, the total cost of which aggregates the sum of \$20,319.33. This can in future be very greatly reduced, not only by reason of the experience had in this respect but by the length of time that will be given to make the necessary preparations therefor.

I am convinced that a greater benefit can be derived by the National Guard from regimental rather than brigade encampments, and after mature deliberation I recommend that regimental encampments be had hereafter annually for two years at least, and a brigade encampment be held once in three years. I further recommend, in the interest of economy, the establishment of a permanent state camp ground, in connection with the Soldiers' Home.

During this tour of duty, upon the recommendation of the military board, J. M. Ashton and his associates, of Tacoma, were mustered into the service of the state at Camp Ferry, on June 27, as a volunteer cavalry company, and organized by the election of J. M. Ashton as Captain, J. H. Barry as First Lieutenant and J. M. Dougan as Second Lieutenant; and said company was in general orders designated as Troop B, First Cavalry Battalion, National Guard of Washington. The officers of Troops A and B of said battalion met in convention and elected as their battalion commander Captain Charles B. Johnston, who was announced as such in general orders, with the rank of Major.

Through the courtesy of your Excellency in advancing the money therefor, we were enabled to pay off the troops for services in this tour of duty before the breaking up of camp, which was very gratifying not only to the officers and men, but to these headquarters.

Deeming it of great importance to the service that we secure the services of a regular officer to attend during the encampment in the capacity of military instructor, I addressed a communication to Brigadier General John Gibbon, commanding the Department of the Columbia, at Vancouver, Washington, asking if it were possible to secure a detail of an officer of the regular army for that pur-

pose. To which he replied by telegraph, announcing that Brevet Lieutenant Colonel F. A. Trotter and Lieutenant W. K. Jones, of the Fourteenth Infantry, would be with us on Monday the 23d of June, and asking that I send an officer to meet them at Tacoma. I at once requested General Curry to detail two officers to meet Colonel Trotter and Lieutenant Jones at Tacoma, and escort them to camp. Through some misunderstanding the detail sent for that purpose were unable to find the gentlemen, who came to camp by the early morning train, having previously reported to your Excellency their arrival and asking for orders, upon which you directed them by telegraph to report to me at Camp Ferry. In obedience to such instruction Colonel Trotter reported, and I at once requested him to report to General Curry, who assigned him to duty as military instructor and inspector of the camp. Great credit is due Colonel Trotter and his associate, Lieutenant Jones, for the successful issue of this first brigade encampment of the National Guard of Washington. Both were indefatigable in their efforts to instruct the officers and men alike in their duty as soldiers. In the battalion drills Colonel Trotter assumed command of the regiments, Lieutenant Jones acting as adjutant, and imparted that instruction to the field, line, rank and file, which in every instance was necessary to fit them for actual service.

Reference is made to the very able report of Colonel Trotter to the Assistant Adjutant General of the United States army, dated July 25, 1890, marked exhibit A, and made a part of this report.

The troops were inspected and mustered while in camp by Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, assisted by Colonel Trotter, whose report is also included herein. The camp routine prescribed in General Order No. 4 was fully observed, unless otherwise ordered. The drills of the infantry were by company and battalion; the drills of cavalry by troop. Much improvement was manifested from the instruction received from the regular officers. During the entire time, with few exceptions, the guard mountings and dress parades were by brigade. Opportunity was offered on several occasions for regimental commanders to have regimental dress parades. The presence of your Excellency and staff added much to the interest manifested in the routine of duty.

On Friday, the 27th of June, it was the pleasure of the encampment to receive a visit from Brigadier General John Gibbon, United States army, commanding the Department of the Columbia,

accompanied by his staff, to whom was accorded all the honors of the camp, and I include in this report the comments of General Gibbon upon the appearance of the brigade as reviewed by him upon that occasion.

The encampment closed on Saturday, the 28th, with a sham battle, planned and ably executed by Colonel Trotter and Lieutenant Jones, viewed by your Excellency and staff and General Gibbon and staff; General Curry and Colonel J. C. Haines commanding the attacking forces, Colonel E. W. Pike in command of the enemy within the fortifications, constructed in the extended field which was used by the brigade as a drill ground. It has been my pleasure to witness and take part in a number of sham battles, and I can freely say that in my experience none has been more successfully and satisfactorily conducted than the first sham battle of the National Guard of Washington, under the able management of Colonel Trotter and Lieutenant Jones. The officers of the brigade in charge of the several duties imposed upon them discharged their functions faithfully and with the closest attention. To Company H, First Regiment, Captain J. C. Westhoff commanding, belongs the honor of capturing the flag of the enemy which held emblazoned upon its folds the significant letters, K. K. K.

BOARDS OF SURVEY.

During the fire at Goldendale, in Klickitat county, which occurred on May 13, 1888, and likewise the great fire at Spokane Falls, which occurred on August 2, 1889, certain state property for which Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding the Second Regiment, and Captain C. S. Rinehart, commanding Company B, of the same regiment, were responsible, was destroyed. Pursuant to the request of the aforesaid officers, boards of survey, consisting of Major G. W. Green, First Lieutenant J. J. White, aide-de-camp, First Lieutenant W. G. Wadhams, Second Regiment, were detailed to examine and report upon said property, for which Colonel Pike was responsible; and a like board, consisting of Captain J. W. Billington, First Lieutenant R. R. McCully and First Lieutenant E. B. Wise, of the Second Regiment, were detailed to examine and report upon the condition of the property lost in the fire at Goldendale, for which Captain Rinehart was responsible. (See Special Order No. 1, c. s.) The report of each respective board discloses the fact that in neither case were

the officers mentioned in any manner to blame for the loss of the property occasioned by these great fires, and recommended that they be exonerated from all responsibility, which recommendation was approved and promulgated in general order No. 2, dated February 16, 1890.

The report of Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, of the inspection of the arms and accoutrements that were burned in a recent fire at Seattle, for which Captain E. W. Young, of the George H. Thomas Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, was responsible, issued to said camp pursuant to law, wherein he found that said Young was in no way responsible for the loss of said stores, and recommending that said Young and his sureties be exonerated from all blame and liability therefor on their bond, was duly approved in special order No. 11, dated September 6th, 1890, from these headquarters.

Upon the application of Lieutenant E. S. Isaacs, Quartermaster Second Regiment, a board of survey consisting of Lieutenant Colonel Carr, Captain H. G. Shuham, First Lieutenant Chas. R. Dorr, convened under Special Order No. 14, for the purpose of examining and reporting upon the condition of certain arms and equipments stored in the building of Paine Bros., in the city of Walla Walla, in charge of said Lieutenant Isaacs, with a view to the condemnation and sale of the same. They recommend that said supplies be condemned and sold as they are in a condition to be of no service whatever to the state. I respectfully recommend that the report of the said board be approved and the sale of said supplies ordered. (See their report herewith.)

COURT MARTIAL.

Pursuant to charges and specifications filed by Captain C. L. F. Kellogg, commanding D Company, First Regiment, against Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham of said company, upon the charge of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d article of war, with sundry specifications to said charge, a general court martial was convened under Special Order No. 4, dated May 12, 1890, consisting of Captain H. G. Shuham, Captain John Carr, Captain C. S. Rinehart, Captain Charles B. Johnson, First Lieutenant Edward S. Isaacs; First Lieutenant Eugene J. Fellows, Judge Advocate. The court met in Seattle on the day designated, but, through a miscarriage in the

mail, the charges and specifications did not reach the hands of the Judge Advocate of the court, and the court adjourned. Whereupon, at a subsequent date, to wit: August 9, 1890, under the provisions of Special Orders Nos. 9 and 10, a general court martial, consisting of Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment; Major Charles B. Johnson, First Cavalry Battalion; Captain H. G. Shuham, D Company, and Second Lieutenant E. H. Fox, F Company, Second Regiment; First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Judge Advocate, was convened at Seattle on the 16th day of August, 1890, for the trial of said Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, the full report of which is filed herewith, marked Exhibit "B," wherein they find the accused guilty of the charge, and sentenced him to be dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington, which finding and sentence, upon review by the commander-in-chief, was duly approved, and said Gorham dismissed from the National Guard of Washington, as per General Order No. 8, dated September 9, 1890.

ELECTION OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

Pursuant to section 11 of the act of the Legislature of the State of Washington entitled "An act providing for the organization, maintenance and discipline of the state militia," approved March 27, 1890, the field and line officers of the National Guard assembled in convention at the city of North Yakima on the first Monday in October, it being the 6th day of said month, as per Special Order No. 12, dated September 6, 1890, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, for the purpose of electing a Brigadier General and an Adjutant General with the rank of Brigadier General for the ensuing four years. Accordingly, J. C. Haines, commanding the First Regiment, was designated as the presiding officer. The report of the convention, whereby it appears that A. P. Curry was elected Brigadier General and R. G. O'Brien as Adjutant General with the rank of Brigadier General, is included herein, marked Exhibit C, and respectfully referred to.

ANNUAL INSPECTION.

Under the requirements of section 76 of the regulations governing the National Guard of Washington, and pursuant to Special Order No. 13, it became my duty, as Inspector General, to make an

inspection of all the companies of the National Guard relative to their condition and the condition of the property of the state in their hands, the result of which is more fully set out in my report herewith, marked Exhibit D.

DEFICIENCY.

The great cost in the establishment of a military force is the first cost. For it there must be purchased in the first instance the uniforms necessary to fully cover the men organized as the militia of the state. The military board, in their calculations of expenditures in behalf of the National Guard for the year 1889, did not reckon upon an event of great importance which occurred at that time, and over which they had no control in making their estimates. I refer to the great fires at Seattle and Spokane Falls. The pay of said troops for the services rendered at the Seattle and Spokane fires, taken out of the fund appropriated for the year 1889, and upon which the military board safely counted to complete the payment for uniforms purchased for the National Guard, left a deficiency for that year which, with the interest of outstanding warrants, aggregated \$6,683.00. This deficiency for the year 1889 is a debt justly due by the State of Washington for uniforms purchased by the military board, now in the hands of the state troops, and which should be paid for at the earliest day possible. It can not be done, however, until the legislature has made the necessary appropriation to meet this indebtedness. There is likewise a deficiency on account of uniforms purchased during the year 1890, principally overcoats, outgrowing the expenses of the annual encampment, and which, it was hoped, could have been brought much inside the expenditure for that tour of duty, and which deficiency aggregates the sum of \$10,791.64. I have the honor to call your Excellency's attention to the importance of making provision for the payment of these sums, as the supplies for which they are due are in the possession of the troops and doing good service in behalf of the state.

REVENUE.

The tax levy for the year 1890, as fixed by the state board of equalization, after deducting all erroneous and double assessments by the county board, is upon a valuation of \$217,000,000, which at one-fifth of a mill tax aggregates \$43,400. Presuming this sum to be

available, the military board has endeavored, in their equipment of the National Guard, to come well inside the appropriation established by such assessment for the year. Taking the amount available to be \$43,400.00, the board of military auditors has audited and allowed claims against the same in the sum of \$40,168.97, and under such showing there should be a surplus to the credit of the interest account of \$3,231.03 for the year 1890 up to the fourth quarter thereof. The expenses of the fourth quarter, however, aggregate the sum of (estimated) \$2,300.00, which would reduce the fund available for interest to \$931.03, a sum totally inadequate to meet the requirements in the matter. This calculation is upon the basis that all the tax is collected under the law, and that all counties make due returns thereof. The amount of claims allowed by the military board for the year 1889, subsequent to my last report, which was brought up to September 30th only, appears as follows:

Pay account.....	\$4,139.96
Ordnance account.....	44.95
Clothing account.....	5,640.90
Subsistence account.....	284.45
Transportation account.....	187.05
Armory account.....	1,787.00
Incidental account.....	2,050.36
Total.....	\$14,134.67

The above amount was payable out of the appropriation for the year 1889, and stands on its own bottom in so far as the expenses of that year is concerned. Much of the said amount was met by available funds, the deficiency aggregating the sum of \$7,438.06, in which is the sum of \$3,632.50 for uniforms purchased, and which sum would have been paid but for the fact that the fires at Seattle and Vancouver withdrew from the fund available therefor the sum of \$4,139.96.

There is now due by the state for uniforms purchased, and for which no warrants have been drawn, as follows:

For purchases made in years 1888-89.....	\$3,632.50
For the year 1890.....	4,759.04
Total outstanding on uniform account.....	\$8,391.55

The interest on the warrants drawn on account of these expenditures is more fully set out in the report of the State Auditor.

The deficiency on account of the service, outside of the interest on warrants, is as follows:

Uniforms purchased 1888-89 and 1890.....	\$8,391.55
Amount of claims audited by board for allowance (unpaid).....	8,491.64
Amount of estimate for the fourth quarter, 1890.....	2,300.00
Total.....	\$19,183.19

I earnestly urge that the legislature be asked to make sufficient appropriation to meet this deficiency.

STATE ARSENAL.

The necessity for a permanent place in which to keep the state arms and ammunition is daily growing more apparent. The facilities now offered are so inadequate that much inconvenience and expense can be overcome by possession of a permanent location. I would suggest that the military board be authorized to purchase a suitable lot in some central location of the city of Olympia, upon which to erect such a building as will be adapted to the needs of the state in that respect. Such a purchase, in a business point of view, would be a good investment for the state, as the enhancement in value of property in the city, which is continually increasing in population and in substantial improvements, would by the time the state house is completed, in which every facility could be offered for the care of these stores, by the sale of the same bring a substantial increase upon the investment. As it now is, I am compelled to rent such rooms as I can get in which to store the military property of the state.

MILITARY BOARD.

Since my last report the duties of the military board have not been arduous. Under the law is given them the power of passing upon the admission of military companies into the service of the state. On the 29th of November, 1889, they recommended that Company G, First Regiment, commanded by J. W. Phillips, Port Blakely, be disbanded, and that Fred A. Gaus and associates, of Tacoma, be admitted as a volunteer organization of the Guard of Washington, and assigned to the First Regiment as G company, thus filling the vacancy created. On February 8, 1890, they ordered the purchase of such uniforms as might be necessary to fully fill the shortage existing in the National Guard. On February 25, 1890, Company A of the Second Regiment, by reason of an insufficient number of members at a stated inspection, was disbanded. On May 5, 1890, they purchased a sufficient number of overcoats

and other uniforms to fully equip the forces of the state at that time. On June 27, 1890, Troop B, First Cavalry Battalion, commanded by J. M. Ashton, Tacoma, was admitted. On September 10, 1890, they recommended the admission of one company of infantry at Port Townsend, one at Whatcom, one at Aberdeen and one at Olympia, to be attached to the First Regiment; one at Ellensburgh and one at Pomeroy, to be attached to the Second Regiment; upon condition that all of said companies would purchase their own uniforms until such time as the state was in funds to commute the same. The duties heretofore developing upon the military board of auditing the accounts has now fallen upon the shoulders of the board of military auditors, which is composed of the Governor, Adjutant General and State Auditor.

CHANGES IN THE FIELD AND LINE.

Several changes in the field and line have taken place since my last report, by resignations, etc.

A vacancy has long existed in the majorship of the First Regiment, which was attempted to be filled while in camp of instruction by the election of C. M. Riddell to the position. Said election was announced in General Order No. 5, at brigade dress parade, upon the statement that such election was regular, and prior to the receipt of the certificate of election at headquarters.

Section 169 of the regulations, National Guard of Washington, prescribes the qualifications of candidates for field officers as follows:

SECTION 169. No person shall be eligible as a field officer of a regiment, except captains of companies or regimental field officers, who shall have served as such for one year in the National Guard of Washington, or two years in the national guard of some other state or territory, or in the United States army.

SEC. 170. Regimental adjutants, who have served as such for two years, shall be eligible to any office within the regiment.

The election for major of the First Regiment was held in June, during the encampment, and the certificate of such election did not reach this office till September 30, 1890. A perusal of the records of this office disclosed the fact that Mr. Riddell had had no connection whatever with the National Guard of this state in any capacity; and the certificate bore no testimony of any connection with that of any other state, or the United States army, as required by section 169 of the regulations, or by section 170.

Realizing that Mr. Riddell was in a position which might bring unjust reflections upon his military character, I submitted the matter to your Excellency on the 24th day of September following the receipt of the certificate of election, and stated the case fully, upon which you instructed me to see Mr. Riddell and say to him that if he could furnish satisfactory proof of his eligibility, from service in any other state or territory, that it would be gladly received, and a commission would issue to him as major, and if he could not so do, that, in order to place himself where he stood in the beginning and avoid aspersion of any kind, he had better write a letter declining the election, addressed to the commander-in-chief, and thereby obviate the necessity of issuing an order setting aside the election on the ground of ineligibility.

Carrying out your suggestion to the letter, I called upon Mr. Riddell the next day, and in the kindest terms possible conveyed your Excellency's message, having first asked him if he could furnish the necessary evidence of eligibility for the position under any of the provisions of the sections referred to. He informed me that he could not, and acknowledged that under the regulations he was not eligible to the office.

Suggesting to him that, in that event the proposition conveyed was open to him for a return to the ground upon which he first stood, and with that, upon his saying he would consider the same, I took my departure.

Realizing that it was important a full complement of field officers should be attached to the regiment for duty in case of need, and not having received any communication from Mr. Riddell, I addressed to him a letter dated October 29, 1890, in which I set forth the fact that the records of this office failed to disclose any connection whatever on his part with the National Guard of this state, and asked him to furnish such evidence, under the sections recited, of his eligibility, as he had in possession. I received a telegraphic reply that he had sent a letter to Colonel Haines declining the election. Up to this writing, however, no such communication, or anything referring to it, has yet reached this office. In consequence of failure of proof of eligibility, General Order No. 14, c. s. was issued, setting aside said election and calling a new election to fill the vacancy.

MORTUARY.

Since my last report the black winged Angel of Death has visited the ranks of our number and stifled the throbbing heart and cheerful voice of several of the most efficient officers of the force.

On the 2d day of December, 1889, while crossing the waters of Puget sound in small boats, Colonel G. Morris Haller, Assistant Adjutant General, Lieutenant Colonel Thomas T. Minor, Brigade Surgeon, and Private Louis Cox answered the last roll call of the Great Commander and sank beneath the dark waters which surrounded them.

Colonel Haller and Dr. Minor were numbered amongst the foremost citizens of the state, beloved by all who knew them, and possessing the confidence of all to an unlimited degree. The National Guard will long feel the loss of these most efficient officers.

One year from the date above given comes again the dread news that, by the same agency, and near the same place, the dark cloud of death enfolded within its bosom another form of equal prominence in the National Guard of the state, and Brigadier General George D. Hill, (Captain United States army, retired,) lately commander of the First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, rendered an account of the battle of life at the great white throne of the Commander of All.

General Hill served his country in the war of the Rebellion with peculiar honor to the country and credit to himself, beginning with the first battle of Bull Run and ending at Appomattox, in which last battle, while in the performance of a daring duty, he lost his left arm, wearing an empty sleeve through life as a badge of fidelity to duty.

The bereaved families of our deceased comrades have no more sympathizing hearts than those of the members of the National Guard of Washington.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

I respectfully beg to call your attention, with all due modesty, to the increasing labor in the Adjutant General's department. By law the Adjutant General is made the head of five departments, all separate in their nature and calling entirely for different character of work, the Adjutant General's department itself requiring the

greater part of my entire time. The duties devolving being the matter of correspondence, promulgating the necessary forms and vouchers for reports, issuing the orders necessary for carrying out the requirements of law and the good of the service, together with other little details too numerous to mention; opening and keeping individual accounts with all the officers of the force; keeping accounts of all claims made against the state on behalf of the National Guard of whatsoever kind, together with the duties of secretary of the military board and secretary of the board of military auditors.

As Quartermaster General he must look after the uniforms and equipments, the tents, camp equipage, see to the storage of the same, their proper care; take and keep account of every item that is purchased for or on behalf of the National Guard; make the proper issues to the regimental and company commanders, taking receipts therefor, and charging the same to the proper officers in their accounts. He has charge at encampments, in the field and on marches, of all tents, camp equipage and baggage trains, all laborers and persons serving in the camp or with trains for the transportation of troops and military stores, and the providing of quarters, forage, feed, straw and stationery for service in camp, garrison and in the field; the transportation of arms, equipments, military stores issued to the troops, and all other military transportation must be contracted for by him under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief.

As Chief of Ordnance he must make provision for the proper storage of ordnance, arms and ammunition; see that they are kept in serviceable condition; issue them upon proper requisitions, taking and keeping account of all ordnance and ordnance stores received from the United States; charge all issues to the officers from whom requisitions are received, and generally give personal attention to the condition of the ordnance department.

As Commissary General he must make all contracts for commissary's supplies in behalf of the National Guard when called into the service of the state, taking up the items thereof upon proper forms prepared for that purpose, noting the amounts received and amounts expended and the amounts on hand; make proper provision of such articles pertaining to the commissary department as may be on hand; see to the careful preservation of the same.

As Inspector General it is his duty to inspect as often as he may deem necessary every branch connected with the military service, including armories and everything connected with and pertaining to the National Guard of Washington.

The duties of the Adjutant General as the chief of the several departments in their detail work is much greater than that of any other state officer, excepting none. And yet for his services he receives but a clerk's pay—the sum of \$1,500 per annum. I desire very humbly to protest that if the services of the Adjutant General of the State of Nevada and of California and other like states, where the routine of duty has long been established and he has but to carry out and follow along the beaten pathway, is worth \$3,000 a year, surely in this state with so many departments under his immediate supervision and the course of procedure to mark out in each, it is not too little to expect the same remuneration.

THE ENROLLED MILITIA.

Section 5 of the act providing for the organization of the militia makes it the duty of the assessor of each county to annually enroll all persons in their respective counties who are liable to military duty under the laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Washington, and file the same with the county auditors of their respective counties. Section 6 requires the said auditors to deliver to the Adjutant General of the state a duplicate of said list, certified by him, within twenty days after the list has been corrected, etc. I present below the number of persons enrolled, so far as reported by the auditors of counties, to wit:

Counties.	No. enrolled.
Adams *	
Asotin	
Chehalis	265
Clarke	1,875
Clallam*	979
Columbia	
Cowlitz*	1,066
Douglas*	
Franklin *	
Garfield*	
Island *	
Jefferson *	
King	10,372

*No report.

Kitsap	1,499
Kittitas*	
Klickitat	780
Lewis *	
Lincoln	
Mason*	2,229
Okanogan*	
Pacific*	
Pierce	
San Juan*	3,168
Skagit*	
Skamania *	
Snohomish	1,232
Spokane*	
Stevens*	
Thurston	973
Wahkiakum *	
Walla Walla*	
Wateom*	
Whitman *	
Yakima*	
Total reported	24,488

*No report.

I know of no reason why the counties who have not made returns should have failed to do so. Last year a number of the above delinquent counties failed in this respect, and an absence of such report following so soon after would portend a total disregard of the requirements of law.

In conclusion I desire to express my grateful acknowledgment to your Excellency for the courteous consideration extended to me in my official relations with you; and to extend the fullest appreciation to Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, Lieutenant Colonel Albert Whyte, Assistant Commissary General, Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Garretson, Assistant Quartermaster General, and Captain E. B. Wise, aide-de-camp, for the close attention they have always given to the duties called for from them in their several departments.

I have the honor to present herewith an account of the expenses on behalf of the National Guard incurred under the direction of the military board, and duly audited by the board of military auditors.

I am, with great respect, your obedient servant,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Brigadier General and Adjutant General.

CONTENTS.

	<i>Exhibit.</i>
Roster of National Guard of Washington.....	—
Report of Colonel Trotter, U. S. A.....	A
Report of Court Martial of Lieutenant Gorham.....	B
Report of Election of General Officers.....	C
Report of Inspector General.....	D
Report of Assistant Adjutant General.....	E
Report of Colonel E. M. Carr, A. A. G., on property burned in fire at Seattle.....	F
Comments of General John Gibbon, on appearance of state troops at Encampment.....	G
General Orders.....	H
Special Orders.....	I
Report of Board of Survey.....	J
<i>Abstract.</i>	
Transportation Account.....	A
Armory Account.....	B
Clothing Account.....	C
Subsistence Account.....	D
Forage Account.....	E
Ordnance Account.....	F
Pay Account.....	G
Medical Account.....	H
Incidental Account.....	I
Camp Equipage.....	J

ROSTER.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Rank.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Governor Elisha P. Ferry.....	Commander-in-Chief.....		Olympia.
Brig. Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Adjutant General.....	Jan. 10, 1878..	Olympia.
	Quartermaster General.....		
	Commissary General.....		
	Inspector General.....		
	Chief of Ordnance.....		
	Chief of Staff.....		
Col. E. M. Carr.....	Asst. Adjutant General.....	May 12, 1890..	Seattle.
Col. Henry Landes.....	Paymaster General.....	May 12, 1890..	Pt. Townsend.
Col. Charles E. Claypool.....	Judge Advocate General.....	May 12, 1890..	Tacoma.
Col. Edward Smith.....	Surgeon General.....	May 12, 1890..	Seattle.
Col. W. T. Sharpe.....	Chief of Ordnance.....	May 12, 1890..	Seattle.
Col. J. Kennedy Stout.....	Chief Signal Officer.....	May 12, 1890..	Spokane Falls.
Col. J. R. Hayden.....	Asst. Inspector General.....	Apr. 20, 1889..	Seattle.
Col. J. D. McIntyre.....	Chief of Engineers.....	May 12, 1890..	North Yakima.
Col. Will L. Visscher.....	Asst. Commissary General.....	May 12, 1890..	Fairhaven.
Col. Frank T. Gilbert.....	Asst. Q. M. General.....	May 12, 1890..	Walla Walla.
Lieut. Col. Albert Whyte.....	Asst. Commissary General.....	Jan. 10, 1888..	Steilacoom.
Lieut. Col. H. F. Garretson.....	Asst. Q. M. General.....	June 12, 1888..	Tacoma.
Lieut. Col. Clinton P. Ferry.....	A. D. C. to Com.-in-Chief.....	May 12, 1890..	Tacoma.
Lieut. Col. L. Frank Boyd.....	A. D. C. to Com.-in-Chief.....	May 12, 1890..	Spokane Falls.
Lieut. Col. C. Reichenbach.....	A. D. C. to Com.-in-Chief.....	May 12, 1890..	Tacoma.
Lieut. Col. C. M. Atkins.....	A. D. C. to Com.-in-Chief.....	May 12, 1890..	Whatcom.
Maj. Charles H. Ayer.....	Asst. Adjutant General.....	May 12, 1890..	Olympia.
Capt. E. T. Powell.....	A. D. C. to Adj't. General.....	Aug. 28, 1888..	Spokane Falls.
Capt. E. B. Wise.....	A. D. C. to Adj't. General.....	Aug. 1, 1890..	Goldendale.

BRIGADE STAFF.

Brig. Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Commanding Brigade.....	Jan. 7, 1889..	Spokane Falls.
Lieut. Col. John I. Booge.....	Asst. Adjutant General.....	Jan. 7, 1889..	Spokane Falls.
Lieut. Col. Paul D'Heirry.....	Asst. Inspector General.....	Jan. 3, 1887..	Seattle.
Lieut. Col. S. D. Waters.....	Asst. Commissary General.....	Jan. 7, 1890..	Spokane Falls.
First Lieut. G. A. Brooks.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Jan. 7, 1890..	Sprague.
First Lieut. J. W. Stearns.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Feb. 1, 1890..	Dayton.
First Lieut. J. J. White.....	Aide-de-Camp.....	Feb. 1, 1890..	Spokane Falls.
Lieut. Col. Paul P. Walsh.....	Asst. Q. M. General.....	Nov. 11, 1889..	Tacoma.

FIRST REGIMENT.

Headquarters, Seattle.

John Charles Haines.....	Colonel.....	Apr. 28, 1887..	Seattle.
S. W. Scott.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	Apr. 28, 1887..	Seattle.
	Major.....		
First Lieut. Thos. M. Reed, jr.....	Adjutant.....	May 12, 1889..	Seattle.
Major L. R. Dawson.....	Surgeon.....	June 29, 1890..	Seattle.
First Lieut.....	Quartermaster.....		
First Lieut. J. A. Hatfield.....	Commissary.....	May 23, 1887..	Seattle.
Capt. and Rev. L. H. Wells.....	Chaplain.....	May 23, 1887..	Tacoma.

COMPANY B.

Joseph Greene.....	Captain.....		Seattle.
Lawrence S. Booth.....	First Lieutenant.....	Nov. 18, 1890..	Seattle.
William M. Calhoun.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Nov. 19, 1890..	Seattle.

COMPANY C.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
W. J. Fife.....	Captain.....	Dec. 29, 1886.	Tacoma.
I. M. Howell.....	First Lieutenant.....	Nov. 27, 1889.	Tacoma.
James Ross.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Nov. 27, 1889.	Tacoma.

COMPANY D.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Charles L. F. Kellogg.....	Captain.....	May 1, 1888.	Seattle.
Frank L. Hilton.....	First Lieutenant.....	Nov. 18, 1890.	Seattle.
.....	Second Lieutenant.....

COMPANY E.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
W. R. Thornell.....	Captain.....	June 17, 1890.	Seattle.
William J. Grambs.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 17, 1890.	Seattle.
Edward S. Ingraham.....	Second Lieutenant.....	June 17, 1890.	Seattle.

COMPANY F.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
J. J. Weisenberger.....	Captain.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Whatcom.
W. C. Gregory.....	First Lieutenant.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Whatcom.
Wm. M. Leach.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Whatcom.

COMPANY G.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Fred A. Gaus.....	Captain.....	Mar. 29, 1890.	Tacoma.
Wm. S. Shank.....	First Lieutenant.....	Mar. 29, 1890.	Tacoma.
Herbert K. Reif.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Mar. 29, 1890.	Tacoma.

COMPANY H.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
J. C. Westhoff.....	Captain.....	June 12, 1890.	Vancouver.
Frank Morris.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 12, 1890.	Vancouver.
John Paulus.....	Second Lieutenant.....	June 12, 1890.	Vancouver.

COMPANY I.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
George H. Jones.....	Captain.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Pt. Townsend.
Charles B. Wood.....	First Lieutenant.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Pt. Townsend.
N. S. Snyder.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Pt. Townsend.

COMPANY K.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
A. E. Morton.....	Captain.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Aberdeen.
D. E. Dunbar.....	First Lieutenant.....	Sept. 17, 1890.	Aberdeen.
Charles T. D'Losh.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Sept. 18, 1890.	Aberdeen.

SECOND REGIMENT.

Headquarters, Goldendale.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Enoch W. Pike.....	Colonel.....	June 1, 1888.	Goldendale.
John Carr.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	June 9, 1890.	Dayton.
George W. Greene.....	Major.....	June 1, 1888.	Spokane Falls.

REGIMENTAL STAFF.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Dr. J. H. Hudgin.....	Major and Surgeon.....	Apr. 11, 1887.	Waitsburg.
Dr. Allen Bonebrake.....	Captain and Asst. Surgeon.....	Nov. 1, 1889.	Goldendale.
Rev. J. T. Eshelman.....	Captain and Chaplain.....	Nov. 1, 1889.	North Yakima.
N. B. Brooks.....	First Lieut. and Adjutant.....	Nov. 10, 1890.	Goldendale.
Edwin S. Isaacs.....	First Lieut. and Q. M.....	July 27, 1889.	Walla Walla.
Eugene J. Fellows.....	First Lieut. and Com.....	July 1, 1889.	Spokane Falls.
C. F. Miller.....	First Lieut. and P. M.....	Nov. 20, 1889.	Dayton.
George W. Barker.....	First Lieut. and Insp. R. P.....	Oct. 1, 1890.	Goldendale.

COMPANY A.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
J. E. Frost.....	Captain.....	Oct. 4, 1890.	Ellensburg.
J. P. Becker.....	First Lieutenant.....	Oct. 4, 1890.	Ellensburg.
J. T. Armstrong.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Oct. 4, 1890.	Ellensburg.

COMPANY B.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
C. S. Rinehart.....	Captain.....	May 11, 1887.	Goldendale.
R. D. McCully.....	First Lieutenant.....	Aug. 21, 1888.	Goldendale.
H. C. Jackson.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Aug. 21, 1888.	Goldendale.

COMPANY C.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
George W. Billington.....	Captain.....	Sept. 7, 1889.	Centerville.
John Jackel.....	First Lieutenant.....	May 1, 1888.	Centerville.
E. T. Hibbard.....	Second Lieutenant.....	May 1, 1888.	Centerville.

COMPANY D.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
H. G. Shuham.....	Captain.....	Dec. 1, 1886.	Waitsburg.
D. H. Smith.....	First Lieutenant.....	Dec. 1, 1886.	Waitsburg.
.....	Second Lieutenant.....

COMPANY E.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Captain.....	Mar. 17, 1890.	North Yakima.
Dudley Eshelman.....	First Lieutenant.....	Mar. 17, 1890.	North Yakima.
Matt. Bartholet.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Mar. 17, 1890.	North Yakima.

COMPANY F.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
E. H. Fox.....	Captain.....	Aug. 4, 1890.	Dayton.
Charles R. Dorr.....	First Lieutenant.....	Mar. 21, 1890.	Dayton.
C. A. Booker.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Aug. 4, 1890.	Dayton.

COMPANY G.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
.....	Captain.....	Spokane Falls.
.....	First Lieutenant.....	Spokane Falls.
L. E. Brigham.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Mar. 29, 1890.	Spokane Falls.

COMPANY H.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Harry St. George.....	Captain.....	Oct. 2, 1890.	Pomeroy.
Elmer R. Brady.....	First Lieutenant.....	Oct. 2, 1890.	Pomeroy.
J. W. Murphy.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Oct. 2, 1890.	Pomeroy.

FIRST CAVALRY BATTALION.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Residence.
Charles B. Johnston	Major Commanding.....	June 28, 1890..	Spokane Falls.

BATTALION STAFF.

M. D. Smith.....	First Lieut. and Adjutant.	Oct. 14, 1890..	Tacoma.
Dr. J. A. Beebe.....	Captain and Asst. Surgeon..	July, 1890..	Tacoma.
W. O. Robb.....	First Lieut. and Q. M.....	June 28, 1890..	Tacoma.

TROOP A.

B. B. Glascock	Captain	Aug. 4, 1890..	Sprague.
A. W. Lindsay.....	First Lieutenant.....	Aug. 4, 1890..	Sprague.
T. Ashley Wickham.....	Second Lieutenant.....	Aug. 4, 1890..	Sprague.

TROOP B.

James M. Ashton	Captain	June 27, 1890..	Tacoma.
James H. Barry.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 27, 1890..	Tacoma.
James M. Dougan.....	Second Lieutenant.....	June 27, 1890..	Tacoma.

EXHIBIT A.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASH., July 25th, 1890.

Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. A., Headquarters Department of the Columbia, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.:

SIR—In compliance with the instructions from the Commanding General, Department of the Columbia, dated June 22d, 1890, I have the honor to report that on that date I reported by letter to Hon. E. P. Ferry, Governor of Washington, at Olympia, for duty as inspector and military instructor during the duration of the camp of the National Guard of Washington. On the same date Lieutenant W. K. Jones, Fourteenth Infantry, and myself, proceeded by rail to Tacoma, reaching there at 6 a. m., June 23d. Finding no one there to meet us we then proceeded to the camp at American Lake, 12 miles from Tacoma via the Lake City and Tacoma Railway, reaching there at 10 a. m. Not finding any instructions there I reported our arrival to Governor Ferry by telegraph, and on June 24th received from him a dispatch to report to Adjutant General R. G. O'Brien at Camp Ferry. This I did, and by him was directed to report to Brigadier General A. P. Curry, commanding the camp. When reporting to General Curry I stated to him that Lieutenant Jones and myself were there to assist him in whatever way he might desire, and by him were requested more particularly to superintend the drill of the regiments.

The camp was well selected, being situated on an almost level plateau with a slight depression toward the south and some 20 feet above the level of American Lake, fringed on the east and south with heavy timber and having a second lower level hundreds of acres in extent free from timber and fencing, suitable for drilling large bodies of cavalry, artillery or infantry. The camp was named Camp Ferry in honor of His Excellency, Governor, E. P. Ferry. The railway station of the Lake City and Tacoma road is situated about 400 yards east of the camp. Telephone and telegraph wires run along about the same distance from the western side. The subsoil is gravel covered with light turf and the camp

therefore, naturally well drained. If the ground could be purchased by the state before the price has risen too high, and some permanent improvements made in the matter of a water system, kitchens and closets, the camp could be made an ideal one at a slight expense. Water for all purposes is taken from the adjacent lake which is fed by springs, and it is pure, wholesome and free from objectionable matter.

A copy of the act providing for the organization, maintenance and discipline of the state militia of Washington accompanies this report, marked "A," also a copy of General Order No. 4, General Headquarters National Guard of Washington, June, 1890, directing the holding of a camp of instruction for the First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, on June 20th, to last 10 days, and fixing the hours of service and roll calls and prescribing certain forms for ceremonies, marked "B."

The roster of troops assembled at Camp Ferry, in compliance with General Order No. 4, is as follows:

ROSTER OF TROOPS AT CAMP FERRY.

GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

Brigadier General Ross G. O'Brien, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

Colonel Charles E. Claypool, Judge Advocate General.

Colonel Edward L. Smith, Surgeon General.

Colonel William T. Sharpe, Chief of Ordnance.

Colonel J. Kennedy Stout, Chief Signal Officer.

Lieutenant Colonel L. Frank Boyd, Aide-de-Camp.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles Reichenback, Assistant Paymaster General.

Lieutenant Colonel Albert Whyte, Assistant Commissary General.

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Garretson, Assistant Quartermaster General.

Lieutenant Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Inspector General.

BRIGADE COMMANDER AND STAFF.

Brigadier General A. P. Curry, Commanding.

Lieutenant Colonel John J. Booge, Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul D'Heiry, Assistant Inspector General.

Lieutenant Colonel J. Walsh, Assistant Quartermaster.

Lieutenant J. J. White, Aide-de-Camp.
Lieutenant J. W. Stearns, Aide-de-Camp.

FIRST REGIMENT, N. G. W.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Colonel, J. C. Haines; Major, C. M. Riddell; First Lieutenant R. C. Washburn, Paymaster; First Lieutenant J. A. Hatfield, Commissary; First Lieutenant T. M. Reed, jr., Adjutant; First Lieutenant F. J. Grant, Quartermaster.

OFFICERS.

Company B, Seattle.—Captain, Joseph Green; Second Lieutenant, L. S. Booth. Maximum number of men, 31.

Company C, Tacoma.—Captain, W. J. Fife; First Lieutenant, I. M. Howell; Second Lieutenant, James Ross. Maximum number of men, 36.

Company D, Seattle.—Captain, C. L. F. Kellogg. Maximum number of men, 20.

Company E, Seattle.—Captain, William R. Thornell; First Lieutenant, W. J. Grombs. Maximum number of men, 31.

Company G, Tacoma.—Captain, F. A. Gaus; First Lieutenant, W. F. Shank; Second Lieutenant, H. K. Relf. Maximum number of men, 26.

Company H, Vancouver.—Captain, J. C. Westhoff; First Lieutenant, Frank Morris; Second Lieutenant, John Paulus. Maximum number of men, 24.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.

Ordnance Sergeant, M. Cloyes; Commissary Sergeant, H. D. Allison; Acting Sergeant Major, C. W. Hadley.

SECOND REGIMENT, N. G. W.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Colonel, Enoch W. Pike; Lieutenant Colonel, John Carr; Major, George W. Greene; Major J. H. Hudgin, Surgeon; Captain Allen Bonebrake, Assistant Surgeon; Captain J. T. Eshelman, Chaplain; First Lieutenant E. B. Wise, Adjutant; First Lieutenant E. S. Isaacs, Quartermaster; First Lieutenant E. J. Fellows, Commissary; First Lieutenant D. C. Guernsey, Paymaster; First Lieutenant George B. Baker, Inspector of Rifle Practice.

OFFICERS.

Company A, North Yakima.—Captain, J. C. McCrimmon; First Lieutenant, Dudley Eshelman; Second Lieutenant, Matt. Bartholett. Maximum number of men, 60.

Company B, Goldendale.—Captain, C. S. Rinehart; First Lieutenant, R. D. McCully; Second Lieutenant, H. C. Jackson. Maximum number of men, 41.

Company C, Centreville.—Captain, George W. Billington; First Lieutenant, John Jackell; Second Lieutenant, James H. Hill. Maximum number of men, 30.

Company D, Dayton.—Captain, H. G. Shuham; First Lieutenant, N. D. Smith; Second Lieutenant, W. B. Schaffer. Maximum number of men, 51.

Company E, Waitsburg.—First Lieutenant, Charles R. Dorr; Second Lieutenant, Edward H. Fox. Maximum number of men, 40.

Company G, Spokane Falls.—Captain, H. G. Wadhams; First Lieutenant, John F. Leghorn; Second Lieutenant, L. E. Brigham. Maximum number of men, 29.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.

R. E. Stuart, Sergeant Major; W. T. Pynn, Chief Musician; John A. Benson, Hospital Steward; J. F. Warren, Drum Major; Charles Alvord, Color Sergeant.

BATTALION OF CAVALRY.

Major Charles B. Johnston, commanding. (Late Captain of Troop A.)

Troop A, Sprague.—First Lieutenant, H. Glasscock; Second Lieutenant, A. W. Lindsay. Maximum number of men, 28.

Troop B, Tacoma.—Captain, J. M. Ashton. Maximum number of men, 37.

Aggregate of troops in camp:

Officers.....	70
Men.....	492
Total.....	562

Of these troops none of the companies had been assembled as battalion organizations except the three companies of the First Regiment that are located at Seattle, and, as a consequence, were not familiar with battalion drill. In the Second Regiment, from

the regimental district east of the Cascade mountains, one of the companies was organized but two days prior to its departure for Camp Ferry. Under these circumstances it would be unjust to criticise the proficiency of the regiments as to drill in battalion movements. In the school of the soldier and the company, however, they are well instructed. At the request of the brigade and regimental commanders, I gave them oral instructions and drilled each organization one and a half to two hours daily in battalion movements, it being preferred that the available time should be devoted to movements that could not be executed in the company armories. Lieutenant Jones acted as adjutant, and I was much surprised, as well as gratified, at the interest and desire to learn exhibited by all, from the commanders to the privates, making instructions under such circumstances a veritable pleasure. The rain interfered somewhat with drill during the first three days; but the camp was a working one, and every opportunity was taken advantage of; the improvement was very marked and rapid, and the condition of the command as to drill at the close of the encampment very satisfactory.

The discipline of the command, for new troops, was excellent; there was an absence of fault-finding or discontent; all were well disposed and enthusiastic. Salutes, although not always correctly, were willingly rendered, and the errors arose from a want of knowledge and not from a lack of courtesy. Orders given were promptly executed and obeyed. More attention should have been given to the minor details of guard duty—sentries not carrying their pieces nor walking post properly, but disposed to loiter and talk to each other while on post.

The police work of the camp, which the first few days, in consequence of the rain, was but imperfectly performed, improved during the last four days, companies vieing with each other as to the cleanliness of the company streets and surrounding grounds. Latrines were carefully attended to.

Camp accommodations were very unequal. The First Regiment, located near the camp ground, had sent a camping party ahead, the tents were floored and bed-sacks filled, and ranges and cooking facilities prepared. Equipage for the Second Regiment was sent from Vancouver barracks. It arrived on the same train with the troops. It was ample but very many of the tents had no floors—a

necessity in a permanent camp—and many simply the straw without the bed sack. They were dependent upon the First Regiment for messing facilities. The food was sufficient in quantity and as a rule good in quality and well cooked. Sickness in camp was light, and mainly due to the eating of fruit not fully ripe. The want of due preparation was owing to the fact that the date fixed for the assembling of the troops, originally in August, was from necessity suddenly changed to June, but a few days prior to June 20th. The limited cooking facilities rendered the messing of the troops unsatisfactory. At the encampment of state troops tents should be pitched and floored and bed sacks filled before the troops arrive, and as the time is limited and the preparation of food a duty distasteful and one with which these troops have neither the desire nor the intention to familiarize themselves, the cooking and messing of the troops should rather be a matter of contract with professional caterers who understand the business and are prepared beforehand to fulfill all its requirements based upon a fixed bill of fare for each meal, and the meals subject to a rigid inspection by the officer of the day, at the time they are served.

On Thursday, June 26th, the troops were reviewed by His Excellency E. P. Ferry, Governor of Washington, and on Friday by Brigadier General John Gibbon, U. S. Army, commanding the Department of the Columbia. Both ceremonies passed off in a creditable manner. On Saturday, a sham battle having been decided upon, it was conducted in the simplest manner possible, in consequence of the want of knowledge of tactical formations on the part of the troops and the miserable condition of the arms in the hands of several of the companies and of the two 6-pound guns, which I regarded as unsafe to use, as they needed rebushing, and neither priming wires nor friction primers were on hand or could be obtained owing to the limited time. I deemed it essential to run no risk of accident at this the first state encampment. The affair, however, seemed to give general satisfaction, passed off without accident to any one and amused the public.

On Sunday, the 29th, at his request, I accompanied Colonel Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, on his inspection of the two regiments. The First Regiment, consisting of six companies of infantry and one of cavalry, was found in good condition and well supplied as to clothing, arms and accoutrements, the clothing being of the pattern of the United States infantry; arms, Springfield breech-

loading rifles, calibre .45; accoutrements, of the pattern at present in use in the army, but not in neat condition. The officers, as a rule, were familiar with their duties; the men attentive, well set up, well disciplined, and respectful. The company of cavalry was not present at inspection, having been mustered in but two days before and not being in uniform. Company H had no overcoats.

The Second Regiment, consisting of six companies of infantry, is composed of a fine, hardy looking body of young men from the mountain region of Eastern Washington. Its colonel, adjutant and several of its officers, are veterans of the war of the rebellion. In this regiment the clothing was the same pattern and quality as in the first. The arms in many cases were inferior, mainly Springfield breech-loading rifles, caliber .45, but many in defective condition, unfit for use, without slings; some of the old pattern, .50 caliber, three bands, bright barrels.

B Company has old pattern rifles without gun slings; accoutrements for one-half the company; oval belt plates; no blanket bags.

C Company, 34 men; has but 5 overcoats; 30 blanket bags.

D Company, 54 men; has but 8 overcoats; 40 rifles.

F Company, 51 men; has but 40 overcoats; no blanket bags.

G Company, 57 men; has but 7 overcoats; 25 pairs of trousers; 28 single blankets; 38 blanket bags.

Troop A, attached to this regiment, is a fine body of horsemen; well but not entirely equipped; well drilled and disciplined; the majority of the men owning the horses they rode; 64 men had 58 single blankets, 50 overcoats, 50 carbines, 50 sabers, 50 saddles and bridles, 45 uniforms, no blanket bags, no saddle blankets.

B Troop, attached to the First Regiment, 3 officers and 37 men, under the command of Captain J. M. Ashton, were mustered into the state service on June 27th. The troop is from Tacoma, but were not uniformed, drilled, equipped, nor mounted. Subsequent to the muster the two troops were organized as a battalion, and elected Captain C. B. Johnson, of Company A, as major. Owing to the want of ammunition and there being no range or gallery, target practice was limited in extent, but three companies in each regiment practicing. The scores made, however, were excellent, and the practice, for which all were anxious, should be encouraged. The camp equipage was excellent and the state is liberal in the matter of expenditures for the benefit of the National Guard. The experience of this year has been of great benefit and the intention

is expressed by those in authority to conduct a more thorough encampment next year. I cannot close this report without bearing testimony to the zeal, energy and exceptionally good conduct of the state forces during this encampment. I did not see a single case of drunkenness nor hear profanity nor improper language at any time during my tour of duty with them, but every one seemed anxious to avail himself of the opportunity to acquire a knowledge of his military duties. I desire also to acknowledge on behalf of Lieutenant Jones and myself, our indebtedness for the many courtesies received from all the officers in camp, especially from Adjutant General R. G. O'Brien and General A. P. Curry, who, by kindly consideration and urbanity, did so much to promote that harmony in the command which is so essential to discipline.

Should the general government ever call upon the state of Washington for troops, I feel sure that the call would be promptly answered and by the very best of soldierly material.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed) F. E. TROTTER,
Captain Fourteenth Infantry.

True copy: THOMAS WARD,
Assistant Adjutant General.

EXHIBIT B.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT N. G. W., }
SEATTLE, WASH. }

Proceedings of a general court martial which convened at Seattle, Wash., pursuant to the following order:

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., August 9, 1890. }

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 9.

For good and sufficient reasons, Captain C. S. Rinehart, of Company B, Second Regiment, and First Lieutenant E. J. Fellows, Judge Advocate, heretofore appointed upon the court martial convened by Special Order No. 4, dated May 12, 1890, for the trial of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company G, First Regiment, are excused from further service thereon, and Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, of E, Second Regiment, North Yakima, and First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, F Company, Second Regiment, Dayton, are assigned as members of said court instead.

The general court martial heretofore appointed to meet at Seattle, under the provisions of Special Order No. 4, as now detailed, will consist of:

Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment.
Major Charles B. Johnston, First Cavalry Battalion.
Captain H. G. Shuham, Company D, Second Regiment.
Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, Company E, Second Regiment.
First Lieutenant Edwin S. Isaacs, Quartermaster, Second Regiment.
Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Judge Advocate.

Said court will meet in the city of Seattle on Saturday, August 16, 1890, for the trial of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company G, First Regiment, and such others as may be brought before it. The court will sit without regard to hours. No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

The court met pursuant to the foregoing order, at 1 o'clock P. M., Monday, August 18, 1890.

Present: Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment, First Brigade, president.

Major Chas. B. Johnston, First Cavalry Battalion.

Captain H. G. Shuham, Company D, Second Regiment, First Brigade.

First Lieutenant E. S. Isaacs, Second Regiment, First Brigade.

Second Lieutenant E. H. Fox, Company F, Second Regiment, First Brigade.

First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Company F, Second Regiment, First Brigade, Judge Advocate.

The court then proceeded with the trial of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, who thereupon came before the court, and having heard the order convening it read was asked if he had any objection to any member present named in the order, to which the accused replied that he had not.

The members of the court were then severally duly sworn by the judge advocate and the judge advocate was then duly sworn by the president of the court, all of which oaths were administered in the presence of the accused.

The accused being present and having been served with a copy of the charges and specifications, was then duly arraigned upon the following charges and specifications:

ARMORY, Co. D, FIRST BRIGADE, FIRST REGIMENT, N. G. W.,
SEATTLE, WASH.

Charge and specifications preferred against Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington:

CHARGE.

Conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d article of war.

SPECIFICATION I.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Sergeant C. A. Matson, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us, and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the interest of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Sergeant C. A. Matson to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg of said company to resign his commission as Captain of said company."

SPECIFICATION II.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington,

did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Sergeant R. C. Hull, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us, and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the interest of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Sergeant R. C. Hull to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg of said company to resign his commission as Captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION III.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Corporal C. B. Ames, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the interest of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Corporal C. B. Ames to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg of said company, to resign his commission as Captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION IV.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Private C. J. Smith, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the best interests of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Private C. J. Smith to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg, of said company, to resign his commission as Captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION V.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Private George B. Clough, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it would be for the best interest of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Private George B. Clough to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg, of said company, to resign his commission as Captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION VI.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Private N. Exner, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the best interests of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to

that effect, thereby encouraging and advising the said Private N. Exner to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg, of said company, to resign his commission as captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION VII.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington, did, on or about the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Private John Ames, of said company: "Captain Kellogg has broken his pledge to us and I have lost confidence in him, and I believe it will be for the best interest of the company that we should ask him to resign," or words to that effect, thereby encouraging and advising said Private John Ames to give his consent to a request to Captain C. L. F. Kellogg, of said company, to resign his commission as Captain of said company.

SPECIFICATION VIII.

In this: That Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant of Company D, First Regiment, First Brigade National Guard of Washington, did on the 18th day of March, 1890, in the city of Seattle, say to Captain Kellogg, commanding said company, "I have talked with a majority of the members of the company; we feel that we have lost confidence in you and think it for the interest of the company that you should resign. I wish to notify you that we shall ask you to resign to-night after the battalion drill," or words to that effect.

Witnesses: Captain C. L. F. Kellogg; Sergeant C. A. Matson, Sergeant R. C. Hull; Corporal C. B. Ames; Privates C. J. Smith; G. B. Clough; N. Exner; John Ames.

By order of Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding First Regiment National Guard of Washington.

C. L. F. KELLOGG,

*Captain First Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington,
Commanding Company D.*

To which said charges and specifications the accused in his own proper person entered a special plea to the jurisdiction of the court, which he read to the court as follows:

Comes now W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant, Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, and appearing specially and solely for the purpose of objecting to the court mentioned in Special Orders Nos. 9 and 10, dated general headquarters, National Guard of Washington August 9, 1890, and August 13, 1890, respectively, on the ground that the officers here assembled by virtue of and in obedience to said Special Orders, to sit as a court martial for the trial of said W. H. Gorham, have no jurisdiction to sit as such court or for such a purpose, respectfully submits the following statement:

That the officers ordered by Special Order No. 4, general headquarters, National Guard of Washington, dated May 12, 1890, to sit as a court

martial for the trial of said W. H. Gorham, duly assembled on, to wit: The 3d day of June, 1890, pursuant to the order last aforesaid, duly perfected the organization of said court for the transaction of business and the cases to come before it, and thereafter, to wit: On the 4th day of June, 1890, without summoning the said W. H. Gorham to appear before said court, at a time and place by them to be appointed for trial, as required by section 448 of the rules and regulations governing the National Guard of Washington, and without causing him to appear before them and show cause why his trial should not be proceeded with, duly adjourned without day; and said court did not thereafter reconvene or hold any session whatever.

That section 446 of the rules and regulations provides that a court when convened may adjourn from time to time as shall become necessary for the transaction of business, but the whole session of the court, from the day on which it shall convene until its dissolution, shall not exceed three weeks.

The said court, by operation of law, was dissolved June 24, 1890, three weeks after the day on which it first convened and organized, and could not meet again after June 24th, 1890, for the transaction of business or for the trial of said W. H. Gorham.

That no order since Special Order No. 4, has been issued convening a new court for the trial of said W. H. Gorham, by the Commander-in-Chief, who has sole authority to order and convene a general court martial.

That said Special Orders Nos. 9 and 10 are plainly amendatory, amending and modifying Special Order No. 4, aforesaid. They do not in themselves specifically or by inference convene a new court, but by direct and specific reference to Special Order No. 4, make Special Orders Nos. 9 and 10 a part of Special Order No. 4, allege the continued existence of a court by virtue thereof, and, under the provisions thereof (of Special Order No. 4) order the same to reconvene at Seattle this 18th day of August, 1890, for the trial of said W. H. Gorham.

This is clearly illegal. After the adjournment of the court, June 4, 1890, it could have reconvened at any time up to the 24th day of June, and any vacancy occurring could have been filled by the officer ordering the court. (See sec. 446.) As a matter of fact and of record, it was not reconvened prior to the time fixed by law for its dissolution. Ceasing to exist on June 24, 1890, and no new court having since been ordered, it necessarily follows that there is no military court at all; and, there being no court, no trial can be had. This meeting here, pursuant to Special Orders Nos. 9 and 10, is a mere assemblage of officers of the National Guard, clothed with no more authority to sit in judgment upon a fellow officer than any other voluntary meeting to discuss military affairs, and possesses absolutely no attributes whatever of a military tribunal.

In no department of the government, state or federal, civil or military, are the judges composing the courts self-appointed. The selection may be by appointment from without or by election; in either case the law

must be strictly complied with. The enjoyment of life and property depend upon it, and is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States.

The military establishment, regular and volunteer, is for the sole purpose of maintaining the supremacy of the law, and it should never be guilty of attempting that which it is often called upon to suppress among civilians, namely: the depriving of others of life, liberty or property without due process of law.

In conclusion he further states that should he himself waive the lack of due form in the appointment of the court, the fact that no notice or copy of the charges have ever been served as required by section 535 of rules and regulations, and all other irregularities, still this assemblage would not constitute a court under the law. And however much he may desire to meet and answer the charges that have been preferred against him, to clear himself before his superior officers and his comrades in the National Guard, and refute the imputation that he has ever been unfaithful to the trust confided in him by virtue of his commission, an acquittal at the hands of this assembly would not in the slightest degree preclude a legal court martial from trying him hereafter upon the same charges, nor, in case of a conviction at your hands, could a sentence be carried out or a penalty enforced.

As a law breaker is none the less amenable to the law, though acquitted by a judge whose term of office has long since expired, neither shall an innocent man suffer the loss of his liberty nor his rights and privileges under the law be abridged by conviction before such a judge.

Believing that the law is plain and clear on the objection here taken, with all due respect to my brother officers, and regretting the inconvenience they unfortunately are made to suffer, this statement is respectfully submitted and further appearance before you declined.

W. H. GORHAM,

Second Lieutenant, Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, appearing specially as aforesaid.

To which the judge advocate replied as follows:

It will be a portion of my duty to answer the special plea of Lieutenant W. H. Gorham. The position as I understand it is that this court has no jurisdiction for the reason that another court martial had sat and regularly convened and adjourned without day, and said court did not reconvene thereafter or hold any session whatever, and the time in which they could reconvene has elapsed. As to that fact it can make no difference to you; it is not before you now. You are acting here as a new court; in that capacity and as a part of the old court also; and the statement of the case is that he was not served with any process and you obtained no jurisdiction of his person. I take the position that even if that court had no jurisdiction to act—had no authority to go ahead and try the defendant, then the only thing they could do was to adjourn and report their adjournment to headquarters and await further orders. Whether or not the court convened, the officers sworn or not, I am not

able to say. You are cognizant and that is all there is about it. If you were not a duly organized court and had no jurisdiction, the only thing to do would be to adjourn, which you did. Furthermore, the special orders which were read in your hearing, are in effect the ordering of a new court martial. If you had no other authority it would be sufficient because these orders are specific in all details. You have not been referred to any order. Everything that is necessary to call a court martial is here. Now in this objection to the present court martial and his assertion that it possesses absolutely no power of a military tribunal, that it had obtained no jurisdiction of the defendant, and that a new court is ordered, having been ordered after the time prescribed for its convening had elapsed, is illegal. Now if you sustain his objection you put yourselves in this position—that if a court martial duly ordered by the Commander-in-Chief of this state, having once been formed, and disregarding the rules and regulations, has refused to proceed to a trial after having everything necessary to make themselves a legally organized court, then I say you put yourselves in this position—that no subsequent court can be called to try that cause. Suppose in some manner that a court martial was convened; that all parties were friendly or interested in favor of the accused, and suppose they saw fit as a matter of favoritism to him, and disregarding everything of military propriety, after having been once called, should adjourn without hearing any evidence and without taking any action, and by so doing should prevent the National Guard from trying the accused. If you sustain this objection this would be the result and I say it is not military law or common sense. Yet if you sustain this special plea to the jurisdiction of the court, that is the position you put yourselves in exactly. Having once been called by order and having no jurisdiction of the person of the defendant, you were powerless. You reported to the Commander-in-Chief. The Commander having notice of what had been done orders a new court martial. It is in effect a new court martial; and a special plea to the jurisdiction is put in upon the ground that some other court which had no jurisdiction, and because that court had no jurisdiction to try him, this court has none. It appears to me it is no special plea at all, because if the former court had no jurisdiction, it was not a court. It is a court merely in abeyance. It is like any other proceeding. You commence an action in a court of law; if you obtain no jurisdiction of the person it may be for a month or one year, and it abates until the jurisdiction is acquired. That is the first step they must take. I say the former court martial never became a court for the trial of the accused, for the reason that it never obtained jurisdiction of his person. If that be true, and they adjourned and the same court reconvened, then you are completely with jurisdiction to try the accused. The former court was not a separate court. It does not seem to me that it would be necessary to make any extended argument on the question. It is a mere question whether or not these special orders do not constitute a sufficient order to sustain the proceedings of this court. If you sustain this plea, you put it in the power of this court, without having heard a word of evi-

dence, to pass upon the matter, having simply organized and adjourned. That is the position you will put yourselves in. You will stultify yourselves and also the military laws of this state.

I say there has not been cited one single decision from the war department, or the mass of authorities, holding that a court once called and organized have not the right to reconvene again by the power of the commander-in-chief who created them. It is not the regulations, and even if you saw fit to adjourn and reported your proceedings, and he saw fit, he could reconvene you to correct your findings, and you will still be a constituted court. You may determine whichever way you choose whether that be a separate court or not. Special Order No. 9 contains everything necessary to constitute a military court, although they contain Special Order No. 4. You don't have to go to Special Order No. 4—No. 9 is complete. They follow the regulations upon the subject; they even go so far as to detail everything that is here set forth. You don't have to look to Order No. 4, so I say this order is sufficient to obtain jurisdiction of this case, and try him upon the specifications exhibited against him.

After hearing the statements of the accused and the judge advocate, the court was cleared for deliberation.

After a mature deliberation of the matter by the court, it was ordered and adjudged that the special plea to the jurisdiction interposed by the accused be and the same is overruled, and the accused called on to further plead herein.

The accused, being notified of the decision of the court, declined to further plead to or answer said charges, and withdrew from the court. Whereupon the court proceeded to hear testimony, as follows:

O. C. Pratt, a stenographer, was then introduced and sworn as a clerk and reporter to take the testimony, and report the same to the court.

Captain Kellogg, of Seattle, a witness for the prosecution, then came before the court and was duly sworn by the judge advocate, and testified as follows:

Question by the judge advocate:

Question. You may state to the court your name and rank.

Answer. My name is Charles F. L. Kellogg, Captain of Company D, First Regiment.

Q. Are you acquainted with the defendant, the accused?

A. I am; yes, sir.

Q. You are familiar with the charges and specifications in this case, are you?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You may state to the court all the circumstances regarding this accusation in your own language, Captain Kellogg.

A. Perhaps there is an explanation; I will state it has been customary for us, for the three companies here, to have one night in the week for regular drill night. My company had Monday night, Captain Green's Tuesday night, Captain Carr's Wednesday. We have always made it a point to drill on our regular drill night, if possible. Occasionally the armory was rented for other purposes, when we could give up our night if, in our judgment, we thought best, but we endeavored to drill on our regular drill night. About the first of March it came to my knowledge that the armory had been rented for the night of our drill a long time before; that is, it was rented a long time before for the 18th of March which fell on our night. Captain Hatfield has charge of the armory and rents it himself but never without our consent. At that time I was not exactly confined to the house but I was not well, and had not attended a drill of the company for some little time, two or three weeks, and the company refused to give up its night. Lieutenant Gorham came to my office and informed me of it and I approved of the action of the company, stating I thought it advisable to drill on our night. Soon after that I was taken down with the measles and was confined to the house for at least two weeks. When I came down to the office, a committee from the Hibernian society called on me and tried to get the armory for that night. It was the night of their national holiday. I found that they had made extensive preparations, had advertised it all over the country, sold a great many tickets, made contracts with the caterer for refreshments, and had gone so far that it seemed a great inconvenience on their part if the armory was not rented to them. The society was composed of leading Irishmen in the city and neighboring country. I thought it all over and concluded it was such a case as would render it necessary to withdraw from our standpoint, and give them the armory. It was more than an ordinary case, and it would have been practical suicide for the company to refuse. I sent for Lieutenant Gorham and said, "I guess it is more serious than I anticipated, and had talked with members of the society and inquired from others, and I was satisfied that we would have to recede from our position and give them the armory." And I requested him, inasmuch as he had taken the stand and being the leading character, I requested him to go and see the members of the Hibernian

society in order to back out of it more gracefully himself. He refused to go. He said the company had voted unanimously to hold the drill. Captain Hatfield tried to get them to withdraw, and they refused, and I told them it would be rented that night to the Hibernian society, and unless he should inform them I should issue an order postponing the drill of the company and forbid the members of the company meeting in the company room that night, which I did. About a week after that there was a battalion drill, I think about a week, and about 5 o'clock in the afternoon I met Lieutenant Gorham on the street. He was going to my office at the time. He said he had talked with a majority of the members of the company and they were satisfied that it would be best for the company for me to resign. I was surprised, inasmuch as I never had any trouble with the members of my own company about any matter. I had worked hard for them, and, at the time, I was discouraged and indignant, because I had given up much time and spent money and devoted all the time I could to the company, and I concluded to resign. Accordingly, that night after the battalion drill, at the meeting of the company (by the way, I might state, first, when Gorham asked me to resign, he said: "Of course, you understand, I speak advisedly, and we think it best for the company that you resign,") I informed the company I should tender my resignation that night to the Colonel, and Lieutenant Gorham moved that it be accepted. The majority voted in the affirmative. I attended the meeting of the officers that night and made another statement to the Colonel, and he refused to accept my resignation and requested me to make a statement in writing, which I did. From that he ordered me to prefer charges. The statement of which I have practically stated here; that is about the facts of the case.

Q. State whether or not he stated at this time that he had lost confidence in you or the company lost confidence in you.

A. He did, yes, sir; that having changed my position the company had lost confidence, and it would be best I should resign.

Q. State whether or not he said anything about notifying you that you would be asked to resign after the battalion drill.

A. He said the boys decided I had better resign, and I think he said he had spoken to the Colonel, and he thought he had better notify me before the drill. He met me on the street. We came up here to the armory and talked it over, and I told him I would tender my resignation that night.

Q. State whether or not this matter was talked over by you in the presence of Lieutenant Gorham and others and he admitted using this language to you.

A. Yes, sir; about a week after that, at a meeting of the officers of the First Regiment, that is, those living in Seattle, held in this room, Colonel Carr said that he had information, had heard, of the part Lieutenant Gorham had taken, and he wished to know if it was true, and if he had discussed that with them or advised it. I told him Lieutenant Gorham admitted that, and he being here, he turned and asked him if that was so. Gorham said "Yes, sir."

Q. State whether the statements at that time before those parties were as full as the statement you made here.

A. Yes, sir; because Lieutenant Carr asked and stated it, and I said just as I say here, and then he turned to Lieutenant Gorham and he said, "Yes, it was," without repeating it.

Q. You may state when and where this took place; that is, state the date; what I mean is the date and place.

A. Allow me to refresh my memory. I think the date here. I think the 18th of March—yes, sir, the 18th of March—I met him on the street just outside the armory, went up to the armory room here and talked it over.

Q. In the city of Seattle, Washington?

A. In the city of Seattle, Washington; yes, sir.

The judge advocate: That is all, unless the members of the court wish to ask questions, if they so desire.

By Lieutenant Fox:

Q. No threats of any kind?

A. No, sir, that he made to me personally.

By the judge advocate: You may state what his manner was at this time, with reference to whether or not it was serious or in a joking manner.

A. It was a very serious matter; he made it more serious than perhaps some would.

Q. Did he appear to be angry at your procedure?

A. He was disappointed and angry at me when I first interviewed him and told him that I would have to change the position, and I asked him to go and interview the committee. I told him I did it on his own account. He was disappointed; he was cool; he did not make any threats, but showed he was very much disappointed.

By Major Johnston:

Q. Upon meeting you on the street, or the various members of the company, was his manner respectful?

A. Yes, sir.

By Captain Shuham:

Q. Do you know what the object of his request for you to resign was?

A. Well, I would hardly like to state it as harshly as others stated it. I think Lieutenant Gorham is rather of a peculiar disposition and was disappointed because I did not stand by him on that proposition, and I think he was angry about it.

By Lieutenant Isaacs:

Q. Had any other company given up their night for any other purpose?

A. O, yes, sir; several times.

Q. Lieutenant Gorham's objections seemed to be that you decided not to give up the night and afterwards changed your mind? That is what he called going back on oneself?

A. Yes, sir; I suppose it was. The same has happened before; somebody wanted to rent the armory, and it was refused, and they got some other hall. I found that Captain Hatfield it was, himself, who rented it. It was their national holiday, and a large congregation was expected, and if we held the armory there would have been a great deal of trouble; it would have to have been done by force, and it would have been practical suicide and injury to the whole city service.

E. M. Carr, of Seattle, a witness for the prosecution, then came before the court and was duly sworn by the judge advocate, and testified as follows:

By the judge advocate:

Q. You may state your name and rank to the court.

A. E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, with the rank of Colonel.

Q. You are acquainted with the accused, Lieutenant Gorham, are you?

A. Yes, sir; I am.

Q. State whether or not you were present at any time when Captain Carr and Lieutenant Gorham and others were present, and the matter in this charge and specifications was being talked about.

A. I was.

Q. You may state what was said in Lieutenant Gorham's presence and what he said in regard to it.

A. The occasion was a meeting of a board of officers of the First Regiment, held in this room, when Colonel Haines announced to the board of officers that he had refused to accept Captain Kellogg's resignation. Colonel Haines at that time read a somewhat lengthy communication to the board of officers, stating the result of his investigations and his reasons for refusing to accept Captain Kellogg's resignation. After that communication was read there was some discussion, and then I arose to make some remarks upon the communication made by Colonel Haines, and upon the trouble growing out of it and the trouble resulting in Captain Kellogg's resignation. As nearly as I remember, I stated that Captain Kellogg—I said that I understood Captain Kellogg to say that Lieutenant Gorham had told him that he had talked with a majority of the members of the company in regard to requesting Captain Kellogg's resignation. I don't know as I can give the exact language now, but the idea was that Lieutenant Gorham had discussed this matter with the members of the company, or the enlisted men. I said I desired to be assured of the truth of that statement before saying anything further, as my remarks would be based almost entirely upon that one statement; if it were true Lieutenant Gorham had canvassed this matter among the enlisted men, I should have something to say upon the subject. I think Captain Kellogg said that he had made substantially that statement to him, and either in response to the question from me, or voluntarily, Lieutenant Gorham, who was present, arose and said the statement was substantially correct; that he had told Captain Kellogg that he had discussed the matter with more than a majority of the members of the company and knew them to be in favor of his resigning; that was the effect of it. I don't wish to attempt to state the exact language, but that was the idea. He admitted he had discussed the matter with the enlisted men of the company. Following that I made some remarks.

Q. Can you state about what time that was?

A. The only way I can fix the date is by stating that it was the time when Colonel Haines announced his refusal to accept the resignation of Captain Kellogg. I have forgotten now, I suppose;

I don't remember the dates; I think two weeks after the resignation was presented.

Joseph Green, of Seattle, a witness for the prosecution, then came before the court and was duly sworn by the judge advocate, and testified as follows:

By the judge advocate:

Q. You may state your name and rank to the court.

A. Captain Joseph Green, Company B.

Q. First Regiment?

A. Yes, sir; National Guard of Washington.

Q. Are you acquainted with the accused, Lieutenant Gorham?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You are acquainted with the offense in these charges and specifications?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You may state whether you were present at any time when the accused, Captain Kellogg, Colonel Carr and others were present and this matter was discussed—the matter contained in this charge was discussed.

A. I was.

Q. You may state when and where that was and the circumstances.

A. The meeting was held in this room, some time before the first court martial was called. I cannot call the date exactly, and the matter was called up by Captain Carr—Captain at that time—as to the statements that had been made by Captain Kellogg in regard to the action of Lieutenant Gorham, and in the presence of Captain Kellogg; and Captain Carr asked Lieutenant Gorham if such was the case, and he admitted it that he had circulated the report; circulated a petition among the members of the company—Company D—requesting the resignation of Captain Kellogg on some company matter that he had to do with.

Q. Was it in substance a request to Captain Kellogg to resign?

A. Yes, sir; the occasion was as to the resignation of the captain.

Q. Was there a full statement of what Lieutenant Gorham had said that evening? What I mean is, was there a full statement made in Lieutenant Gorham's presence of what Captain Kellogg accused him of having said?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you remember what was the substance of it?

A. Something. I cannot recall the direct substance of the case, but it related entirely to the Company D matter.

Q. State whether or not it was that Lieutenant Gorham had stated to Captain Kellogg that he had lost confidence in him, and the members of the company thought it would be for the interest of the company that he resigned.

A. Yes, sir; that was the substance of it.

Q. Did Gorham mention the names of any members of the company whom he solicited about the matter?

A. I don't recollect of any names mentioned of the members of the company.

Q. Can you state what month that was in?

A. About three months ago.

Q. It was after this 18th of March; after the Irish holiday was it?

A. Yes, sir; right after that.

By Lieutenant Fox:

Q. Was there any statement made at this meeting of the officers by any person in Lieutenant Gorham's presence, to the effect that Lieutenant Gorham had canvassed among the members of the company and had ascertained from the members of the company that Captain Kellogg had better resign or would be asked to resign.

A. Yes, sir.

John A. Hatfield, of Seattle, a witness for the prosecution, then came before the court and was sworn by the judge advocate, and testified as follows:

By the judge advocate:

Q. You may state to the court your name and rank.

A. Lieutenant John A. Hatfield.

Q. Company, please.

A. On the staff.

Q. Are you acquainted with the accused, Lieutenant Gorham?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Are you acquainted with the matter charged in these specifications against him?

A. Yes, sir; I am acquainted with the difficulty which has arisen.

Q. State whether or not you were present at any time at a meeting of the board of officers of the First Regiment when this difficulty was discussed.

A. Yes, sir; on two occasions.

Q. Was Lieutenant Gorham present at that time?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You may state to the court now what was said and who was present, as near as you remember.

A. Colonel Haines present and Colonel Carr, Adjutant Sharpe, Captain Kellogg and Captain Green, and Lieutenant Gorham, myself, and there may have been one or two others which I do not remember at present. There was considerable said that evening. I don't remember all that was said. Captain Carr made some remarks, and among his remarks which struck me most was to the effect that it had been reported to him that Lieutenant Gorham had been among the members of D Company and talked with them about the trouble, and asked them if they would—I forget the exact language at present. He asked—it appears that Lieutenant Gorham asked the members if they would request Captain Kellogg's resignation; and Captain Carr said, I wish to ask Lieutenant Gorham if such was the fact; he said it was.

Q. State whether at that time Lieutenant Gorham was asked if he had said to Captain Kellogg that he had lost confidence in him, and that the company thought it was for the best interests that he resign, or in substance to that effect; that is, whether Gorham had made this kind of a statement to Captain Kellogg.

A. I don't remember exactly, but I remember that Gorham told Captain Kellogg that the men were dissatisfied with him and were going to request him to resign, or words to that effect.

Q. He made that statement that he had said that to Captain Kellogg?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. When was that—sometime just after the national holiday of the Irish—about the 17th of March?

A. Probably two weeks afterwards, as near as I can remember.

No cross-examination of any of the foregoing witnesses.

The defense offered no testimony and the prosecution resting.

No argument was introduced, either for the prosecution or defense.

The court was then cleared and closed for deliberation, and having maturely considered the evidence adduced, the court made the following findings:

Of the first specification, not guilty.

Of the second specification, not guilty.

Of the third specification, not guilty.

Of the fourth specification, not guilty.

Of the fifth specification, not guilty.

Of the sixth specification, not guilty.

Of the seventh specification, not guilty.

Of the eighth specification, guilty.

Of the charge, guilty.

And the court does therefore sentence him, the said W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant, Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, to be dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

Whereupon the court took a recess until 12 o'clock, August 19, 1890.

JOHN CARR, *President.*

C. R. DORR, *Judge Advocate.*

Now on this day the court duly met, pursuant to adjournment, and the record of the State of Washington vs. W. H. Gorham was read to the court, they all being present, and the same was thereupon signed by the president and judge advocate in the presence of all of the court.

There being no further business before it, the court then, at 1 o'clock, p. m., adjourned *sine die*.

Seattle, Wash., August 19, 1890.

JOHN CARR, *President.*

C. R. DORR, *Judge Advocate.*

NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON,
JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S OFFICE,
TACOMA, WASH., Sep. 8, 1890. }

The foregoing proceedings, findings and sentence are hereby approved.

C. E. CLAYPOOL,

Colonel and Judge Advocate General, N. G. W.

NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON,
JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S OFFICE,
TACOMA, WASH., September 3, 1890. }

Elisha P. Ferry, Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

SIR—I herewith transmit the proceedings, findings and sentence of a general court martial, convened by Special Order No. 9 from

headquarters, in the case of Second Lieutenant Gorham, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, with my review and report upon the same.

The technical objections of Lieutenant Gorham to the jurisdiction of the court appear to me to have been not well taken. The record in the case shows everything necessary to constitute a general court martial, and that defendant was "served with a copy of the charges and specifications." Special Order No. 9 is sufficient for the purpose of appointing a court martial, and the portion of said order excusing certain officers theretofore appointed to serve by Special Order No. 4 did not in any way affect the defendant or his rights. The record, while not as precise as it should be, shows the defendant to have had legal and actual notice, and is sufficient.

The findings are sustained by the evidence, and the sentence is just.

Proceedings, findings and sentence are approved.

C. E. CLAYPOOL,
Colonel and Judge Advocate General, N. G. W.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS, }
September 9, 1890. }

The sentence in the foregoing case of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company "D," First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, is confirmed.

ELISHA P. FERRY.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON. }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE. }
OLYMPIA, WASH., September 9, 1890. }

General Order No. 8.

1. Before a general court martial, convened by Special Order No. 9, C. S., from these headquarters, and of which Lieutenant Colonel John Carr is president, was tried Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, National Guard of Washington.

Charge 1. Conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d Article of War.

With sundry specifications to the said charge. To which charge and the specifications thereto, the accused, Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, pleads as follows:

Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham filed a plea denying the jurisdiction of the court, which plea being overruled by the court, and he declining to appear further in defense of said charge, the plea of not guilty is entered.

FINDINGS AND SENTENCE.

The court having maturely considered the case, finds the accused, Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, National Guard of Washington:

- Of the first specification, not guilty.
- Of the second specification, not guilty.
- Of the third specification, not guilty.
- Of the fourth specification, not guilty.
- Of the fifth specification, not guilty.
- Of the sixth specification, not guilty.
- Of the seventh specification, not guilty.
- Of the eighth specification, guilty.
- Of the charge, guilty.

And the court does therefore sentence him, the said W. H. Gorham, Second Lieutenant, Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, to be dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

2. The proceedings, findings and sentence in the case of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, is approved, and Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Regiment, Infantry, National Guard of Washington, is dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

3. The general court martial convened by Special Order No. 9, C. S., is hereby dissolved.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

EXHIBIT C.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASHINGTON,)
October 6, 1890.)

*Colonel J. C. Haines, Commanding First Regiment, First Brigade,
National Guard of Washington, Seattle, Wash.:*

COLONEL—I have the honor to hereby report the proceedings of the convention of field and line officers of the National Guard of Washington, held at this city this date, for the purpose of electing a Brigadier General and an Adjutant General, as required by the recent act of the state legislature, and do hereby submit this as the returns of the election held by said convention.

I report in this manner, and submit the returns as a part of my report on account of the statute being silent as to the manner in which the returns should be made up, and it being impracticable to accurately apply the system of election returns adopted in the election of the civil officers of the state.

The convention was called to order at 10 A. M. by Colonel J. C. Haines, the presiding officer of the convention. An organization was perfected by the election of Captain J. M. Ashton as secretary.

It was then moved by Captain W. G. Wadhams, and seconded by Captain Joseph Green, that a committee on order of business, consisting of three members, be appointed by the chair. The motion being put to vote, was unanimously carried.

Thereupon Captain J. M. Ashton moved that a committee on credentials be appointed by the chair. Captain C. S. Reinhart seconded the motion, and the same being put to vote, was unanimously carried.

Lieutenant A. W. Lindsay then introduced a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the convention that a majority of the votes cast be necessary to elect, and moved the adoption of such resolution. Lieutenant J. M. Dougan seconded the motion, and the same being put to a vote, was carried.

Thereupon Colonel Haines, the presiding officer of the convention, appointed the following committees:

On Order of Business: Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Captain Joseph Green, and Captain J. C. Westhoff.

On Credentials: Major Charles P. Johnson, Captain George H. Jones, and Captain J. C. MacCrimmon.

Upon motion, duly seconded, and carried, the convention then took a recess for one-half hour to enable the committees to report.

11 A. M.—The convention convened after recess, when Major Johnson, the chairman of the Committee on Credentials, stated that all officers present had not yet had sufficient time to fully report to his committee, and asked further time. Whereupon, and upon motion, duly seconded, and carried, fifteen minutes further time was granted the committees to report.

At the expiration of this recess, the convention was called to order, when Captain Joseph Green and Captain J. C. Westhoff, a majority of the Committee upon Order of Business, reported that the general officers of the brigade be elected in the following order:

First. An Adjutant General.

Second. A Brigadier General; that said election be by ballot, and that it require a majority of all votes cast to elect.

Lieutenant Colonel Carr, from the same committee, filed a minority report, stating that he could not agree with the other members of the committee upon the order of business submitted by them, and recommending that the general officers be elected in the following manner:

First. A Brigadier General.

Second. An Adjutant General.

Lieutenant Colonel Carr, in his minority report, concurred in the other recommendations of the committee.

The Committee on Credentials reported the following officers as duly qualified to vote in the convention, viz.:

Company B, First Regiment: Captain Joseph Green, First Lieutenant L. R. Dawson, Second Lieutenant L. S. Booth.

Company C, First Regiment: Captain W. J. Fife, First Lieutenant I. M. Howell, Second Lieutenant Jas. Ross.

Company G, First Regiment: Captain F. A. Gaus, First Lieutenant W. S. Shank, Second Lieutenant H. K. Relf.

Company H, First Regiment: Captain J. C. Westhoff, First Lieutenant F. Morris.

Company I, First Regiment: Captain George H. Jones, First Lieutenant Charles B. Wood, Second Lieutenant N. S. Snyder.

Company A, Second Regiment: First Lieutenant J. T. Becker.

Company B, Second Regiment: Captain C. S. Reinhart, First Lieutenant R. D. McCully, Second Lieutenant, H. C. Jackson.

Company C, Second Regiment: Captain G. W. Billington, First Lieutenant John Jackel.

Company D, Second Regiment: Captain H. G. Shuham, First Lieutenant D. W. Smith.

Company E, Second Regiment: Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, First Lieutenant Dudley Eshelman, Second Lieutenant Matt. Bartholet.

Company F, Second Regiment: Captain E. H. Fox, First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Second Lieutenant C. A. Booker.

Company G, Second Regiment: Captain W. G. Wadhams, First Lieutenant J. T. Leghorn, Second Lieutenant L. E. Brigham.

Company H, Second Regiment: Captain Harry St. George, First Lieutenant E. R. Brady, Second Lieutenant J. W. Murphy.

Troop A: Captain B. B. Glasscock, First Lieutenant A. W. Lindsay.

Troop B: Captain J. M. Ashton, First Lieutenant J. H. Barry, Second Lieutenant J. M. Dougan.

Colonel J. C. Haines; Lieutenant Colonel, First Regiment, S. W. Scott; Major, First Regiment, C. M. Riddell; Lieutenant Colonel, Second Regiment, John Carr; Major, Second Regiment, G. W. Green; Major, First Cavalry Battalion, Charles B. Johnston.

There being forty-five officers present and duly qualified to vote, and twenty-three votes being necessary in order to elect, pursuant to a resolution heretofore adopted. The reports of both committees were read by the secretary. It was then moved, seconded, and unanimously carried, that the report of the Committee on Credentials be received and the committee discharged:

A motion was then made and seconded that the minority report of the Committee on Order of Business be adopted; and a vote being taken, resulted in twenty-four votes cast for the adoption of the minority report, and nineteen votes against it. The chair thereupon declared the minority report adopted.

Thereupon General A. P. Curry and Captain J. M. Ashton were placed in nomination for the office of Brigadier General. Where-

upon Captain Ashton addressed the convention, stating that he was not, and would not be, a candidate for the office, and retired in favor of General Curry, whose nomination was seconded by Captain Ashton and several members of the convention.

There being no further nominations, the chair declared the nominations closed and appointed Lieutenants Dorr and Howell as tellers, who were directed to prepare the ballots.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, a recess of five minutes was taken to enable the officers to prepare their ballots.

The ballots being prepared, and the convention ready for business, the ballots were cast and resulted in General Curry receiving twenty-five votes and Captain Ashton twenty votes. Thereupon Captain Ashton moved that the election of General Curry be made unanimous, and the motion, being duly seconded, was unanimously carried; and the chairman then declared General A. P. Curry duly elected by this convention the Brigadier General of the State of Washington, to serve as such for four years from the first Monday in January, 1891, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Thereupon Captain E. H. Fox, Adjutant General R. G. O'Brien and Major C. B. Johnson were each placed in nomination for the office of Adjutant General, and the nomination of each was seconded by many of the officers present. Upon the third ballot Adjutant General O'Brien was duly elected Adjutant General, the vote standing as follows: Adjutant General O'Brien, 24 votes; Captain Fox, 18 votes; Major Johnson, 1 vote; Lieutenant Colonel Scott, 1 vote; and ———, 1 vote, making 45 votes in all.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the election of General O'Brien was then made unanimous. Whereupon Colonel Haines, the presiding officer, declared Adjutant General R. G. O'Brien duly elected Adjutant General, with the rank of Brigadier General, and entitled to hold his office for the term of four years from the first Monday in January, 1891, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

The officers so elected, being called upon, made appropriate remarks, and there being no further business, upon motion duly seconded, the convention adjourned.

I have the honor to remain, yours very respectfully,

JAS. M. ASHTON, *Secretary.*

SEATTLE, WASH., November 5, 1890.

To His Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

I, J. C. Haines, having been detailed by General Order No. 12 as presiding officer of the convention of field and line officers of the National Guard of Washington, held under and in pursuance of said order and of section 11 of an act enacted by the legislature of the State of Washington, entitled "An act to provide for the organization, maintenance and discipline of the militia of the State of Washington," and approved by the governor March 27, 1890, at North Yakima, in the county of Yakima, in the State of Washington, October 6, 1890, hereby certify that I acted as such presiding officer of such convention; that Captain James M. Ashton was duly secretary thereof; that the foregoing report of the proceedings of said convention was duly made by said Captain James Ashton, and that the same contains a full, true and correct report of said proceedings.

And I further certify that at said convention, on said 6th day of October, 1890, at North Yakima aforesaid, A. P. Curry received twenty-five votes for Brigadier General and James M. Ashton twenty votes; that said twenty-five votes being a majority of all votes cast, said A. P. Curry was elected Brigadier General.

And I further certify that at said last named date, and at said last named place, R. G. O'Brien received twenty-four votes for Adjutant General, F. H. Fox eighteen votes, C. B. Johnson one vote and S. W. Scott one vote, and one vote was blank; that said R. G. O'Brien having received a majority of all the votes cast, was duly elected Adjutant General.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of October, 1890.

J. C. HAINES,

Colonel First Regiment, National Guard of Washington.

EXHIBIT D.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., October 28, 1890. }

To His Excellency, E. P. FERRY, Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

SIR—Pursuant to Special Order No. 13, dated General Headquarters, Olympia, Washington, September 9, 1890, of which the following is a copy:

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON. }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., September 9, 1890. }

Special Order No. 13.

Brigadier General R. G. O'Brien, Adjutant General and Inspector General, will visit and inspect each company of the National Guard of Washington, at their respective armories, on the dates following, to wit:

Companies B, D, and E, First Regiment, at Seattle, on the 25th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company C, First Regiment, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company G, First Regiment, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 9 o'clock P. M.

Troop B, First Cavalry Battalion, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 9 o'clock P. M.

Company H, First Regiment, at Vancouver, on the 27th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company B, Second Regiment, at Goldendale, on the 29th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

Company C, Second Regiment, at Centerville, on the 30th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company D, Second Regiment, at Waitsburg, on the 1st day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company F, Second Regiment, at Dayton, on the 2nd day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Troop A, First Cavalry Battalion, at Sprague, on the 3rd day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company E, Second Regiment, at North Yakima, on the 4th day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company G, Second Regiment, at Spokane Falls, on the 7th day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

The captains of the companies above named will muster their commands, on the dates above designated, in heavy marching order, preparing their records, arms and equipments for thorough inspection, making exhibit of all state property in their possession; and will have their muster roll presented in triplicate to the inspecting officer.

Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will accompany the Inspector General on his tour of inspection.

Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding the First Regiment, and Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding Second Regiment, will join the Inspector General at Seattle and Goldendale, and attend him in the inspection of their respective commands.

Special attention of commandants of companies is directed to paragraphs 77 and 78 of the regulations, National Guard of Washington.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

R. G. O'BRIEN, *Adjutant General.*

I proceeded to Tacoma on the 26th day of September, where I was joined by Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, and Colonel J. C. Haines, Commanding First Regiment, and on evening of said day inspected Companies C and G, of the First Regiment, at their respective armories. Company C, commanded by Captain W. J. Fife, I found with 27 men in ranks, presenting a soldierly appearance, showing evidences of having received careful instruction. There was, however, some evidence of lack of attention on the part of the members of the company in the appearance of their equipments. The uniforms and state property in the hands of this company is generally in pretty fair condition. Some of the fatigue blouses and caps are much worn and will have to be replaced in the course of the next year. An opportunity to observe the proficiency in drill by this company was not afforded by reason of the limited space for that purpose in their armory. It is greatly to be regretted that sufficient interest cannot be manifested by the citizens of Tacoma to secure for all the companies in that city an armory capable of accommodating all, and occupied jointly.

Closer attention to the form of inspection should have been given by the commanding officer of C Company. Too much hurry, an oversight of details, is always to be avoided. This officer failed in the salutes required.

A visit to the armory of G Company, commanded by Captain Fred A. Gaus, disclosed the state property in the hands of this company to be in a better condition than in Company C, by reason

of the fact that it was practically new, some having been but recently issued. The Captain of G Company presented 26 men in ranks, besides file closers, presenting a very soldierly appearance, attentive to the commands of their officers, careful in the adjustment of their equipments, and the equipments themselves bright and clean, as though the officers were not unmindful of their duty in this respect.

Troop B, of the First Cavalry Battalion, not having received a complement of uniforms, arms and equipments, at the solicitation of the commanding officer of the company, were not inspected, but the inspection was deferred until some time later.

Accompanied by Colonel Carr, I proceeded to Vancouver, Washington, by way of Portland, and inspected Company H, of the First Regiment, which I found composed mostly of men who had served in the regular army of the United States, well up in their duties as soldiers, their equipments clean and orderly, their appearance soldierly, indicating discipline and careful attention to drill. This company is commanded by Captain J. C. Westhoff, who was also a soldier in the regular army of the United States. Some of the property of this company I found very much worn, a number of blouses and trousers being practically of no use, and I would recommend that a board of survey be convened for the purpose of condemning the same with a view to the issue of new clothing. During inspection of this company we were joined by Colonel F. A. Trotter, of the United States army, whom it was our pleasure to meet at the camp of instruction at American Lake during last summer. To him we are indebted for many courtesies and kindly entertainment at the garrison at the close of inspection.

Returning to the city of Portland the same night, we passed Sunday in that city, from whence, on the following Monday morning, we took train and proceeded to Goldendale, being met at Grant's Pass, Oregon, by Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding Second Regiment, who drove us over to Goldendale, at which place I inspected Company B, of the Second Regiment, commanded by Captain C. S. Rinehart. This company I found to be in every way in a condition to meet a ready response from any call that might be made upon them for service by the state, with a few exceptions. A minute inspection of the arms disclosed an absence of firing pins, there being broken firing pins in some of the guns, which I recommend be replaced at the earliest day possible. The uniforms

and equipments generally were in good condition. The armory accommodations of this company are first-class, and it is gratifying to note a great interest taken in the company by the citizens of Goldendale. Captain Rinehart and his subordinate officers manifested close attention to the duties incumbent upon them, and indicated great care in the discipline and drill, evidenced by the appearance of the company. There were twenty-nine men in ranks on the night of inspection. It may be well to add here that, for the purpose of permitting the members of the Second Regiment, which is largely made up of farmers, the colonel commanding the regiment issued an order relieving them from more than the stated drills until after the harvest was all in, or until about the first of October, which, in view of the circumstances surrounding the *personnel* of this regiment, I think was a wise measure. After an inspection and drill of the company it was our pleasure to be pleasantly entertained by the members and the citizens of Goldendale at a social gathering in the armory until the wee sma' hours,

Proceeding the next day to Centerville, I inspected the arms and equipments of Company C, of the Second Regiment, commanded by Capt. Geo. W. Billington. Here it was my pleasure to note a very great interest in militia matters by the people of this small hamlet. Standing upon the street of this little town, and looking toward the four points of the compass from the eminence upon which we stood, we could see the homes of the members who composed this company ranging in distance from one to ten miles. A substantial evidence of the interest taken in this company is manifested by the presence of a large hall built entirely by the company for the drill hall and used for other purposes in connection therewith. Such an armory as might do credit to a city like Tacoma, Spokane Falls or Seattle. The arms and equipments and clothing of this company, I found in serviceable condition.

Leaving Centerville, with good wishes for Capt. Billington and his command, we proceeded to Grants, Or., where, during the evening, we were joined by Col. E. W. Pike and Capt. E. B. Wise, A. D. C., and proceeded to Waitsburgh, leaving Capt. Wise at Bolles Je., who proceeded on to Pomeroy to muster a company at that place, pursuant to General Order No. 10, dated General Headquarters, September 23, 1890. Arriving at Waitsburgh, we were met by Capt. H. G. Shuham and his officers, and received many courtesies at their hands. Inspection of this company dis-

closed a body of men second to none in the state for efficiency as soldiers, attention, care of equipments and an interest in the duties incumbent upon them. Armory facilities being very limited, no attempt was made to display the proficiency of the company in drill. Here also the citizens take a very active interest in maintaining the militia, and show their regard for the citizen soldiery, which signifies a growing interest in the maintenance of the militia.

From Waitsburgh, the next morning, we took the train for Dayton, where we were met by Lieutenant Colonel Burns of the Second Regiment, Captain Fox and the officers of his command. Here we found the company practically without a home, except for drilling purposes. The opera house being used by them for drills once each week. A recent fire at Dayton had compelled the company, in order to accommodate the merchants, to move out of the rooms in which they kept their arms and equipments, storing the same in the court house, a place much more secure so far as preservation of property is concerned, but very inconvenient for drill purposes. Twenty-seven men appeared for inspection. The arms were in fair condition, all complete, with the exception of one gun with breech lock blown out. The clothing of this company is in very good condition. The company, however, is in need of a few supplies to equip the complement of members, which will be issued in due season. Here Colonel E. W. Pike left us and returned to his home, asking to be excused on account of business requiring attention. Granting his request, the next morning, we returned to Bolles Junction, from whence we proceeded to Spokane Falls.

Arriving at Spokane Falls at 8:30 that evening, we at once proceeded to the armory of Company G, Second Regiment, commanded by Captain W. G. Wadhams, where we were joined by General A. P. Curry, Brigade Commander, and Major Greene, of the Second Regiment, likewise Colonel J. Kennedy Stout, Chief Signal Officer of your Excellency's staff, and inspected said company, together with the regimental band. We found the *personnel* of this company first-class. The attendance in number above the average, such an interest on the part of the officers and men as established an *esprit* to be emulated. The arms and equipments in first-class condition so far as serviceableness is concerned. The belts and belt plates in many instances, however, were not as bright and

highly polished as should have been. The manner of wearing of equipments perfect in every respect. I found an excess of thirty blankets in possession of this company, which I ordered returned. I also found that they were in need of some arms, uniforms and other supplies necessary to fully equip the company to its full complement of membership. An inspection of the Second Regiment Band disclosed an organization second to none in the state, and one which might be a pride even to the regular establishment. Their uniforms, with one or two exceptions, in first-class condition. Their proficiency as musicians of an undoubted character, and which reflects great credit upon the organization as a part of the state guard.

From Spokane we proceeded to Sprague, where we were received by Capt. Glasscock, commending Troop A, First Cavalry, and Lieut. Brook, aide-de-camp on the staff of Brigade Commander. This company is armed with .45 calibre breech loading carbine, and regulation sabre.

They number 40 members. Their arms I found in good condition. The carbine slings and sabre belts I found, however, to be unserviceable, and recommend that a board of survey be called to report upon the condition of the same, with a view to their condemnation and the issuance of new supplies. The saddles are deficient in this respect: That the stirrup leathers should have an attachment of resedaroes to protect the trousers from the sweat of the horse's side, as well as tappadarios to cover the stirrup and prevent the foot from slipping through and catching in case of an accident. The general manner of wearing the equipments by this company is susceptible of some improvement. The belts should be drawn tighter around the waist; the coat drawn down snugly before the belt is fastened on. Drill and discipline evidenced some attention. A little more practice will place the officers in the form of inspection much more at ease. The armory of this company is a commodious room in a substantial brick building, with proper appliances for the care of arms and equipments. This company is in need of the following supplies to complete their equipments: Forty stable blankets, 40 spurs, 40 stable blouses, 40 stable overalls, 40 pairs of buck gauntlets, 10 canteens.

The following Sunday morning we took the train for North Yakima, where we arrived in the afternoon at 3 o'clock, at which place, on the following Monday, the officers of the N. G. W. held

their convention for the election of a Brigadier General and Adjutant General to serve for four years, pursuant to Special Order No. 10 from general headquarters.

On the evening of Monday the 6th inst., I inspected Company E, of the Second Regiment, Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon, commanding. This company was admitted into the National Guard but a few days prior to the annual encampment held on June 20th last, and appeared in camp with sixty men in rank. It is numerically the strongest company at this date in the service of the state, and made up of the best material in the city of North Yakima and vicinity. The ceremony of inspection, by reason of its "newness of life" was not up to the standard, but the desire manifested to become proficient was very apparent. The arms made up of breech loading Springfield rifles, calibre .45, pattern of 1873, 1878 and 1884; the uniforms are all new and the company presented a very soldierly appearance. Its defects in drill will be cured in time, and if the interest manifested by officers and men is not abated, in a very short time.

At the solicitation of Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding the First Regiment, I deferred an inspection of Companies B, D and E of said regiment, until the 13th day of October, at which time I proceeded to Seattle, where I was again joined by Colonel Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, and inspected said companies in the commodious armory erected by the First Regiment Armory Association, and given over to the use of the above named companies of this regiment. These companies were inspected in battalion. They did not present a full membership, but ranged from 28 to 30 members present each, besides their officers. I found the arms to be of the latest pattern of Springfield breech loading rifles, caliber .45, with the Buffington sight. The uniforms of Companies B and E in good and serviceable condition. Some of the uniforms of Company D will admit of the services of an inspector or board of survey, to report upon their condition. The uniforms in this company are the oldest in the service of the state, and have seen more wear and tear than those of any other company. Company B is commanded by Captain Joseph Greene; Company D by Captain C. L. F. Kellogg; Company E by Captain W. R. Thornell. The latter of whom, through severe illness, was unable to be present, and the company was in command of Second Lieutenant E. S. Ingraham.

ham, the First Lieutenant being absent from the city. The three companies above named are greatly to be envied in the possession of a large drill hall, elegant company rooms and commodious accommodations for every purpose that may attend the organization of a military company. The First Regiment Band, numbering 20 members, in their new uniforms presented a fine appearance. A marked improvement was noticeable in this band from the last time it was my pleasure to see it and listen to its music at the camp of instruction. It is undoubtedly one of the finest bands in the state, and is a great credit to and pride of the First Regiment.

I recommend that the company commanders observe closely the form of inspection laid down in sections 616-29, page 190 of regulations National Guard of Washington, for armory inspection. In the field the form prescribed in "Upton's Tactics" will prevail.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

R. G. O'BRIEN,

Brigadier General and Inspector General.

EXHIBIT E.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST BRIGADE, N. G. W.,
CAMP FERRY, WASHINGTON, June 29, 1890. }

Brigadier General R. G. O'BRIEN, Adjutant General of Washington:

SIR: I respectfully report that in obedience to orders from these headquarters, I to-day inspected the First and Second Regiments of this command.

I found the First Regiment well instructed and drilled, and fully equipped with arms of the latest pattern, regulation accoutrements, blankets and blanket bags.

The Second Regiment I found well organized and drilled, but not so well equipped as the First Regiment. I note the following facts concerning lack of equipment in this regiment:

D Company, with fifty-four (54) enlisted men, has only 54 single blankets, 8 overcoats, and 40 Springfield rifles of old pattern.

G Company, with thirty-four (34) enlisted men, has 37 single blankets, 30 overcoats, and 32 Springfield rifles of old pattern.

B Company has Springfield rifles of a very old pattern, all without slings, and a number entirely unfit for service. This company has accoutrements for only about half of its men. Its belt plates are all of the old style. It has 40 single blankets, 45 overcoats, and no blanket bags.

C Company, with thirty-four (34) enlisted men, has only 35 single blankets. It is armed with old style Springfield rifles, five of which are unfit for service.

E Company, with sixty (60) enlisted men, has only 52 single blankets, 5 overcoats, 30 blanket bags, and 40 old style Springfield rifles, two of which are unfit for service.

F Company, with fifty-one (51) enlisted men, has 40 single blankets, 40 overcoats, 59 old style Springfield rifles, and no blanket bags.

Troop A, with sixty-four (64) enlisted men, has 58 single blankets, 40 overcoats, 50 carbines, 50 sabers, 50 saddles and bridles, 45 uniforms, no blanket bags, no saddle blankets.

G Company, with forty-seven (47) enlisted men, has only seven (7) overcoats, 25 pairs of trousers, 28 single blankets and 38 blanket bags.

H Company, has one blanket to the man and has no overcoats.

The bearing and discipline of the officers and men in both regiments was most creditable. Col. Trotter, of the United States army, who very kindly assisted me in making this inspection, expressed himself as being very much pleased with the appearance and proficiency of the brigade.

I am, sir, your most obedient servant,

E. M. CARR,

Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General.

EXHIBIT F.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, August 18, 1890.

Brigadier General R. G. O'BRIEN, Adjutant General of the State of Washington:

DEAR SIR—I have the honor to report that in obedience to Special Order No. 8, from General Headquarters of National Guard of Washington, dated August 31, 1890, I have on this 16th day of August, 1890, enquired into the loss of certain waist belts, .50 calibre rifles and bayonets, issued to E. W. Young, Captain of George H. Thomas Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans.

I find that in July last the Coleman warehouse in this city, in which the said George H. Thomas Camp No. 1, then had its drill hall, was destroyed by fire. All of the property issued from general headquarters to this camp, excepting 6 Springfield rifles of .50 calibre, was on said day stored in said drill hall. I find that all of said property so stored in said drill hall was destroyed, excepting 32 waist belts with plates, 17 .50 calibre rifles, and 50 bayonets. The said 32 waist belts and plates, 17 rifles and 50 bayonets were rescued from the fire, but in a badly damaged condition. The belts and rifles I find upon inspection to be entirely unfit for service. The belt plates and bayonets could, with considerable labor, be made fit for service. The 6 rifles of .50 calibre above mentioned, I find in good serviceable condition.

No liability, whatever, can be attached to E. W. Young for the loss of such property as has been lost, or for the damage to the property now in his possession.

Respectfully submitted,

E. M. CARR,

Colonel and Assistant Adjt. Gen'l of the State of Washington.

EXHIBIT G.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA,
VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, August 13, 1890. }

*Brigadier General A. P. CURRY, Commanding First Brigade N.
G. W., Spokane Falls, Washington:*

GENERAL: I have the honor to submit, for your information, the inclosed comments made at the recent review of your brigade.

These comments are intended not as a critical review of the performance of the brigade, but simply to invite your attention to certain defects, which being remedied will improve the efficiency and appearance of your troops. Hence but little reference to the creditable features of the review will be made, the remedy for little defects being the great object in all such reviews and inspections.

These comments are made, I hardly need say, in the most friendly spirit and with the heartiest wishes for the perfection of your very creditable organization.

I take great pleasure, also, in transmitting for your information the very satisfactory report of Colonel Trotter of the observations made by that officer during his tour in your camp of instruction last June.

The interest shown by your command in the duties of the military service give ample promise of future efficiency.

I am, General, very respectfully yours,

JOHN GIBBON,
Brigadier General U. S. Army.

COMMENTS.

The appearance of the men and their carriage indicated the want of setting up drill.

The belts were in some cases improperly adjusted, being too loose and sagging.

Cartridge-boxes were generally worn over the middle of the back instead of over the right hip.

Some of the gloves were soiled and far from neat.

Helmets fitted poorly.

One regiment (2d) was not at attention while the reviewing officer was passing.

In coming to a carry arms, in the motion next to the last, the left hand was not always brought to the height of the shoulder with the fingers extended and joined.

In support arms, the forearm was not horizontal with the wrist straight.

At the order arms, the right hand was held improperly and carelessly; it was not turned to the right with the fingers extended and joined.

In marching, the file closers failed to pay proper attention to the position of the men and their arms.

The officers' salute with the sword was ragged—one officer saluted as prescribed for non-commissioned officers armed with the sword.

Very poor provision was made for sinks for the command.

Little attention was paid to policing of camp outside of the company streets.

EXHIBIT J.

WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON, }
November 25, 1890. }

Proceedings of a board of survey which convened at Walla Walla, Washington, pursuant to the following order:

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., November 15, 1890. }

Special Order No. 14.

A board of survey is hereby convened for the purpose of examining and reporting upon the condition of certain arms and equipments stored in a building of Paine Bros., in the city of Walla Walla, now in charge of Lieutenant E. S. Isaacs, Quartermaster Second Regiment National Guard of Washington, with a view to the condemnation and sale of the same.

DETAILED FOR BOARD.

Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment.

Captain H. G. Shuham, Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Second Regiment.

Said board will meet on November 25, 1890, at 10 a. m., at Walla Walla city, and report upon the condition of said property and whether or not the same shall be condemned and sold.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

The board met pursuant to the foregoing order at Walla Walla city, November 25, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m. Present: Lieutenant Colonel John Carr; Captain H. G. Shuham; First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr.

At one o'clock p. m. the board proceeded to Paine Bros.' building, where the property mentioned in the order aforesaid is situated, and then Captain H. G. Shuham and Lieutenant C. R. Dorr were duly sworn in as members of said board of survey by Lieutenant Colonel Carr, the senior officer, who administered to them the oath prescribed by section 590 of the regulations for the National Guard of Washington, and thereupon said Lieutenant Colonel John Carr was duly sworn in as a member of said board by First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, the junior officer and recorder of said board, who administered to him the same oath.

PROPERTY.

Thereupon the board being duly organized, proceeded to inspect the property stored in said Paine Bros.' building, and found that the same consisted of the following articles:

- 1 .45 caliber Springfield rifle, stock all burned off.
- 3 .50 caliber Springfield rifles, stocks burned off.
- 6 non-commissioned officers' swords, old style, metal scabbard, 1863.
- 125 old style cartridge boxes.
- 2 artillery swords, badly damaged.
- 248 leather bayonet scabbards, damaged.
- 84 old waist belts, mildewed and rusty.
- 184 oval "U. S." belt plates.
- 9 non-commissioned officers' sword belts.
- 78 combined gun screw driver and wrench.
- 12 main springs.
- 495 rounds .50 caliber ball cartridges, heated.
- 1 flag belt and socket.
- 20 bright nickel bayonets, .50 caliber rifles.
- 23 blue bayonets, .45 caliber rifles.
- 3 line officers' swords.

CONDITION.

After a careful inspection and examination of said property, the board beg to report its condition as follows:

All of said property, except the last two items, to-wit: 23 blued bayonets and 3 line officers' swords, is of no value to the state or to the National Guard. It has all of it apparently passed through a fire, and what was not ruined by contact with the flames has been rendered useless and unserviceable by reason of having been wet at the time of the fire and let lay for a number of years thereafter, so that the same is now mildewed and rusty.

OPINION.

The opinion of the board is that all of said property above listed, except the last two items, to wit: 23 blued bayonets and 3 officers' swords (line) should be condemned and sold in the manner provided by law and the rules and regulations.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN CARR,

Lieutenant Colonel, Second Regiment.

H. G. SHUHAM,

Captain Commanding Company D, Second Regiment.

C. R. DORR,

First Lieutenant, Company F, Second Regiment.

BOARD OF SURVEY.

EXHIBIT H.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., Dec. 9, 1889. }

General Order No. 17.

The following change in the N. G. W. is announced for the information of all concerned and will be observed:

RESIGNATIONS.

1. The resignation of Lieut. Col. W. W. Sprague, A. Q. M. General, First Brigade, Captain John F. Hemenway, commanding Company G and Captain Frederick Vunk, commanding C Company, Second Regiment, is accepted and elections hereby ordered to fill the vacancies created by the resignations of Captains Hemenway and Vunk.

PROMOTIONS.

First Lieutenant Paul P. Walsh, Company C, First Regiment, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Assistant Quartermaster General of the First Brigade, vice Sprague, resigned, with rank from November 1, 1889.

TRANSFERS.

Private Joseph L. Leweth, of Troop A, First Cavalry, is transferred to Company C, First Regiment, Tacoma, and will report for duty to Captain W. J. Fife, commanding said company.

DISCHARGES.

Upon recommendation of Company Commanders—First Regiment, Company C, Tacoma, Sergeant T. H. Sotzen; Corporal G. H. Walker; Privates C. N. Boyd, Samuel Brown, D. S. Bearnstein, J. P. Bell, J. H. Bell, P. W. Barton, O. D. Colvin, J. Dilhan, J. L. Eigholtz, C. Evans, C. P. Fritz, Geo. Gunn, C. B. Harris, B. B. Harlan, R. W. Haughey, A. G. Hawley, J. L. Hoffenzitz, I. B. Johnson, W. H. H. Keane, H. Kurtzman, E. G. Krider, C. A. Miller, H. K. Moore, Wm. H. Miller, A. T. Patrick, C. N. Powell, William Slater, B. F. Thompson and Fred. Schwartz.

Company D, Seattle, Sergeant John Brannan; Privates V. Goomel, W. Hansen, J. Y. Harrington, John Kelly, O. Olsen, R. Stanton, T. Todd, James H. Woolery.

Company H, Vancouver, Privates J. Barnett Carter, H. N. Frazier, Wm. Groll, Edward Hansen, Chas. E. Smith.

Second Regiment, Company A, Walla Walla, Privates O. E. Berry and R. A. Gaston.

Company B, Goldendale, Privates T. J. Duffield, D. W. Golden, Milton S. Jones, B. Fenton, W. H. Hodson, William Shuster.

Company C, Centerville, Corporal Peter Ahola; Privates R. M. Shoemaker and A. J. Ward.

Company D, Waitsburg, Privates John Kendall, Frank E. Sapp, L. D. Reavis.

The Board of Survey heretofore appointed under Special Order No. 5, General Headquarters, dated October 11th, 1889, having filed their report upon the property destroyed in the fire at Spokane Falls, Aug. 4th, 1889, for which Brigadier General A. P. Curry, commanding First Brigade, and Captain John F. Hemenway, commanding G Company, Second Regiment, are responsible, finding that said officers were in no way responsible for the loss of said property, and recommending that they each be exonerated from all liability therefor; and the Military Board having fully inquired into said report, and finding the facts to be as stated and recommend that said officers be relieved of the liability attaching to them by reason of said loss; therefore the said report and recommendation of the Military Board is hereby approved.

REGULATIONS.

The following regulation has been formulated by the Military Board, and will hereafter be strictly enforced:

Regulation No. 388½—Commanding officers of companies shall make to the Adjutant General, at the end of each quarter, commencing January 1st in each year, a report of all state property in their hands for which they are responsible; a report of all moneys received and expended during each quarter; a report of the attendance of members of their respective commands at regular drills and stated parades; and no money allowance shall be made to such officers for the quarter for which such report is in default until the same has been received.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN, *Adjutant General.*

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., Dec. 14, 1889. }

General Order No. 18.

With profound sorrow the Commander-in-Chief announces to the National Guard the death of Col. G. Morris Haller, Assistant Adjutant General; Lieutenant Colonel Thomas T. Minor, Brigade Surgeon, and Private Louis Cox, of Company E, First Regiment, who lost their lives by drowning on the 2d day of December, 1889.

The National Guard of Washington has lost two of its noblest and most efficient officers, and Company E one of its most beloved members. Their lives have gone out in the cold waters of Puget Sound, but the recollection of their virtues will be ever green in the memory of their comrades.

It is ordered that the usual military badge of mourning be worn by the members of the National Guard for the period of thirty days, and the flags over the different armories of the National Guard throughout the State be raised at half-staff from sunrise till sunset for a period of thirty days from this date.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN, *Adjutant General.*

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH, January, 18, 1890. }

General Order No. 1.

The following changes in the National Guard of Washington, and in the regulations, are announced for the government of the force:

I—RESIGNATIONS.

The resignation of Captain M. McCarthy, of Company A, Walla Walla, and Second Lieutenant E. T. Hibbard, of Company C, Centerville, of the Second Regiment, are accepted, to date from January 1, 1890, and the commanding officer of said regiment will at once order an election to fill the vacancies.

Captain M. McCarthy, having turned over to Lieutenant Thomas D. S. Hart, of said company, all the state property for which he was responsible on his bond, and filed the receipt of Lieutenant Hart for the same, and Lieutenant Hart having filed his bond for the proper care and custody of said property, Captain M. McCarthy is exonerated from further responsibility on said bond, and, with Lieutenant E. T. Hibbard, is granted an honorable discharge from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

II—COMMISSIONED.

George W. Billington, to be Captain of Company C, Second Regiment, vice Frederick Vunk, resigned, with rank from September 7, 1889.

J. F. Leghorn, of Company G, Second Regiment, to be Second Lieutenant of said company, vice John Hogan, resigned, with rank from April 11, 1889.

Second Lieutenant I. M. Howell, of Company C, First Regiment, to be First Lieutenant of said company, with rank from November 27, 1889, vice Paul P. Walsh, promoted.

First Sergeant James Ross, of the same company, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, First Regiment, with rank from November 27, 1889, vice I. M. Howell, promoted.

III—ADMISSION TO THE FORCE.

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Garretson, Assistant Quartermaster General, having filed his report of the muster of the recently formed company at Tacoma, under the command of Fred. A. Gaus, under the name of Tacoma Light Infantry, whereby it appears that said company has been organized in accordance with the provisions of the regulations of the National Guard of Washington, said company is hereby admitted and received into the

service of the National Guard of Washington, and are assigned to the First Regiment thereof, Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding, and will be known and designated as Company C of said regiment.

Colonel J. C. Haines will make the necessary detail for the examination as to the qualifications of the officers elect, as required by paragraph 151, regulations of the National Guard of Washington.

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Garretson, Assistant Quartermaster General, will issue to said company the arms and accoutrements shipped to him at Tacoma, as per General Order No. 16, series 1889, upon delivery to him of the necessary bond and receipts by the commanding officer of the said company, which he will forward to these headquarters immediately thereafter.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul d'Heirry, Assistant Inspector General, detailed by telegraph order dated December 11, 1889, to discharge the duty assigned to Colonel G. Morris Haller, per General Order No. 16, series 1889, having satisfactorily performed the duty, is relieved from further service therewith.

IV—REGULATIONS.

Upon the recommendation of the Military Board, paragraph 278 of the regulations of the National Guard of Washington is amended to read as follows:

“278. Honorable discharges will be granted for the following causes only: Expiration of term of service, disability and removal from the county, and for the good of the service. No discharge for disability shall be given except on the certificate of the surgeon of the regiment or battalion to which the person to be discharged belongs, and in case of an unattached company, of the brigade surgeon. This certificate must be filed with the Adjutant General, and the order discharging the person shall set forth this fact. Dishonorable discharge can only be made by order of a court martial.

“Copies of all orders announcing appointments, changes or transfers must be forwarded to all superior headquarters.

“Discharge for the good of the service may be made upon the recommendation of the company commander and the approval of the regimental and brigade commanders, which shall set out in full the reasons for such discharge.”

V—COMPANY BY-LAWS.

The following by-laws are promulgated by the Military Board for the civil government of those companies whose by-laws do not bear the approval of the board, as required by paragraph 314 of the regulations. Copies of the same can be procured from the Adjutant General upon application, to wit:

BY-LAWS OF COMPANY ———, ——— REGIMENT, N. G. W.

Believing that the public safety and the lives and property of our citizens are best protected when a well organized body of militia stands ready to support the police force, we, the undersigned, having formed ourselves into a volunteer military company, adopt the following by-laws, as supple-

mental to the Military Code of the State of Washington and the rules and regulations of the Military Board.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. The name of this company shall be "Company —, — Regiment, First Brigade, National Guard of Washington."

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The civil officers of this company shall be a Chairman, a Treasurer, a Secretary and an Armorer.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The Captain of the company shall be Chairman and preside at all meetings, except at the election of commissioned officers, as is otherwise provided by law. He shall perform such other duties as pertain to the office of Chairman. In the absence the Captain, the next ranking officer shall act as Chairman.

SEC. 2. The Treasurer shall receive and hold in trust all funds belonging to the company, and pay all orders drawn on him by the Secretary, and which are countersigned by the Chairman of the Finance Committee, keeping a correct account with the Secretary of all moneys received or paid out. He shall submit an annual statement of his account with the Secretary, showing the amount of money received and paid out on orders, and the balance on hand, such statement to be made at the last meeting of the company in each April, and at such other times as the company may direct. The Captain of the company is ex-officio Treasurer of the company. He shall, upon retiring from office, deliver to his successor all the books and moneys in his custody belonging to the company.

SEC. 3. The Secretary shall keep a correct roll of the members of this company. He shall keep full minutes of the proceedings of the company, which shall be open to the inspection of any member. He shall, within three days after the election of every member, inform him officially thereof through one of his proposers. He shall notify every committee, through their Chairman, of their appointment, and shall furnish him with all papers and documents that may be necessary for the transaction of the business referred to said committee. He shall furnish the First Sergeant with the roll of membership at each regular drill and parade. He shall open a separate account with each member of the company, charging him with such fines and assessments as may be imposed or levied, and crediting him when such fine or assessment is paid. He shall collect all fines and assessments and money coming to the company, and turn the same over to the Treasurer, taking his receipt for the same. He shall open an account with the Treasurer, charging him with all moneys paid him, and crediting him with all orders drawn upon him. He shall sign all orders drawn on the Treasurer. He shall submit his books and accounts and vouchers annually to

the Finance Committee for their examination, on the last meeting of the company in the month of April, and at such other times as the company may direct. He shall render a monthly statement to the company, showing the amounts collected for fines, assessments or otherwise, together with the names of all members in arrears, with the amounts due from each set opposite his respective name. He shall preserve all books and papers which may be entrusted to him by the company, and upon retiring from office deliver all company property in his possession or custody to his successor.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Any able-bodied male inhabitant of — county, State of Washington, over the age of eighteen years, and five feet in height, of good moral character, and who will take the oath of enlistment prescribed by law and subscribe to the by-laws of this company, may, upon his election, become a member of the same.

SEC. 2. The application for membership shall be in the form prescribed by the rules and regulations of the Military Board, and shall be signed by the applicant and endorsed by two members of the company. The application shall be handed to the Chairman of any regular meeting, and shall thereupon be read to the company. It shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the company room until the next regular meeting. All applicants shall present themselves to the commanding officer of the company within one week after their applications have been presented, and shall attend and take part in such drills and exercises as he shall designate for three consecutive weeks prior to balloting for election for such members.

SEC. 3. All elections of members shall be by ballot at any regular meeting subsequent to the presentation of the application; *providing, however*, that no candidate shall be balloted upon until he shall have complied with the provisions of the section next preceding. Three black balls shall reject the candidate, who, in that case, shall not again be presented for six months.

SEC. 4. Failure on the part of the member-elect to take the oath of enlistment and subscribe to the by-laws of the company within three weeks after election and notification shall disqualify him for membership, and his name shall not again be proposed for six months.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. Any member absenting himself, without reasonable excuse, from three consecutive company drills, or two consecutive monthly meetings, and member absenting himself from parade without a reasonable excuse, shall be liable to be reported for dishonorable discharge. All excuses for absences must be reported to the commanding officer of the company within one week after such delinquency.

SEC. 2. Any member neglecting to return his arms, accoutrements or other property of the company in his possession to its proper place imme-

diately after using the same, and any member who shall improperly interfere with those of another without the permission of the commanding officer shall be fined not less than one dollar, and in addition thereto shall be liable to be reported for court martial.

SEC. 3. All notices and orders (except such as required by law to be otherwise given) shall be considered as legally given when the same are posted on the bulletin board of the company.

SEC. 4. No member shall receive an honorable discharge until he shall have paid all fines and assessments due the company and shall have returned all property of the company in good order, or properly accounted for the same.

ARTICLE VI.

SECTION 1. The annual meeting of this company shall be on the last Monday in April.

SEC. 2. The regular business meetings of the company shall be on the last Monday in each month.

SEC. 3. Special meetings of the company shall be called by the commanding officer on his receiving a written request, signed by seven members of the company. Posting notice of such meeting on the bulletin board in the company room one week prior to the date thereof shall be sufficient notice to the members of such special meeting.

SEC. 4. Eight members at any meeting of this company shall constitute a quorum, and in all transactions not otherwise directed a majority shall govern. If a quorum shall not have assembled within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, those present may adjourn.

SEC. 5. The company shall meet for drill each Monday evening at 8:30 o'clock, and at such other times as shall be decided upon by a two-thirds vote of the members present at any regular meeting.

SEC. 6. The commissioned and non-commissioned officers shall meet for instruction at such times as the commanding officer may direct.

ARTICLE VII.

SECTION 1. The Finance Committee shall consist of the First Lieutenant, First Sergeant and the First Corporal, who shall examine and approve or disapprove of all bills and accounts referred to them, and shall audit the accounts of the Secretary and Treasurer annually, and at such other times as ordered by the company.

SEC. 2. Special committees may be appointed by the Chairman of any meeting of the company, for specific purposes, when ordered by the company.

ARTICLE VIII.

SECTION 1. The company may levy an assessment upon the members thereof, for company uses, by a two-thirds vote of the entire roll of membership.

SEC. 2 The following fines may be imposed, and unless remitted shall be paid to the Secretary:

ABSENCE FROM PARADE.

Commissioned officers.....	\$3 00
Non-commissioned officers.....	2 00
Privates.....	1 00

ABSENCE FROM DRILLS AND REGULAR MEETINGS.

Commissioned officers.....	\$1 00
Non-commissioned officers.....	50
Privates.....	25
Treasurer, Secretary and all members of committees, for neglect of duty, each offense.....	50

SEC. 3. All fines for absence or neglect of duty shall be imposed by the Chairman, at regular meetings, on the reading of the monthly report of the Secretary, whereupon the same shall be charged against such offending member. Credits shall be made only by money paid or upon a written statement from the commanding officer to the Secretary that such absence or neglect of duty has been accounted for by a reasonable excuse. The Secretary shall keep on file, with other papers of the company, all such orders from the commanding officer.

SEC. 4. Members on furlough and members on sick list shall not be subject to fines for non-attendance, but all members shall be subject alike to any assessment that the company may levy.

SEC. 5. Any member who permits his arrears to exceed the sum of three dollars shall be debarred from having a vote or voice in any matter coming before the company, and if he fails to liquidate the same within thirty days after having been notified in writing by the Secretary (which notice shall include a copy of this section), he may be reported for dishonorable discharge.

ARTICLE IX.

SECTION 1. The following shall be the order of business at all regular meetings of this company:

1. Roll call.
2. Election of officers (when ordered).
3. Reading of minutes of previous meeting.
4. Report of recruiting officer.
5. Balloting for candidates.
6. Presentation of bills and communications.
7. Report of standing committees.
8. Report of special committees.
9. Reading of Armorer's report.
10. Reading of Treasurer's report.
11. Reading of Secretary's report.
12. Levying of fines.

13. Unfinished business.
14. New business.
15. Good of the company.

ARTICLE X.

SECTION 1. No suspension of these by-laws shall be valid at any meeting of the company without the concurrence of two-thirds of the entire membership.

SEC. 2. All amendments or additions to these by-laws must be by concurrence of two-thirds of the entire membership of the company at any regular stated meeting, notice of such proposed amendments or additions having been given in writing at a previous stated meeting.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., February 16, 1890. }

General Order No. 2.

1. The boards of survey, appointed under Special Order No. 1, c. s., from these headquarters, dated January 23, 1890, having filed their report whereby they find that the military property for which Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding Second Regiment, and Captain C. S. Rinehart, commanding Company B of said Regiment, were responsible, was destroyed in the great fires at Spokane Falls, August, 2, 1889, and Golden-dale, May 13, 1888, and that the loss thereof was in nowise attributable to neglect or inattention on the part of the officers named, and recommending that said officers be relieved from responsibility in the premises, having been reviewed by this office, are approved, and Colonel E. W. Pike and Captain C. S. Rinehart exonerated upon their bond.

REGULATION.

2. SECTION 981. Wherever in the regulations, National Guard of Washington, the word "territory" appears, the word "state" will be substituted therefor, and all forms therein prescribed will be changed to conform herewith.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., May 12, 1890. }

General Order No. 3.

The following changes in the National Guard of Washington are announced:

STAFF OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.—Paymaster General, with the rank of Colonel, Henry Landes, of Port Townsend; Judge Advocate General, with the rank of Colonel, Charles E. Claypool, of Tacoma; Surgeon General, with the rank of Colonel, Dr. Edward L. Smith, Seattle; Chief of Ordnance, with the rank of Colonel, W. T. Sharpe, Seattle; Chief Signal Officer, with the rank of Colonel, J. Kennedy Stout, Spokane Falls; Chief of Engineers, with the rank of Colonel, J. D. McIntyre, North Yakima; Assistant Commissary General, with the rank of Colonel, Will L. Visscher, Fairhaven; Assistant Quartermaster General, with the rank of Colonel, Frank T. Gilbert, of Walla Walla; Assistant Inspector General, with the rank of Colonel, James R. Hayden, Seattle; Assistant Adjutant General, with the rank of Major, Charles H. Ayer, of Olympia; Aids-de-Camp, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, Clinton B. Ferry, of Tacoma; L. Frank Boyd, Spokane Falls; Charles Reichenbach, of Tacoma; C. M. Alkins, of Whatcom.

Captain J. W. Phillips, late in command of G Company, First Regiment; Captain John F. Hemenway, late in command of G Company, Second Regiment, and First Lieutenant John Jeckel, of C Company, Second Regiment, having turned over to their successors, and filed receipts for all property for which they were responsible, are hereby discharged from all obligations therefor upon their bonds and their bondsmen exonerated.

COMMISSIONED.

As Captain, Fred. A. Gaus; as First Lieutenant, W. S. Shank, and as Second Lieutenant, Herbert K. Relf, of Company G, First Regiment, at Tacoma, with rank from March 29th, 1890.

PROMOTIONS.

Captain E. M. Carr, commanding E Company, First Regiment, is promoted to be Assistant Adjutant General, with the rank of Colonel, on the staff of the Adjutant General, to date from May 12th, 1890; Lieutenant W. G. Wadham, of G Company, Second Regiment, to be Captain of said company, vice Hemenway resigned; Second Lieutenant J. S. Leghorn, of said company, to be First Lieutenant, vice Wadhams promoted; Corporal S. E. Brigham to be Second Lieutenant of said company, vice Leghorn promoted, to date from March 29th, 1890; Quartermaster Sergeant James H. Hill, of B Company, Second Regiment, to be Second Lieutenant of said company, with rank from February 15th, 1890; Frank Morris, of H Company, First Regiment, to be Second Lieutenant of said company, with rank from March 27th, 1890, vice Clark, deceased.

RESIGNATIONS.

The resignation of Captain Charles Hutscheck, of Company H, and First Lieutenant A. P. Brown, of D Company, First Regiment, is accepted, to date from May 12th, 1890. The resignation of Lieutenant Colonel J. T. Burns, of the Second Regiment, is accepted, to date from May 12th, 1890. The commanding officers of the respective regiments

will order elections to fill vacancies caused by the aforesaid resignations and promotions.

DISCHARGES.

Upon the recommendation of the Company Commanders, the following named persons are discharged from the service of the National Guard of Washington, for the good of the service, from this date:

Company C, First Regiment, Privates C. E. Blauvelt, A. T. Palmer, N. B. Brackenbrough, C. H. Miller, H. D. Voorhees, E. H. Magill, H. Hibbard, Colin Campbell. Company F, Second Regiment, Privates William Baird, Smith Baird, W. G. Mohundro, W. H. Newman, S. G. Thayer, C. H. Waterman. Honorable discharges, by reason of removal from the state: Company D, Privates, A. A. Wisemolet, T. H. Warford, T. D. Brown, D. T. Smith, N. K. Smythe, M. Exner. Company H, Private John Anderson, upon surgeon's certificate of physical disability.

NATIONAL FLAG.

From and after July 4, 1890, the field or Union of the national flag in use in the State of Washington will consist of forty-two (42) white stars in six rows of seven stars each in a blue field.

THE MANUAL OF GUARD.

The Manual of Guard Duty, prepared by Lieutenant L. W. Kennon, of the United States army, and published by authority of the war department, is adopted for the government of the N. G. W., in the performance of guard duty.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., June, 1890. }

General Order No. 4.

1. The First Brigade National Guard of Washington, Brigadier General A. P. Curry, Commanding, will hold an annual muster and camp of instruction on the 20th day of June, inst., at or near American Lake, in Pierce county, for the period of ten (10) days from said date.

2. Transportation will be furnished from the headquarters of the respective companies to the camp ground. Subsistence will be furnished by the Regimental Commissaries for one day while en route. Requisitions will at once be made by Regimental Commissaries for the number of rations required for the tour of duty. Transportation for the Second Regiment will be so arranged that Col. E. W. Pike, Commanding, will meet his command, together with Troop A, First Cavalry, at Pasco, on the 19th inst., and will take up the company at North Yakima and proceed on their way to Tacoma. Captains of companies will at once report the number of men that will probably answer for this tour of duty. The Second Regiment, on its arrival in Tacoma, will be joined by the First, and together will proceed to the place of encampment. Col. J. C.

Haines, commanding First Regiment, will make a detail of twenty (20) men from his command, with one sergeant and two corporals, to report to the quartermaster of his regiment, who will proceed on the 18th inst., with two days' rations, to the camp ground and lay out and establish the camp, reporting to Lieut. Col. H. F. Garretson, A. Q. M., at Tacoma, for instructions. Commanding officers of regiments and troops cavalry will at once report by telegraph to these headquarters the number of men and horses for which transportation will be necessary. Captains of cavalry companies will furnish one day's rations and forage for their men and horses from their headquarters to the place of encampment, and will keep a correct account of same and present all claims to the Adjutant General, duly verified.

3. The following hours of service and roll calls are hereby established for the encampment of 1890:

Reveille (assembly of trumpeters).....	5:30 A. M.
Stable call and assembly for roll call.....	Immediately after reveille.
Breakfast call.....	6:30 A. M.
Sick call.....	7:00 A. M.
Fatigue call.....	7:30 A. M.
School of officers.....	7:30 A. M.
Guard mounting.....	8:30 A. M.
Guard details (assembly of trumpeters).....	

At this call the guard details will form and be inspected by the First Sergeant, and the band will march to the regimental parade.

Adjutant's call.....	8:45 A. M.
To be sounded by all the trumpeters (at a signal from the Adjutant), followed by a march from the band. At this call the guard details will be conducted to the regimental parade by the First Sergeant.	
Re-called from fatigue (by a musician of the Guard).....	9:15 A. M.
Water call.....	9:30 A. M.
Battalion drill (assembly of trumpeters).....	
Drill call (boots and saddles).....	10:00 A. M.
Assembly.....	Immediately after drill call.
Adjutant's call.....	10:05 A. M.

To be sounded by all the trumpeters, followed by the march. At this call all the companies will be marched to the regimental parade to form the battalion line; after which music will form for practice.

Re-call from drill (by musician of the Guard).....	11:30 A. M.
First Sergeant's call.....	11:45 A. M.
Dinner call.....	12:00 M.
School call (non-commissioned officers).....	1:30 P. M.
Drill call for skirmish drill, by companies or regiments (boots and saddles).....	2:30 P. M.
Assembly.....	Immediately after drill call.
Re-call from drill (by musician of the Guard).....	4:00 P. M.
Stable call.....	4:30 P. M.
Supper call.....	5:00 P. M.

Dress parade (assembly of trumpeters).....	5:45 P. M.
Adjutant's call (to be sounded by all the trumpeters).....	6:00 P. M.

At this call the Adjutant and the Sergeant Majors of the regiments and the band (the latter playing) will march to the regimental parade, and the battalion line be formed.

Retreat..... At sunset.

At dress parade, retreat is sounded after the return of the band to its position in line. When there is no dress parade, the band assembles at the first call for retreat, and the companies form for roll call the same as at reveille and tattoo.

Band practice.....	7:00 P. M.
Tattoo (assembly of trumpeters).....	9:30 P. M.
Roll call.....	Immediately after tattoo.
Taps (by the musicians of the Guard).....	10:00 P. M.

4. The assembly of trumpeters will be sounded ten (10) minutes before all stated roll calls, except reveille and dress parade, which will be fifteen minutes before.

5. Sunday inspections will take place at 8 A. M., and divine service at such hours as may be ordered by the Brigade Commander. There will be no drills on Sunday. Morning reports must be sent to the office of the regimental adjutants by 8 o'clock A. M. Regimental surgeons will send their sick reports by the same hour. The reports of regiments and battalions must be in the office of the commanding officer of the camp at 9 A. M., at the latest, accompanied by the reports of the companies and troops.

6. Schools of instruction will be ordered by company officers of the respective companies. If the weather or other circumstances make it necessary to omit the drills, immediately after the first hour for drill the guard details which came off duty the preceding day will be assembled and thoroughly police the camp. The officer of the guard is charged with the prompt sounding of the calls. When (for any purpose) drill is suspended, re-call from drill will be sounded immediately after the first call for drill.

7. Challenging will commence at tattoo and cease at reveille.

8. Brigadier General A. P. Curry will command the camp.

9. No intoxicating liquors shall be sold on or near the camp ground.

The following manual for pitching and striking tents is published for the information and guidance of the National Guard:

COMMON TENT.

10. *Required:* Two upright poles and one ridge pole, twenty-four 16-inch pins and two hatchets.

To Pitch the Tent.

11. *With four men*, designated alternately odd or even numbers.

a. The even numbers, one at each end, place the ridge pole in the ridge of the tent. Each odd number inserts the iron spindle of an upright in the corresponding hole of the ridge pole, and, assisted by an

even number, thrusts it through the grommet in his end of the ridge of the tent.

b. The odd numbers at the uprights, assisted by the even numbers, raise the tent into position, taking care to place the front upright on the established line, and the other on a line perpendicular thereto at this point, both holes vertical.

c. The odd numbers maintain the uprights vertical until the corner eave-lines are attached to their pins. The even numbers make fast the door, and while one drives a pin against the front of the front pole, and hooks into its notch both of the foot-stops or loops of the middle seams in the door of the tent, the other performs the same operation against the rear pole for the single foot-stop in the middle seam of the rear face of the tent.

d. The pins for the corner foot-stops are next driven in a similar manner by the even numbers, first for the front corners, and then for the rear corners, being careful to drive the front pins on the established line, and preserve the rectangular outline of the tent.

e. The even numbers similarly drive the pins for the corner eave-lines, at points four times as far to the right or left as to the front or rear, tightening the lines by means of the metallic slips, the conditions being that the eave-lines shall preserve the direction of the roof-pitch, and the walls remain vertical.

f. The tent will now stand alone. The odd numbers drive pins through the remaining foot-stops, aligning them upon adjacent corners. The even numbers drive pins for the remaining eave-lines in the prolongation of the roof seams to which they are attached, tightening them as before.

The notches of all tent pins will be turned outward; foot-stop pins will also incline slightly in the same direction, and those of the eave-lines will be nearly perpendicular to them.

When properly pitched the tent will not wrinkle or sag.

With fewer men the same principles will govern.

If the poles are too long, they will be sunk in the ground sufficiently not cut off.

To Strike the Tent.

12. One hour after "the General," *attention* will be sounded, immediately subsequent to which tents will be struck by three drum taps or trumpet notes.

At the first signal all the foot-stops and eave-lines will be detached from their pins except the four corner eave-lines.

At the second signal the odd numbers stand by the uprights, the even numbers detach the right flank eave-lines from their pins, and all hands maintain the tent in position.

At the third signal the tents will be lowered simultaneously towards the left flank.

With fewer men the same principles will govern.

After lowering, every tent will be neatly folded with its pins inside, and placed on its floor or former site.

WALL TENT.

13. *Required:* Two upright poles and one ridge pole, ten 24-inch double-notched and eighteen 10-inch pins, two hatchets, and one large mallet or axe.

14. The operation of pitching is similar to that already described for the common tent, with the following differences:

a. The spindles are likewise thrust through the corresponding grommets in the fly.

b. The fly is raised with the tent.

c. Same.

d. Same.

e. The lower notches are employed for the eave-lines of the tent, the upper for those of the fly, which are attached last. The even numbers work at the same pins — one holding, the other driving.

f. Same.

HOSPITAL TENT.

15. Same as for the wall tent, with the following differences: This tent requires eighteen 26-inch double-notched pins and twenty-eight 16-inch pins.

16. The operation of striking both wall and hospital tents is similar to that described for the common tent.

DRESS PARADE OF A BRIGADE.

The dress parade of a brigade is conducted as follows:

All the mounted officers remain mounted.

The brigade is formed in line of battalion in *double column*.

The colonels are twelve yards in front of the centers of their regiments, the lieutenant colonel and majors as explained in the formation of a three-battalion regiment; the battalion adjutants and sergeant majors are two yards to the right and left, respectively, of the front rank of the leading division of their battalion; the remaining officers of the battalion staff are one yard to the right of the battalion adjutant; the regimental adjutant and sergeant major are two yards to the right and left, respectively, of the battalion staff and sergeant major of the left battalion of the regiment; the remaining officers of the regimental staff are one yard to the right of the regimental adjutant; the remaining members of the non-commissioned staffs of the battalion are on a line equal to the front of the column, three yards in rear of their battalions, and those of the non-commissioned staff of the regiment six yards in rear of the color battalion.

The brigade band, in the absence of the signal company or pioneers, is twenty-four yards to the right of the first regiment.

The Adjutant General is three yards to the right of the staff of the first regiment.

The General takes post facing the line, at a convenient distance in front of its center, his staff, excepting the Adjutant General, in single rank, six yards in his rear, the orderlies three yards in rear of the staff.

The Adjutant General having commanded *colors and guide posts*,

the Colonels, beginning on the right, successively face about, bring their regiments to *order arms, parade rest*, and then face to the front; the band then plays in front of the line of colonels to the left of the brigade, and back to its post on the right.

The music having ceased, the Adjutant General moves four yards to the front, wheels to the left, halts, and commands:

1. *Battalions*, 2. ATTENTION, 3. *Carry*, 4. ARMS.

The Adjutant General then passes in rear of the field officers to the center of the line, wheels to the right, halts midway between the line of field officers and the General, wheels to the left about, and commands:

1. *Present*, 2. ARMS.

The arms being presented, the Adjutant General wheels to the left about and salutes. If the parade be commanded by the General, the colors salute, and the trumpeters or field music sound the flourishes or ruffles.

The Adjutant General having saluted, reports: *Sir! The parade is formed*; the General acknowledges the salute with the right hand, and directs the Adjutant General: *Take your post, Sir*; the Adjutant General takes his post three yards to the left and one yard to the rear of the General, passing by his right and rear.

The Adjutant General having taken his post, the General and his staff draw swords; the General then commands:

1. *Carry*, 2. ARMS.

And adds such exercises in the manual of arms as he may desire, concluding with *order arms*. The Colonels, unless otherwise ordered, repeat the commands.

The General then directs the Adjutant General to receive the reports and returns his sword; the staff return swords at the same time.

The Adjutant General passes around the right of the General, advances towards the line, halts midway between the general and the line of field officers, and commands:

1. *Regimental Adjutants to the front and center*, 2. MARCH.

At the first command the Regimental Adjutants advance to the front and face towards the center; at the second command they march to the center, passing in rear of the line of field officers, and successively face to the front.

The Adjutant General then commands: REPORT, when the Adjutants, commencing on the right, salute and report: (Such) *regiment present or accounted for*; or, (such) *regiment (so many) officers and enlisted men are absent*.

The Adjutant General then commands:

1. *Regimental Adjutants to your posts*, 2. MARCH.

At the second command the Adjutants return to their posts; the Adjutant General then wheels to the left about, salutes and reports: *Sir! all*

are present or accounted for; or, *Sir!* (so many) *officers and enlisted men are absent.*

The General acknowledges the salute, and directs the Adjutant General: *Dismiss the parade, Sir.*

The Adjutant General wheels to the left about, and commands: *Parade is dismissed*, when all the field officers return their swords and face toward the center.

The Adjutant General having returned his sword, all the field officers close up the center, and successively face to the front, the Colonels forming upon the nearest flank of the line; the two field officers next the center preserve the interval for the Adjutant General, who passes through the interval three yards to the rear, when he wheels about and halts; all the field officers having faced to the front, the Adjutant General moves up to his place and commands:

1. *Forward*, 2. *Guide center*, MARCH.

On approaching the General, the Adjutant General commands:

1. *Officers*, 2. HALT.

At the command *halt*, given at six yards from the General, the officers halt and salute with the right hand; the General returns the salute, and gives such instructions as he may deem necessary, after which the field officers return to their respective commands, and the Colonels conduct their regiments to their parade grounds and dismiss them.

The music is resumed as the field officers rejoin their commands, and the band continues to play until the regiments clear the brigade parade ground.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
CAMP FERRY, WASH., June 26, 1890. }

General Order No. 5.

The following changes in the National Guard of the state are announced for the information of the service:

PROMOTIONS.

Captain John Carr, of F Company, Second Regiment, to be Lieutenant Colonel of said regiment, with rank from June 9, 1890. He will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

ELECTION.

C. M. Riddell, of Tacoma, to be Major of the First Regiment, with rank from June 21, 1890. He will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
CAMP FERRY, WASH., June 27, 1890. }

General Order No. 6.

The following change in the National Guard of Washington is announced for the good of the service:

James M. Ashton having been elected as Captain. James H. Barry as First Lieutenant, and James M. Dongan, Second Lieutenant, of Troop B, First Cavalry, they are commissioned as such, with rank from June 27, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., July 23, 1890. }

General Order No. 7.

The following changes in the National Guard are announced for the information of the force:

1. Captain Chas. B. Johnston, of Troop A, First Cavalry, is commissioned as Major of the First Cavalry Battalion, National Guard of Washington, with rank from June 28, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

2. The commanding officer of the First Battalion, First Regiment Cavalry, will order an election to fill the vacancies created by the promotion of Major Johnston.

3. Captain John Carr, of F Company, Second Regiment Infantry, is commissioned as Lieutenant Colonel of said Regiment, with rank from June 9, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

4. Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding said Regiment, will order an election to fill the vacancies created by the promotion of Lieutenant Colonel Carr.

5. The company commanded by Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, at North Yakima, attached to the Second Regiment, is hereby designated and will hereafter be known as E Company of said regiment.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., September 9, 1890. }

General Order No. 8.

1. Before a General Court Martial, convened by Special Order No. 9, C. S., from these headquarters, and of which Lieut. Col. John Carr is president, was tried Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, N. G. W.

CHARGE 1: Conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d Article of War.

With sundry specifications to the said charge. To which charge and the specifications thereto, the accused, Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, pleads as follows:

Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham filed a plea denying the jurisdiction of the court, which plea being overruled by the court, and he declining to appear further in defense of said charge, the plea of "Not guilty" is entered.

FINDINGS AND SENTENCE.

The Court having maturely considered the case, finds the accused, Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Infantry, N. G. W.—

- Of the first specification—Not guilty.
- Of the second specification—Not guilty.
- Of the third specification—Not guilty.
- Of the fourth specification—Not guilty.
- Of the fifth specification—Not guilty.
- Of the sixth specification—Not guilty.
- Of the seventh specification—Not guilty.
- Of the eighth specification—Guilty.
- Of the charge—Guilty.

And the court does therefore sentence him, the said W. H. Gorham, Second Lieut. Company D, First Regiment, N. G. W., to be dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

2. The proceedings, findings and sentence in the case of Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Regiment, N. G. W., is approved, and Second Lieut. W. H. Gorham, Company D, First Regiment, Infantry, N. G. W., is dismissed from the service of the National Guard of Washington.

3. The General Court Martial, convened by Special Order No. 9, C. S., is hereby dissolved.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., September 8, 1890. }

General Order No. 9.

G. H. Jones and associates, seeking admission into the National Guard of Washington, as a volunteer company from Port Townsend; J. J. Weisenberger and associates, seeking admission into the National Guard of Washington, as a volunteer company, from Whatcom; and E. A. Morton and associates, seeking admission into the National Guard of Washington, as a volunteer company, from Aberdeen, having submitted a proposition to the military board that, if admitted, they will purchase their own uniforms until such time as the state military fund can make good to them the cost thereof; and further, that they will bear the ex-

penses incident to an armory, without reclamation to the state, until such time as the state can meet such expenses; and said proposition having been considered by the military board, and its acceptance recommended, it is hereby ordered that they be admitted into the National Guard of Washington upon the proposition mentioned.

It is further recommended by said board, that if J. E. Frost and his associates, at Ellensburg, Kittitas county; F. S. Stiles and his associates, at Colfax, Whitman county; Clarence G. Gammon and his associates, at Pomeroy, Garfield county, seeking admission into the National Guard of Washington, as volunteer companies from said places, shall confirm the proposition above mentioned by a like submission, that they be admitted as volunteer companies into the National Guard of Washington, under similar conditions.

It is, therefore, ordered that G. H. Jones and his associates, at Port Townsend; J. J. Weisenberger and his associates, at Whatcom; E. A. Morton and his associates, at Aberdeen, be and they are hereby admitted as volunteer companies into the National Guard of Washington, and shall be designated as follows:

The company at Whatcom, as F Company.

The company at Port Townsend, as I Company.

The company at Aberdeen, as K Company.

And are assigned to the First Regiment, National Guard of Washington, Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding.

Lieutenant Colonel Albert White, Assistant Commissary General, will inspect and muster Company K at Aberdeen, on Wednesday, the 17th day of September, 1890.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul d'Heiry, Assistant Inspector General, will inspect and muster Company F at Whatcom, on Wednesday, September 17, 1890.

Colonel Henry Landes, Paymaster General, will inspect and muster the company at Port Townsend, on Wednesday, September 17, 1890.

And said mustering officers will make report at the earliest moment possible.

Upon the receipt of the indorsement of the proposition made by Companies F, I and K, above named, by the companies at Ellensburg, Colfax and Pomeroy, officers will be detailed to inspect and muster said companies into the state service.

DISCHARGES.

Honorable discharge from the service of the National Guard of Washington, by reason of removal from the state, is granted to Private J. L. Dittmore and Private Chas. L. Dittmore, of Company F, Second Regiment, at Dayton.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., September 23, 1890. }

General Order No. 10.

Clarence G. Gammon and his associates, at Pomeroy, Garfield county, having, in writing, confirmed the proposition made by Companies F, I and K, of the First Regiment, N. G. W., recited in General Order No. 9, dated September 8, 1890, general headquarters, to wit: To purchase, at their own expense, the clothing necessary to uniform their company, until such time as the state can commute the same, the said Clarence G. Gammon and his associates are admitted as a volunteer company into the National Guard of Washington from this date.

Captain E. B. Wise, A. D. C., will inspect and muster said company at Pomeroy, on the 2d day of October, 1890, and make report thereof at the earliest moment possible.

DISCHARGES.

Upon the recommendation of Captain W. G. Wadhams, commanding G Company, Second Regiment, privates J. M. Murphy, H. J. Hooker and E. T. Whinnery, of said company, are this day discharged from the service of the National Guard of Washington, for the good of the service.

PROMOTIONS.

First Lieutenant Eugene B. Wise, Adjutant Second Regiment, N. G. W., is promoted to be Aide-de-Camp on the staff of the Adjutant General, with the rank of Captain, from August 1, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly. First Lieutenant W. R. Thornell, to be Captain of E Company, First Regiment, *vice* Carr, promoted. Second Lieutenant William J. Grambs, to be First Lieutenant of said company, *vice* Thornell, promoted. Fourth Sergeant Edward B. Ingraham, to be Second Lieutenant of said company, *vice* Grambs, promoted, and shall hold said offices with rank from June 17, 1890.

COMMISSIONED.

Colonel Henry Landes, Paymaster General and Special Mustering Officer, having filed his report whereby it appears that George H. Jones has been elected Captain, Charles B. Wood, First Lieutenant, and N. S. Snyder, Second Lieutenant of Company I, First Regiment, at Port Townsend, they are hereby announced as such, respectively, with rank from September 17, 1890.

Lieutenant Colonel Albert White, Assistant Commissary General and Special Mustering Officer, having filed his report of the muster of Company K, First Regiment, at Aberdeen, Chehalis county, whereby it appears that A. E. Morton has been elected Captain, D. E. Dunbar, First Lieutenant, and Charles T. D'Losh, Second Lieutenant of said company, they are hereby announced as such, respectively, with rank from September 17, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul d'Heiry, Assistant Inspector General, having filed his report of the muster of F Company, First Regiment, at Whatcom, whereby it appears that J. J. Weisenberger was elected Captain, W. C.

Gregory was elected First Lieutenant, and Wm. M. Leach was elected Second Lieutenant, they are hereby announced as such, respectively, with rank from September 17, 1890, and will be respected accordingly.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., October, 1890. }

General Order No. 11.

The following changes in the National Guard of Washington are announced:

ELECTIONS.

Captain E. B. Wise, A. D. C., having filed his report of the muster of the Volunteer Company organized at Pomeroy, Garfield county, whereby it appears that Harry St. George is elected Captain; Elmer R. Brady, First Lieutenant and John W. Murphy, Second Lieutenant; they are announced as such respectively, with rank from October 2, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment, having filed his report of the muster of the Volunteer Company at Ellensburg, Kittitas county, whereby, it appears that J. E. Frost is elected Captain; J. T. Becker, First Lieutenant, and J. T. Armstrong, Second Lieutenant, of said company; they are announced as such respectively, with rank from October 4, 1890, and will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

Said companies are designated and will be known as follows:

The company at Pomeroy, as H Company.

The company at Ellensburg, as A Company, and are hereby attached to the Second Infantry Regiment, Colonel E. W. Pike, Commanding.

PROMOTED.

Second Lieutenant E. H. Fox, of F Company, Second Regiment, to be Captain of said company, with rank from August 4, 1890, *vice* Carr, promoted.

Private C. A. Booker, of F Company, to be Second Lieutenant of said company *vice* Fox, promoted, with rank from August 4, 1890.

RESIGNED.

The resignation of First Lieutenant F. J. Grant, Quartermaster First Regiment, is accepted to date, from October 4, 1890.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., October 30, 1890. }

General Order No. 12.

The following changes in the National Guard of Washington are announced:

APPOINTMENTS.

Martin D. Smith, of Spokane Falls, to be Adjutant of the First Cavalry Battalion, with rank of First Lieutenant, from October 14, 1890. First Lieutenant L. R. Dawson, B Company, First Regiment, to be Surgeon of said regiment, with rank of Major from June 29, 1890, *vice* Churchill, removed. Private N. B. Brooks, of B Company, Second Regiment, to be Adjutant of said regiment, with rank of First Lieutenant from November 10, 1890, *vice* Wise, promoted. They will be respected and obeyed accordingly.

RESIGNATION.

The resignation of Captain W. G. Wadhams, commanding G Company, Second Regiment, at Spokane Falls, is accepted, to date from November 20, 1890.

The Colonel commanding said regiment will order an election to fill the vacancy thus created.

Captain Wadhams will turn over to his successor all state property, for which he is responsible, taking receipts in duplicate therefor, one of which he will forward to this office.

HONORABLE DISCHARGE.

Corporal Norman O. Booth, of B Company, First Regiment, at Seattle, upon certificate of the Regimental Surgeon, is granted an honorable discharge from the service of the National Guard of Washington, to date from May 28, 1890. Cause, physical disability.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OLYMPIA, WASH., November 15, 1890. }

General Order No. 13.

The following changes in the National Guard of Washington are announced for the information of all concerned:

RESIGNED.

The resignation of First Lieutenant J. F. Leghorn, of Company G, Second Regiment, at Spokane Falls, is accepted, to take effect November 20, 1890. The commanding officer of said regiment will call an election to fill the vacancy thus created.

DISCHARGED.

Upon the recommendation of his immediate commander, Third Sergeant John H. Needham, Company E, Second Regiment, is granted an honorable discharge from the service of the National Guard of Washington, to date from November 10, 1890.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OLYMPIA, WASH., November 29, 1890. }

General Order No. 14.

The application for re-hearing filed by W. H. Gorham, in the case of the State of Washington vs. W. H. Gorham, having been reviewed by the Commander-in-Chief, the same is denied.

HONORABLE DISCHARGE.

From the service of the National Guard of Washington, by reason of removal from the state and residence so far from the command as to be unable to attend company drills, and perform duty, is hereby granted to Private George M. Eddy, Company B, Second Regiment, Goldendale; Private John C. Adams, Company B, Second Regiment, Goldendale; Private Sherman Cooley, Company B, Second Regiment, Goldendale; Private C. R. Harris, Company E, Second Regiment; Corporal Samuel D. Crawford, Company B, Second Regiment, Goldendale. To take effect from December 1, 1890.

COMMISSIONS.

Sergeant Major Geo. W. Baker, Second Regiment, to be First Lieutenant and Paymaster of said regiment, *vice* D. C. Guernsey, resigned, with rank from November 20, 1890.

Rev. J. T. Eshelman, North Yakima, as Chaplain of the Second Regiment, with rank of Captain, from November 1, 1889.

Dr. Allen Bonebrake, to be Assistant Surgeon, Second Regiment, with rank of Captain, from November 1, 1889.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

It appearing from the records of the Adjutant General's office that there is no evidence of eligibility, so much of General Order No. 5, c. s., as relates to the election and commission of C. M. Riddell to be Major of the First Infantry Regiment, National Guard of Washington, is hereby set aside and held for naught. The Colonel commanding said regiment will call an election to fill the vacancy.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OLYMPIA, WASH., December 5, 1890. }

General Order No. 15.

It becomes the sad duty of the Commander-in-Chief to announce the death, by drowning, at Anacortes, on the 4th inst., of Brigadier General George D. Hill, Captain U. S. A., retired, lately commanding the First Brigade, National Guard of Washington.

General Hill was one of the first to answer his country's call to arms at the outbreak of the rebellion, and served faithfully through the first battle at Bull Run until the final victory at Appomattox, making for himself a record of which he was justly proud. At Appomattox, while in the performance of a most daring duty, he received a wound which

deprived him of his left arm, wearing as a memento through life a badge of particular honor.

At the close of the war, he entered the regular army, and was retired with the rank of Captain; February 8, 1886, he was appointed Lieutenant Colonel and Assistant Commissary General, and rendered valuable services in suppressing the riots in Seattle during the Chinese excitement; March 9, 1886, assigned to duty as Lieutenant Colonel commanding the First Battalion, N. G. W.; elected Brigadier General November —, 1886, in which position he rendered most valuable service in the organization of the National Guard of this state.

The death of General Hill takes from our midst a man of the warmest heart, staunchest friendship, and most genial character. Ever true to his duty, firm in his friendship, and generous to those in need or distress. His memory will be revered by the many who are left behind.

It is ordered that all company armories be draped in respect to his memory, and that the usual badge of mourning be worn for the period of thirty days.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

EXHIBIT I.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., January 23, 1890. }

Special Order No. 1.

1. The proceedings of the court martial convened at Walla Walla pursuant to Special Order No. 8, dated Headquarters Second Regiment, National Guard of Washington, September 10, 1889, and the findings thereunder in the cases of privates Ephriam Jacobs, Fred. Colt and James Britton, of Company A, of the Second Regiment, having been reviewed by the Judge Advocate General, and he having returned the same with his endorsement of the action of the said court martial, the said findings and sentences of said court are hereby approved, and the commanding officer of said company is ordered to carry into effect the sentence of the court.

2. A board of survey will convene at Spokane Falls on the 3d day of February, 1890, to examine and report upon certain property of the Second Regiment Band reported as lost in the fire of August 2, 1889, for which Colonel E. W. Pike is responsible. Detail for board:

Major G. W. Greene, Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant J. J. White, A. D. C., First Brigade.

First Lieutenant W. G. Wadhams, Company G, Second Regiment.

3. A board of survey will convene at Goldendale, Klickitat county, on the 3d day of February, 1890, to examine and report upon certain property reported burned in the fire at Goldendale on the 13th day of May, 1888, for which Captain C. S. Rinehart is responsible. Detail for board:

Captain Geo. W. Billington, Company C, Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant E. B. Wise, Adjutant Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant R. D. McCully, Company B, Second Regiment.

The above named boards of survey will discharge the duty assigned on the date named, and report their findings at once to the Adjutant General.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
OLYMPIA, WASH., May 12, 1890. }

Special Order No. 4.

A general Court Martial is hereby appointed to meet at Seattle on the first day of June, 1890, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of

Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company D, First Regiment, and such other prisoners as may be brought before it.

Detail for the court:

1. Captain H. G. Shuham, Company D, Second Regiment.
2. Captain John Carr, Company F, Second Regiment.
3. Captain C. S. Rienhart, Company B, Second Regiment.
4. Captain Chas. B. Johnson, Troop A, First Cavalry.
5. First Lieutenant Edwin S. Isaacs, Quartermaster Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant Eugene J. Fellows, Judge Advocate.

The court will sit without regard to hours.

No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
CAMP FERRY, WASH., June 27, 1890. }

Special Order No. 5.

1. Upon the recommendation of the Military Board, the application of James M. Ashton and his associates, of Tacoma, for admission into the National Guard of Washington as a Volunteer Cavalry Company, is hereby granted.

2. Said Ashton and his associates will assemble at Camp Ferry on Friday, June 27th, inst., for the purposes of election of officers, inspection and muster.

3. Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will preside at said election of officers, and inspect and muster said company.

4. Said company, upon muster, will be known, and are hereby designated, as Troop B, First Cavalry, N. G. W.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
CAMP FERRY, WASH., June 27, 1890. }

Special Order No. 6.

Brigadier General A. P. Curry will prepare his brigade for inspection of troops and quarters in camp at the hour of 10 a. m., June 29, 1890. Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will inspect the First Brigade at the time designated, taking account of supplies needed to complete equipment; also, any surplus of supplies in the hands of troops, and report in detail at once to headquarters.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
CAMP FERRY, WASH., June 27, 1890. }

Special Order No. 7.

1. The commissioned officers of Troops A and B, First Cavalry, will assemble in convention at Camp Ferry on June 28th, inst., for the purpose of perfecting a Battalion organization, and electing a Major therefor.

2. Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will preside at said election and report thereon at the earliest moment.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OLYMPIA, WASH., July 31, 1890. }

Special Order No. 8.

Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will inspect and report upon the condition and loss of 50 stands Springfield breech loading rifles, 50 calibre, and a similar number of bayonets, cartridge boxes and waist belts issued to E. W. Young, Captain Geo. H. Thomas Camp, No. 1, Sons of Veterans, reported destroyed in the recent fire in the city of Seattle. Colonel Carr will inquire into and report upon the responsibility attaching to said E. W. Young for said loss, and inspect and report upon the condition of such arms and equipments as may have been saved from said fire, with a view of establishing the liability for the moneyed value of said arms and equipments.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OLYMPIA, WASH., August, 9, 1890. }

Special Order No. 9.

For good and sufficient reasons, Captain C. S. Rinehart, of Company B, Second Regiment, and First Lieutenant E. J. Fellows, Judge Advocate, heretofore appointed upon the Court Martial, convened by Special Order No. 4, dated May 12, 1890, for the trial of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company G, First Regiment, are excused from further service thereon, and Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, of E. Second Regiment, North Yakima, and First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, F Company, Second Regiment, Dayton, are assigned as members of said Court in stead.

The general Court Martial heretofore appointed to meet at Seattle, under the provisions of Special Order No. 4, as now detailed, will consist of:

Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment.

Major Chas. B. Johnston, First Cavalry, Battalion.

Captain H. G. Shuham, Company D, Second Regiment.
 Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, Company E, Second Regiment.
 First Lieutenant Edwin S. Isaacs, Quartermaster, Second Regiment.
 Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Judge Advocate.

Said Court will meet in the city of Seattle on Saturday, August 16, 1890, for the trial of Second Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of Company G, First Regiment, and such others as may be brought before it. The Court will sit without regard to hours. No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., August 13, 1890. }

Special Order No. 10.

1. For good and sufficient reasons, Captain J. C. MacCrimmon, commanding E Company, Second Regiment, is excused from serving upon the Court Martial announced in Special Order No. 9, for the trial of Lieutenant W. H. Gorham, of D Company, First Regiment, at Seattle, and Second Lieutenant E. H. Fox, of F Company, Second Regiment, Dayton, is hereby detailed to fill the vacancy.

2. Said Court will convene on Monday, August 18th, instead of the 16th inst., as in Special Order No. 9, announced.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., September 6, 1890. }

Special Order No. 11.

The report of Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, of an inspection upon the arms and accoutrements burned in a recent fire at Seattle, for which Captain E. W. Young, of Geo. H. Thomas Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, is responsible, and his finding that, of the 50 calibre Springfield breech loading rifles issued to said Captain E. W. Young, 44 of said number, with 32 waist belts and plates, were destroyed, damaged and rendered unfit for service; and the further finding that no liability whatever can be attached to said Captain E. W. Young for the loss of such property or for the damage to the property now in his possession, is approved. Said E. W. Young and the sureties upon his bond are exonerated from all blame and liability therefor.

Captain E. W. Young will turn over to Lieutenant F. J. Grant, Quartermaster of First Regiment, such arms and equipments as he may have in

his possession in a damaged condition, for shipment to the Quartermaster General.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., September 6, 1890. }

Special Order No. 12.

Pursuant to section 11 of the act of the Legislature of the State of Washington, entitled "An act providing for the organization, maintenance and discipline of the State Militia," approved March 27, 1890, the Field and Line Officers of the National Guard of Washington will assemble in convention, at the city of North Yakima, on the first Monday in October, being the 6th day of said month, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, for the purpose of electing a Brigadier General and an Adjutant General of the National Guard of Washington for the ensuing four years from the first Monday in January, 1891.

Colonel J. C. Haines will preside.

All officers to appear, as far as possible, in full uniform.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, R. G. O'BRIEN, *Adjutant General.*

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON, }
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
 OLYMPIA, WASH., September 9, 1890. }

Special Order No. 13.

Brigadier General R. G. O'Brien, Adjutant General and Inspector General, will visit and inspect each company of the National Guard of Washington, at their respective armories, on the dates following, to-wit:

Companies B, D and E, First Regiment, at Seattle, on the 25th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company C, First Regiment, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company G, First Regiment, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 9 o'clock P. M.

Troop B, First Cavalry Battalion, at Tacoma, on the 26th day of September, 1890, at 9 o'clock P. M.

Company H, First Regiment, at Vancouver, on the 27th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company B, Second Regiment, at Goldendale, on the 29th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company C, Second Regiment, at Centerville, on the 30th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company D, Second Regiment, at Waitsburg, on the 1st day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Company F, Second Regiment, at Dayton, on the 2d day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Troop A, First Cavalry Battalion, at Sprague, on the 3d day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Company E, Second Regiment, at North Yakima, on the 4th day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Company G, Second Regiment, at Spokane Falls, on the 7th day of October, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

The Captains of the companies above named will muster their commands, on the dates above designated, in heavy marching order, preparing their records, arms and equipments for thorough inspection, making exhibit of all state property in their possession, and will have their muster roll presented in triplicate to the inspecting officer.

Colonel E. M. Carr, Assistant Adjutant General, will accompany the Inspector General on his tour of inspection.

Colonel J. C. Haines, commanding First Regiment, and Colonel E. W. Pike, commanding Second Regiment, will join the Inspector General at Seattle and Goldendale, and attend him in the inspection of their respective commands.

Special attention of commandants of companies is directed to paragraphs 77 and 78 of the regulations, National Guard of Washington.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN,
Adjutant General,

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF WASHINGTON. }
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE. }
OLYMPIA, WASH., November 15, 1890, }

Special Order No. 14.

A Board of Survey is hereby convened for the purpose of examining and reporting upon the condition of certain arms and equipments stored in a building of Paine Brothers, in the city of Walla Walla, now in charge of Lieutenant E. S. Isaacs, Quartermaster, Second Regiment, N. G. W., with a view to the condemnation and sale of the same.

DETAILED FOR BOARD.

Lieutenant Colonel John Carr, Second Regiment.

Captain H. G. Shuham, Second Regiment.

First Lieutenant C. R. Dorr, Second Regiment.

Said Board will meet on November 25, 1890, at 10 A. M., at Walla Walla city, and report upon the condition of said property, and whether or not the same shall be condemned and sold.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,

R. G. O'BRIEN, Adjutant General.

ABSTRACT A.

TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889.				
Oct. 24	B. F. Littlejohn.....	Hauling arms.....	223	\$1 00
24	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Fare to attend meeting of military board.....	228	48 40
24	Capt. Charles B. Johnston..	Expenses in attending court martial at Walla Walla.....	238	18 70
24	Drewry & Son	Hauling ammunition and blankets	242	50
24	R. G. O'Brien.....	Freight from Seattle on arms, etc.; freight on books from Tacoma.....	243	1 60
24	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Round trip from Olympia to Portland on N. G. W. business	244	11 55
24	Foster & Laberee.....	Hauling overcoats, arms, etc.....	250	8 75
24	Oregon R. R. & Nav. Co.....	Freight on clothing and desk.....	253	27 75
Nov. 20	Lieut. W. H. Gorham.....	Fare from Seattle to Olympia, three men.....	263	6 50
20	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Fare from Spokane Falls to Olympia and return.....	264	46 90
20	Col. J. C. Haines.....	Fare and stateroom to Olympia attending military board; fare returning from same.....	275	4 50
20	Northern Pac. Express Co..	Express charges on tent and poles and three packages.....	285	8 10
20	Lieut. L. B. Saunders.....	Fare to and from Walla Walla in attendance at court martial.....	305	2 80
		Total for 1889, since last report		\$187 05
1890.				
May 5	Capt. C. B. Johnston.....	Freight and charges paid on 1 box cavalry cloaks.....	322	\$5 65
5	Capt. C. B. Johnston.....	Expense of organizing and mustering company of infantry at North Yakima.....	324	17 00
5	Union Pacific R. R. Co.....	Freight on military supplies, guns and cartridges.....	328	21 75
5	Lieut. W. G. Wadhams.....	Freight paid, vouchers attended to.....	333	11 75
5	E. S. Isaacs.....	Actual traveling expenses to and from Goldendale, to Spokane, to Walla Walla.....	335	36 10
5	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Railroad fare, sleeping-car fare and meals from Spokane Falls to Olympia and return.....	338	47 40
5	Oregon R. R. & Nav. Co.....	Freight and storage on 2 boxes of guns.....	340	10 50
June 13	Olympia & C. V. R. R. Co..	Freight and advance charges on 2 boxes of guns.....	343	3 50
27	Capt. Charles B. Johnston..	Compensation for 31 horses while attending camp at Cp. Ferry.....	245½	558 00
27	J. C. Westhoff.....	Transportation from Vancouver to Portland and return; also meals and express charges.....	348	46 00
27	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Fare from Walla Walla and return to attend court martial; berth both ways.....	350	29 70

TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNT—CONTINUED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
June 27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Freight on overcoats, guns and blankets.....	351	\$26 70
27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Fare from Goldendale to Walla Walla and return.....	352	14 40
27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Fare from Goldendale to Seattle and return.....	353	26 60
July 12	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Toll at ferry and railroad fare from Olympia to Camp Ferry.....	355	11 65
12	Union Pacific R. R. Co.....	Freight on clothing, military supplies, cartridges and guns, and wharfage on 1 cannon.....	360	44 25
12	Steamer Multnomah.....	Freight on 1 box of merchandise from Tacoma.....	361	50
12	Lieut. R. D. McCully.....	Expenses from Goldendale to Grant Or., and return.....	363	13 70
12	Western Union Tel. Co.....	Messages sent by adjutant general in relation to the annual encampment.....	364	2 90
12	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Fare from Goldendale to Grant, Or., and return.....	365	13 70
12	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Services of 1 horse during camp instruction; also Memorial day.....	366	19 50
12	Lieut. Matt. Barthold.....	Railroad fare from North Yakima to Walla Walla.....	370	13 80
12	John D. Reagh.....	Hauling 1 load to Camp Ferry and hauling from depot to camp ground.....	373	16 00
12	William Taylor.....	Hauling 2 loads from Olympia to Camp Ferry for use of N. G. W.....	374	20 00
12	Ira D. Light.....	Hauling 1 load from depot.....	375	1 00
12	Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Railroad fare to Walla Walla and return.....	382	13 80
12	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Fare of 44 men from Goldendale to Grant, en route to Camp Ferry, and return.....	385	132 00
12	Maj. W. T. Sharpe.....	Transportation to Vancouver and return.....	387	15 00
12	Capt. John Carr.....	Fare to Seattle and return, attending court martial.....	388	28 85
12	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Fare to Seattle and return, attending court martial.....	389	27 85
12	Capt. G. W. Billington.....	Fare from Grants to Walla Walla and return; fare from Goldendale to Grants.....	393	11 30
12	Lieut. E. B. Wise.....	Railroad fare to Walla Walla from Grants and return.....	394	14 40
12	Lieut. E. B. Wise.....	For 12 days' services at camp of instruction and Decoration day for horse.....	395	19 50
12	Lieut. J. C. Westhoff.....	Traveling expenses from Vancouver to Seattle and return, attending court martial.....	398	20 00
12	Olympia & C. V. R. R. Co.....	Freight charges on 1 bale and 1 case blankets from Portland to Olympia.....	401	1 50
12	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams concerning annual encampment.....	403	74 22
12	Steamer Multnomah.....	Freight on 1 lot tents, poles, etc., from Tacoma to Olympia.....	404	16 00
12	Union Pacific R. R. Co.....	Freight charges on 87 packages tents, poles and camp outfit from Tacoma to Olympia.....	405	5 50
12	Northern Pacific Ex. Co.....	Express charges on 3 boxes military clothing from Cincinnati to Olympia.....	408	52 80
Aug. 25	W. F. Warmsley.....	Transportation tickets furnished 2nd Regiment to the annual encampment, 1890.....	410	302 40
25	Northern Pacific R. R. Co.....	Freight charges on baggage, supplies, etc.; transportation of men to Lake City Junction.....	415	2,472 90

TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNT—CONTINUED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Aug. 25	Foster & Laberee.....	Hauling boxes, guns, ammunition, etc.....	417	\$21 00
25	Lieut. F. J. Grant.....	Cash paid for transportation of men, for storage, drayage, labor, etc., Camp Ferry.....	420	70 90
25	Olympia & C. V. R. R. Co.....	Freight on 1 box non-commissioned officers' warrants from San Francisco to Olympia.....	421	4 30
25	Northern Pac. Express Co.....	Express charges on 2 cases uniforms and 1 package books.....	422	60 95
25	Michael Murphy.....	Eighteen days' use of double team and wagon; 3 trips of double team to Camp Ferry.....	425	112 50
25	J. L. Kahaley.....	Hauling camp equipage, freight on same prepaid.....	429	14 50
25	Stephen Chase.....	Fourteen and one-half days' work, man and team, at Camp Ferry.....	438	72 50
25	Olympia & Che. Val. R. R. Co.....	Freight on uniforms.....	439	46 17
25	J. S. Leighton.....	Hauling boxes and supplies.....	440	50
25	Maj. Charles B. Johnston.....	Fare from Sprague to Seattle and return.....	442	34 60
25	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Fare from Waitsburg to Seattle and return.....	444	41 35
25	W. G. Rowland.....	Hauling supplies from Tacoma to Camp Ferry.....	446	35 00
25	R. M. Shannon & Co.....	Saddle horses for Camp Ferry.....	448	200 00
Oct. 22	Lieut. Dudley Eshelman.....	Fare from North Yakima to Walla Walla and return.....	353	14 80
Sept. 9	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Fare from Walla Walla to Seattle and return.....	455	28 30
9	Lieut. Charles R. Dorr.....	Fare from Dayton to Seattle and return.....	458	31 00
9	E. W. Pike.....	Transportation on horse returning from Camp Ferry.....	459	15 80
9	Capt. G. W. Billington.....	Transportation of Co. C from Grants to Centerville and return.....	460	90 00
9	Union Pacific Railway.....	Freight on uniforms, etc.....	463	27 05
9	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	General average on military supplies, etc.....	464	181 00
25	Lieut. Col. John Carr.....	Fare from Dayton to Seattle and return.....	466	32 00
25	Hall & Porter.....	Work done at Camp Ferry.....	467	563 77
Oct. 14	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Fare while making annual inspection, 1890.....	469	86 00
14	Lieut. D. N. Smith.....	Fare from Pomeroy to Yakima and return.....	474	22 05
14	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Fare from Waitsburg to Yakima and return.....	475	17 10
14	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Fare from Spokane Falls to Olympia and return.....	477	42 50
14	Maj. Charles B. Johnston.....	Fare from Spokane Falls to Yakima and return.....	478	23 40
22	Lieut. C. R. Dorr.....	Fare from North Yakima to Dayton and return.....	484	23 00
22	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Fare from Goldendale to Dayton and return.....	485	17 00
22	Lieut. L. E. Brigham.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	486	25 90
22	Lieut. J. F. Leghorn.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	487	20 90
22	Capt. W. G. Wadhams.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	488	20 90
22	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Fare from Goldendale to North Yakima and return.....	490	23 00
22	Lieut. R. D. McCully.....	Fare from Goldendale to North Yakima and return.....	491	23 00
22	Lieut. H. C. Jackson.....	Fare from Goldendale to North Yakima and return.....	492	23 00
22	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Fare for B Co., 2nd Regiment, en route to Camp Ferry.....	494	3 50

TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNT—CONCLUDED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Oct. 22	Union Pacific Railroad Co.	Fare of Cos. B and C from Grants to Wallula.....	495	\$336 15
22	Lieut. Herbert K. Relf.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	496	35 55
Dec. 5	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Fare from Tacoma to North Yakima and return.....	501	17 80
5	Lieut. I. M. Howell.....	Fare from Tacoma to North Yakima and return.....	502	17 80
5	Lieut. James Ross.....	Fare from Tacoma to North Yakima and return.....	503	17 80
5	Capt. E. H. Fox.....	Fare from Dayton to North Yakima and return.....	504	17 00
5	Capt. E. H. Fox.....	Fare from Dayton to Seattle and return.....	505	32 20
5	Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Freight on military supplies.....	507	22 10
5	Lieut. John Jackel.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	508	24 50
5	Capt. G. W. Billington.....	Fare to North Yakima and return.....	509	24 50
5	Col. E. M. Carr.....	Fare when on tour of inspection.....	512	60 00
5	Capt. Harry St. George.....	Fare from Pomeroy to Yakima and return.....	514	25 80
5	Lieut. E. R. Brady.....	Fare from Pomeroy to Yakima and return.....	515	25 80
5	Lieut. J. W. Murphy.....	Fare from Pomeroy to Yakima and return.....	516	25 80
5	Capt. Fred. A. Gaus.....	Fare from Tacoma to Yakima and return.....	517	20 80
5	Lieut. William S. Shank.....	Fare from Tacoma to Yakima and return.....	519	20 80
5	Lieut. Col. S. W. Scott.....	Fare from Seattle to Yakima and return.....	520	19 40
5	Capt. J. C. Westhoff.....	Fare from Vancouver to Yakima and return.....	521	31 50
5	Lieut. Frank Morris.....	Fare from Vancouver to Yakima and return.....	522	31 30
5	Lieut. C. A. Booker.....	Fare from Dayton to Yakima and return.....	523	17 00
5	Capt. B. B. Glasscock.....	Fare from Sprague to Yakima and return.....	528	20 50
5	Lieut. A. W. Lindsay.....	Fare from Sprague to Yakima and return.....	529	20 50
5	Capt. J. C. Westhoff.....	Freight on clothing.....	532	5 00
5	Lieut. Col. John Carr.....	Fare from Dayton to Ellensburg and Pomeroy and return.....	537	28 15
5	Foster and Laberee.....	Hauling military supplies.....	538	46 60
	Total to October 1, 1890.....			\$7,226 66

ABSTRACT B.

ARMORY ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889.				
Oct. 24	D. W. Small.....	Rent of armory for Co. A, 2nd Regiment, for July, August, September, 1889.....	227	\$75 00
24	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 2nd Regiment, for July, August, September, 1889.....	234	75 00
24	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 2nd Regiment, for October, November, December, 1889.....	235	75 00
24	Charles B. Johnston.....	Rent of armory for Troop A, 1st Cavalry, for July, August, September, 1889.....	237	75 00
24	Charles Hutschek.....	Armory rent for October, November, December, 1889; repairs, etc. to armory.....	239	57 00
24	S. C. Woodruff.....	Rent of store room for Quartermaster's stores for fourth quarter.....	246	30 00
24	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Rent of armory for Co. C, for July, August, September, 1889.....	247	75 00
24	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 1st Regiment, for October, November, December, 1889.....	251	75 00
24	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 1st Regiment, for January, February, March, 1889.....	252	75 00
Nov. 4	Lieut. John Jackel.....	Rent of armory for Co. C, 2nd Regiment, from March 1 to December 31, 1889.....	254	250 00
20	Capt. E. M. Carr.....	Rent of armory for Co. E, 1st Regiment, January to September, 9 months, 1889.....	259	225 00
20	1st Reg. Armory Associat'n.....	Rent of regimental headquarters 11 months, 1889.....	266	275 00
20	John F. Hemenway.....	Rent of armory for Co. G, 2nd Regiment from April 1 to October 1, 1889.....	270	150 00
20	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 1st Regiment, April, May, June, 1889.....	271	75 00
20	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 1st Regiment, July, August, September, 1889.....	272	75 00
20	Capt. E. M. Carr.....	Rent of armory and care of arms for February, 1888.....	282	25 00
	Total since last report for 1889.....			\$1,787 00
1890.				
Feb. 7	Joseph McCarrogher.....	Services as store keeper and armorer, office of Quartermaster General 3 months.....	295	\$90 00
7	Capt. C. B. Johnston.....	Rent of armory for Troop A, 1st Cavalry, for October, November, December, 1889.....	299	75 00
7	Alex. Farquhar.....	Storage and drayage of military arms, etc.....	309	53 50

ARMORY ACCOUNT—CONCLUDED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Feb. 7	D. W. Small.....	Rent of armory for Co. A, 2nd Regiment, October, November, December, 1889.....	311	\$75 00
7	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Rent of armory for Co. C, 1st Regiment, for October, November, December.....	313	75 00
7	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Eight month's rent and care of armory.....	314	200 00
May 5	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Rent of armory for Co. D, 2nd Regiment, for October, November, December.....	316	75 00
5	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Rent of armory for Co. C, 1st Regiment, for January, February, March, 1890.....	321	75 00
5	John Carr.....	Rent of armory for 12 months, from April 1, 1889 to April 1, 1890.....	325	300 00
5	Charles B. Johnston.....	Rent of armory for Troop A, 1st Cavalry, for October, November, December, 1889.....	329	75 00
5	Charles Hutschek.....	Rent of armory for January, February, March, 1890.....	330	75 00
5	Capt. Chas. B. Johnston.....	Rent of armory for Troop A, 1st Cavalry, for January, February, March, 1890.....	332	75 00
5	Lieut. W. G. Wadhams.....	Rent of armory for Co. G, 2nd Regiment, for January, February, March, 1890.....	333	75 00
5	Lieut. W. G. Wadhams.....	Rent for armory for Co. G, 2nd Regiment, for October, November, December, 1889.....	334	75 00
5	D. W. Small.....	Rent of armory for Co. A, 2nd Regiment, for January and February, 1890.....	336	50 00
5	G. W. Greene.....	Twelve month's rent of band room, from January 1, 1889 to January 1, 1890.....	337	180 00
July 12	Samuel C. Woodruff.....	Rent of Adjutant General's office, armory and storehouse from April 1 to June 30.....	356	96 00
12	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Rent of armory for Co. C, 1st Regiment, for April, May, June, 1890.....	392	75 00
12	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Armory rent for Co. B, 2nd Regiment, for January, February, March, 1890 and April, 1889.....	399	100 00
Sept. 9	William S. Bedford.....	Services as armorer for two months.....	454	80 00
Oct. 14	William S. Bedford.....	Services as armorer and storekeeper.....	473	40 00
22	S. C. Woodruff.....	Rent of armory and Adjutant General's office.....	481	120 00
22	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Armory rent for 3 months.....	482	132 50
22	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Armory rent for 3 months.....	483	135 00
22	Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Armory rent for 6 months.....	497	300 00
22	Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Armory rent for fractional month.....	498	11 75
Dec. 5	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Armory rent for 6 months.....	500	150 00
5	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	Armory rent for 6 months.....	513	185 00
5	Capt. Fred A. Gaus.....	Armory rent for 11 months.....	518	374 12
5	Capt. J. C. Westhoff.....	Armory rent for 6 months.....	530	285 00
5	John Macready & Co.....	One steel stamp for ordnance department.....	531	2 25
5	Capt. Geo. W. Billington.....	Armory rent for 9 months.....	533	260 00
5	Capt. Jos. Green.....	Armory rent for 9 months.....	539	315 00
5	1st Reg. Armory Associat'n.	Armory and band room rent for 9 months.....	541	450 00
5	Capt. W. G. Wadhams.....	Armory rent for 6 months.....	542	219 66
	Total to October 1, 1890.....			\$4,954 78

ABSTRACT C.

CLOTHING ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Feb. 7	Union Pacific Railroad Co.	Freight on one box of cavalry capes from Cincinnati to Olympia; back charges.....	306	\$8 40
7	Pettibone Mfg. Co.....	Five hundred overcoats; 2 gross buttons.....	315	5,632 50
	Total since last report for 1889.....			\$5,640 90
June 27	Capt. C. S. Rinehart.....	Altering uniform for Private Derting; altering pants for Private Shelton.....	351	7 75
Aug. 25	Garritson, Woodruff, P. & Co.	Blankets, coats, crash, pencils, penholders, etc.....	424	539 19
Oct. 14	Neustadter Bros.....	Blankets for Camp Ferry.....	479	650 00
Dec. 5	Pettibone Mfg. Co.....	Uniforms for military use.....	527	4,759 05
	Total to October 1, 1890.....			\$9,955 99

Sig. 8.

ABSTRACT D.

SUBSISTANCE ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889.				
Oct. 24	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Hotel bill and meals en route to attend military meeting.....	228	\$10 00
24	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Hotel bill and meals en route to Portland on N. G. W. business.....	244	3 50
Nov. 20	Capt. E. M. Carr.....	Amount paid for meals on the Steamer State of Washington.....	258	12 50
20	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Hotel bill and meals en route to attend military meeting.....	264	11 00
20	L. A. Cormier.....	Meals furnished 1st Regiment while encamped at Olympia attending inaugural ceremonies.....	268	96 95
20	E. T. Young.....	Meals furnished 1st Regiment while encamped at Olympia attending inaugural ceremonies.....	269	68 50
20	Col. J. C. Haines.....	Hotel charges during the military board meeting; cash for 153 meals for Companies B, C, D, and E.....	275	79 00
20	Lieut. L. B. Saunders.....	Board while in attendance at court martial.....	305	3 00
	Total for 1889.....			\$284 45
1890.				
May 5	E. S. Isaacs.....	Meals and lodging while at Goldendale, Spokane, Walla Walla and Sprague.....	335	\$12 25
5	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Hotel bills at Tacoma and Olympia.....	338	20 40
June 27	Lieut. E. J. Fellows.....	Subsistence furnished 2nd Regiment from Spokane Falls and Troop A from Sprague to Camp Ferry.....	345	119 40
27	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Hotel bill at Seattle four days, meals en route.....	350	13 50
27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Hotel bill at Walla Walla, meals en route.....	352	4 50
27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Five days' subsistence during court martial in Seattle.....	353	10 00
July 12	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Hotel bills and horse feed at Tacoma during encampment.....	355	14 75
12	James N. Campbell.....	Meals paid for while carrying mail to camp 8 days at 75c.....	362	6 00
12	Lieut. R. D. McCully.....	Meals and hotel bill while en route to Grants.....	363	5 20
12	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Meals and hotel bill while en route to Grants.....	365	5 20
12	Lieut. Matt. Barthold.....	Hotel bill and expenses while en route to Walla Walla.....	370	5 25
12	F. M. Sauriol.....	Three hundred and twelve gallons milk at 30 cents per gallon.....	371	93 60
12	Capt. J. C. MacCrimmon.....	Hotel bill and expenses while en route to Walla Walla.....	382	5 25
12	Maj. W. T. Sharpe.....	Subsistence two days en route to Vancouver and return.....	387	5 00

SUBSISTANCE ACCOUNT—CONTINUED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
July 12	Capt. John Carr.....	Hotel expenses and subsistence during court martial in Seattle.....	388	\$15 15
12	Capt. H. G. Sheehan.....	Hotel expenses and subsistence during court martial in Seattle.....	389	15 15
12	T. W. Pynn.....	Meals for 2nd Regiment Band paid on morning of June 22, 1890.....	390	10 00
12	G. W. Billington.....	Board and lodging at Walla Walla.....	393	3 50
12	Lieut. E. B. Wise.....	Hotel bill at Walla Walla.....	394	4 25
12	Lieut. J. C. Westhoff.....	Subsistence during court martial at Seattle, Wash.....	398	5 00
Aug. 25	Isaac Chilberg.....	Twenty-eight meals furnished Co. H, 1st Regiment, while en route from Camp Ferry, home, Cooking utensils, etc. for Camp Ferry.....	413	14 00
25	Tacoma Stove Company.....	One hundred meals furnished Troop A, 1st Cavalry, before and after encampment.....	432	40 00
25	S. C. Leland.....	Subsistence at Camp Ferry.....	419	3,488 92
25	W. G. Rowland.....	Supplies for Camp Ferry, etc.....	441	124 47
25	Olympia Hardware Co.....	Hotel bills and meals while attending court martial at Seattle.....	442	19 85
25	Maj. Charles B. Johnston.....	For feeding seventy-eight soldiers.....	450	19 50
Sept. 9	J. J. Sullivan.....	Hotel bill and meals at Walla Walla.....	453	4 25
9	Lieut. Dudley Eshelman.....	Hotel bill at Seattle, meals en route.....	455	9 75
9	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Hotel bill, meals en route to Seattle.....	458	8 00
9	Lieut. Charles R. Dorr.....	Meals en route to Seattle.....	466	6 75
Oct. 25	Lieut. Col. John Carr.....	Hotel bills and meals while on annual inspection.....	469	45 50
14	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Hotel bill, meals en route and sleeper from Pomeroy to Yakima and return.....	474	11 00
14	Lieut. D. N. Smith.....	Hotel expenses and sleeper from Waitsburg to Yakima and return.....	475	4 50
14	Capt. H. G. Shuham.....	Hotel bill at Olympia, meals en route.....	477	12 00
14	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Meals en route to Yakima.....	478	3 50
14	Maj. Charles B. Johnston.....	Hotel bill at Yakima.....	484	3 00
22	Lieut. C. R. Dorr.....	Hotel bill at Dayton.....	485	5 00
22	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Hotel bill, meals on train.....	486	4 00
22	Lieut. L. E. Brigham.....	Hotel bill, meals on train, etc.....	487	4 00
22	Lieut. J. F. Leghorn.....	Hotel bill, meals on train.....	488	4 00
22	Capt. W. G. Wadhams.....	Meals en route from Goldendale to North Yakima and return.....	490	7 00
22	Capt. C. S. Rinehart.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima, and meals on train.....	491	7 00
22	Lieut. R. D. McCully.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima, and meals on train.....	492	7 00
22	Lieut. H. C. Jackson.....	Meals for B Co., 2nd Regiment, en route to Camp Ferry.....	494	22 00
22	Capt. C. S. Rinehart.....	Hotel bill, meals en route.....	496	10 00
Dec. 5	Lieut. Herbert K. Relf.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	501	4 25
5	Capt. W. J. Fife.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	502	4 25
5	Lieut. I. M. Howell.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	503	4 25
5	Lieut. James Ross.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima.....	504	3 00
5	Capt. E. H. Fox.....	Hotel bill at Seattle, meals en route.....	505	8 75
5	Capt. E. H. Fox.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	508	7 00
5	Lieut. John Jackel.....			

SUBSISTANCE ACCOUNT—CONCLUDED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890. Dec. 5	Capt G. W. Billington.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	509	7 00
5	Col. E. M. Carr.....	Hotel expenses while on tour of inspection.....	512	23 50
5	Capt. Harry St. George.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	514	8 50
5	Lieut. E. R. Brady.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	515	8 50
5	Lieut. J. W. Murphy.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	516	8 50
5	Capt. Fred. A. Gaus.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	517	8 50
5	Lieut. Wm. S. Shank.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	519	3 50
5	Lieut. Col. S. W. Scott.....	Hotel bill at Yakima, meals en route.....	520	6 50
5	Capt. J. C. Westhoff.....	Hotel bill, and meals en route to Yakima and return.....	521	7 50
5	Lieut. Frank Morris.....	Hotel bill, and meals en route to Yakima and return.....	522	7 50
5	Lieut. C. A. Booker.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima.....	523	3 00
5	Capt. B. B. Glasscock.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima.....	528	2 00
5	Lieut. A. W. Lindsay.....	Hotel bill at North Yakima.....	529	2 50
5	Lieut. Col. John Carr.....	Hotel bills at Ellensburg, Dayton and Yakima.....	537	9 00
	Cost of subsistence for 1890.....			\$4,751 64
	Cost of subsistence for 1889, since last report.....			284 45
	Total.....			\$5,036 09

ABSTRACT E.

FORAGE ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890. July 12	Ira D. Light.....	One hundred cords of wood at \$3.50, used at the encampment at American Lake.....	375	\$350 00
12	Chas. B. Johnston.....	Forage purchased for horses at Sprague, on way to Camp Ferry.....	384	19 16
Aug. 25	A. F. Hoska.....	Five dozen feed bags for use of Troop A, 1st Cavalry, for feeding horses.....	411	45 90
25	Chandler & Co.....	Two saddle horses 3 days; 3 saddle horses 10 days.....	431	72 00
25	McDonald, Lawshe & Co....	Straw, hay, oats, etc.....	433	565 19
25	Drew Miller.....	Two horses 10 days, used during camp of instruction, 1890.....	437	30 00
	Total.....			\$1,081 35

ABSTRACT F.

ORDNANCE ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889. Nov. 12	Robert Frost.....	Five kegs cannon powder, 3 lbs. priming powder, 1 ball twine, 3 sheets emery cloth.....	288	\$44 95
	Total unreported for 1889.....			\$44 95
1890. Aug. 25	W. R. Dodge & Co.....	Two dozen Creedmoor targets for use at Camp Ferry, 1890.....	412	\$10 00
Sept. 9	H. S. Bixler.....	Ammunition, etc., for Camp Ferry.....	449	83 40
	Total.....			\$138 35

ABSTRACT G.

PAY ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889. Nov. 20	Lieut. R. C. Washburn.....	For pay of Co. D, Captain Kellogg, and Co. E, Captain Carr, under order from headquarters under Special Order No. 24.	273	\$163 74
20	Lieut. R. C. Washburn.....	For pay of 1st Regiment, as per pay roll under Special Order No. 1.....	279	3,976 22
	Pay of troops for service in 1889.....			\$4,139 96
1890. June 7	Capt. Chas. B. Johnston.....	Seven days' attendance at court.....	342½	\$14 00
13	Lieut. Eugene J. Fellows.....	Six days' service in attendance at court.....	343½	12 00
13	Lieut. J. J. White.....	Fourteen days' service at Spokane Falls fire.....	344	58 24
13	Lieut. E. J. Fellows.....	Fourteen days' service at Spokane Falls fire.....	344½	58 24
27	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	For pay of 2nd Regiment, pursuant to General Order No. 4.....	346	6,301 25
27	J. H. Hudgin.....	Services during encampment at Camp Ferry, and services May 30, 1890.....	347	26 00
27	Lieut. R. C. Washburn.....	For pay of 1st Regiment at Camp Ferry, as per pay roll.....	349	3,579 00
27	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Five days' attendance on court.....	350	10 00
27	Capt. C. S. Reinhart.....	Five days' attendance going and coming to attend court martial.....	353	10 00
July 12	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Salary as Adjutant General from March 27 to May 30.....	355	395 83
12	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Services while attending camp of inspection, 12 days.....	357	24 00
12	Lieut. Col. Paul d'Heiry.....	Twenty-two days' services under Special Order No. 4½ and Special Order No. 1.....	358	183 26
12	Lieut. Col. Paul d'Heiry.....	To per diem, 10 days in camp May 30.....	367	22 00
12	Lieut. J. J. White.....	Twelve days' attending camp of instruction, 1 day's service Memorial day.....	368	26 00
12	Lieut. Col. John J. Borge.....	Per diem while attending camp of instruction, 12 days.....	378	24 00
12	Lieut. Col. P. P. Walsh.....	Per diem while attending camp of instruction, 8 days.....	379	16 00
12	Col. W. T. Sharpe.....	Per diem while attending camp of instruction, 6 days; Decoration day.....	380	14 00
12	J. F. Leghorn.....	Pay of 3 musicians on Decoration day for Co. G, 2nd Regiment band.....	383	4 50
June 27	Lieut. J. W. Stearns.....	For attending camp of instruction 9 days at Camp Ferry.....	396	18 00
July 12	J. Kennedy Stout.....	For attending camp of instruction 6 days.....	397	12 00
12	Lieut. Col. L. F. Boyd.....	For attending camp of instruction 6 days.....	400	12 00

PAY ACCOUNT—CONCLUDED.

<i>Date.</i>	<i>To whom paid.</i>	<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>No. war.</i>	<i>Amount.</i>
1890.				
Aug. 25	W. G. Rowland.....	Cash paid for servants, cooks and waiters at Camp Ferry.....	445	372 50
Sept. 9	Col. Henry Landes.....	Payment of Company G for services during fire at Spokane Falls.....	465	558 06
Oct. 14	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Salary as Adjutant General for 3 months.....	468	375 00
14	Col. Henry Landes.....	Amount paid Troop A for parade on Memorial day and 4th of July.....	470	119 00
Dec. 5	Lieut. I. M. Howell.....	Two days' services at Yakima.....	502	4 00
5	Col. E. M. Carr.....	Ten days' service in camp of instruction.....	511	20 00
5	Chas. Johnson.....	Ten days' service at Camp Ferry..	540	15 00
5	S. D. Waters.....	Services at Spokane Falls fire, 1889, 8 days.....	545	116 66
	Total pay of troops, etc.,	for services, 1890.....		\$12,400 54

ABSTRACT H.

MEDICAL ACCOUNT.

<i>Date.</i>	<i>To whom paid.</i>	<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>No. war.</i>	<i>Amount.</i>
1890.				
Dec. 5	Stewart & Holmes Drug Co..	Supplies for Camp Ferry.....	543	\$48 10
	Total			\$48 10

ABSTRACT I.

INCIDENTAL ACCOUNT.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. recd.	Amount.
1889.				
Oct. 24	Arthur Callow.....	Clerical service, adjutant general's office.....	224	\$80 00
24	Olympia Gas Co.....	Gas and rent of meter for adjutant general's office from April 1 to October 1.....	225	13 20
24	Reed & Malcolm.....	One Crandall typewriter, \$75; 1 cabinet desk for same, \$30; 1 plate, \$10.....	226	115 00
24	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Postage, telegrams, freight, expressage, etc.....	229	116 10
24	A. B. Goldstein.....	Rent of room No. 13 for October, for headquarters 1st Brigade.....	230	20 00
24	Pioneer Book Bindery.....	Books for ordnance and quartermaster's departments.....	231	190 00
24	Val. A. Milroy, P. M.....	Stamps for use in adjutant general's office.....	232	10 00
24	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams to and from adjutant general.....	233	1 19
24	William Skelton.....	Six cords bark for adjutant general's office.....	236	24 00
24	Capt. Charles Hutschek.....	Janitor's fee, oil and chimneys.....	239	18 00
24	Spokane Furniture Co.....	One lounge, 6 folding chairs, 2 rockers, 1 desk, 1 rotary chair.....	240	124 50
24	Løwenberg Bros.....	Thirty-two yards tapistry carpet, \$35.20; 1 rug, \$11.50.....	241	46 70
24	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	One drop light for gas, \$8.25; 1 office chair, \$16.....	243	24 25
24	S. C. Woodruff.....	Rent of storeroom for quartermaster's stores from July 1 to October 1, 1889.....	245	30 00
24	S. C. Woodruff.....	Rent of adjutant general's office, 4th quarter, 3 months, 1889.....	246	54 00
24	W. A. Rogers.....	Material and labor at storeroom, quartermaster general's department.....	248	7 15
24	R. S. Anderson.....	Services as clerk in office of adjutant general for 4th quarter 1889.....	249	140 35
Nov. 4	S. Williams & Son.....	One marking pot and brush.....	255	60
20	Foster and Laberee.....	Hauling arms, stores, etc.....	257	34 00
20	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams to and from adjutant general in October, 1889.....	260	2 18
20	George D. Barnard & Co.....	Two letter books.....	261	5 50
20	R. L. Durant & Co.....	Thirteen drums for drum corps of 1st Regiment.....	262	203 71
20	First Reg. Armory Ass'n.....	Rent of band room, 6 months of 1888, 11 months of 1889.....	265	425 00
20	John D. Reagh.....	Eight cords wood furnished 1st Regiment while encamped at Olympia, November 11, 1889.....	267	24 00
20	Capt. C. L. F. Kellogg.....	For uniforms repaired, freight on uniforms, 34 service belts, etc.....	274	90 08
20	Col. J. C. Haines.....	Telegrams in relation to encampment at Olympia.....	275	4 80
20	R. B. Crandall.....	Three cords of wood furnished camp 1st Regiment while in attendance at the inauguration.....	276	7 50
20	Burgert Sad. and Har. Co.....	Twelve drum straps for drum corps, 1st Regiment.....	277	8 00

INCIDENTAL ACCOUNT—CONTINUED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1889.				
Nov. 20	Lieut. R. C. Washburn.....	Expense for packing and cartage of tent stores from Seattle, etc..	278	\$47 40
20	M. O'Connor.....	Telegrams, \$17.20; paper, envelopes, pens, mucilage, ink, etc..	280	28 00
20	Col. E. W. Pike.....	Expense for office rent for five months ending November 30, 1889.....	281	50 00
20	Capt. E. M. Carr.....	Expressage on uniforms.....	283	35 65
20	Olympia Hardware Co.....	Nine agate water buckets, 28 agate wash dishes, stove, pipe, zinc, etc.....	284	59 00
20	J. N. Squires.....	Candles and matches for 1st Regiment while in camp at Olympia.....	286	5 00
Dec. 26	Karl Hartman.....	Repairing 1 saddle for use of N. G. W.; 3 cinches.....	487	4 00
Nov. 20	W. S. Carney.....	Quarter ton of coal for use in office of adjutant general.....	289	1 50
	Total since last report	for 1889.....		\$2,050 36
1890.				
Feb. 7	S. C. Woodruff.....	Rent of office for adjutant general and rent of storeroom for January, February and March, 1890.....	290	\$84 00
8	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Actual expenses incurred while attending meeting of military board at Olympia.....	291	68 25
7	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Telegrams on military business, stationery, coal and coke, janitor, light and stamps.....	292	51 05
7	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Actual expenses incurred while en route from Olympia to procure tents for contemplated encampment, 1889.....	293	37 45
7	A. B. Goldstein.....	Rent of room 13 for brigade headquarters, November and December, 1889, January and February, 1890.....	294	80 00
7	James Wheelau.....	Twenty-four leather straps for blanket bags for drum corps.....	296	6 00
7	Thomas H. Cavanaugh.....	Printing note circulars, special orders and general orders.....	297	9 00
7	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams, November and December, pertaining to military business.....	298	11 98
7	State Printing and Pub. Co.....	Printing 100 funeral notices, 50 special orders, 150 general orders, slips of rules, vouchers.....	300	47 00
7	W. T. Sharpe.....	Five hundred two-cent postage stamps, used at headquarters 1st Regiment.....	301	10 00
7	Wm. H. Hughes Co.....	Printing orders, etc., as per itemized bill attached, from February 11 to May 22.....	302	28 00
7	May L. Sylvester.....	Fifty folios of typewriting for adjutant general's office.....	304	4 00
7	Olympia Gas Co.....	Rent of meter for armory room and adjutant general's office.....	307	12 60
7	Arthur Ellis.....	Nine high-back office chairs, 1 high-back rocker.....	308	28 00
7	Lieut. E. B. Wise.....	Telegram to adjutant general, for printing general orders, express charges, etc.....	310	28 64
7	W. S. Carney.....	One ton coal for adjutant general's office.....	312	3 00
May 5	The Ireland Benedict Co.....	Two typewriter ribbons, 1 No. 18 type-sleeve, 1 No. 12 type-sleeve.....	317	9 00
5	Talcott Bros.....	One tarbox pot and brush for adjutant general's office.....	318	3 50

INCIDENTAL ACCOUNT—CONTINUED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
May 5	G. W. Greene.....	Ink, pens, file, stamps, envelopes, postal cards.....	319	\$13 75
5	E. S. Isaacs.....	Express charges on quartermaster's register.....	320	2 50
5	Northwest'n Stamp Works..	One self-inking, paging and numbering machine, 4 wheels, figures, size, etc.....	322	20 00
5	Capt. C. B. Johnston.....	Hotel expenses at North Yakima, supper on train.....	324	3 50
5	John Carr.....	Freight on boxes from Tacoma to Dayton.....	325	15 65
5	Olym. Gas & El. Light Co...	Gas and meter rent for adjutant general's office, 3 months.....	326	9 90
5	Washington Standard.....	One hundred copies general orders, 1,000 requisitions letter, two sides.....	327	13 50
5	Puget Sound Printing Co...	Binding and embossing 50 copies of biennial report of adjutant general for 1889.....	331	17 00
5	E. S. Isaacs.....	Fare to Dayton and return; lodging, meals.....	335	6 50
5	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Telegrams, postage, stationery, fuel, janitor, lights and rent.....	338	94 95
5	Wooten Desk Co.....	One No. 12 rotary desk for office of adjutant general.....	339	100 00
5	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Express charges on books, cash on express letters, telegrams, cash, ball twine.....	341	2 25
June 7	Toklas & Kaufman.....	Forty-four and one-sixth yards brussels carpet, 20 3/4 yards same, 41 yards carpet paper, sewing and laying same.....	342	74 40
7	Capt. Charles B. Johnston..	Expenses in attending court martial, General Order No. 4.....	342 1/2	40 65
13	Lieut. Eugene J. Fellows...	Fare, sleeper and hotel bills in attending court martial, General Order No. 4.....	343 1/2	56 10
27	Lieut. E. S. Isaacs.....	Notarial fees.....	350	50
27	Capt. C. S. Rinehart.....	Telegrams to Olympia and Walla Walla.....	351	2 75
July 12	Joseph McCarrigher.....	For services as storekeeper and armorer in the quartermaster general's office, 3 months.....	354	90 00
12	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	Paid for telegrams at Tacoma and Olympia.....	355	16 80
12	Val. A. Milroy, P. M.....	Five hundred two-cent postage stamps for adjutant general's office.....	372	10 00
12	C. J. Lord.....	Two automatic ink stands for adjutant general's office.....	376	6 00
12	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams in February, March, April and May, 1890.....	377	7 05
12	Pioneer Book Bindery.....	One record book general orders, 1 book special orders, 1 book memorandas, 2,000 blanks and demands.....	391	61 75
12	Arthur Ellis.....	Four window shades, repairing castor on desk, 4 W wire cots.....	402	20 00
12	Olym. Gas & El. Light Co...	Gas and meter rent for 3 months, adjutant general's office, armory and storeroom.....	406	9 15
12	Robert Frost.....	One hatchet and 2 pounds wire nails, for use in adjutant's office.....	407	1 00
12	Pioneer Book Bindery.....	Twenty-two books, records; 1 book for adjutant general's office; 2,000 sheets of reports.....	409	165 00
Aug. 25	The Baltimore News Co.....	Two volumes Reed's Military Science, for use in adjutant general's office; affidavit.....	414	7 00

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES—CONCLUDED.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Aug. 25	Val. A. Milroy, P. M.....	Five hundred one-cent postage stamps, for use in adjutant general's office.....	418	5 00
25	Charles Calopy.....	One day's work, two teams and two men at Camp Ferry.....	434	10 00
25	H. L. Barrett.....	Twelve days' labor performed at Camp Ferry.....	435	32 40
25	Salwold & Barlow.....	Making flag for Fort Curry, for use during sham battle.....	436	3 00
25	Sunset Telephone Co.....	Use of telephone to Tacoma 3 times.....	443	1 50
25	W. G. Rowland.....	For laundrying table linen.....	446	3 00
25	L. F. Cook.....	Rent of grounds, etc., for encampment.....	447	100 00
Sept. 9	R. F. Radebaugh.....	Publishing advertisement.....	451	2 00
9	G. L. Holmes & Bull.....	Camp stools and chairs.....	452	23 33
9	H. S. Crocker & Co.....	Commissions and warrants.....	456	285 00
9	Western Union Tel. Co.....	Telegrams on military business.....	457	5 06
9	B. C. Armstrong.....	Twenty packing cases.....	461	6 60
9	O. C. Pratt.....	Reporting, etc.....	462	22 75
Oct. 14	Gen. A. P. Curry.....	Expenses of brigade headquarters from June 1 to August 31, 1890.....	476	103 25
14	Western Union Tel. Co.....	Telegrams in September.....	480	1 80
22	Lieut. J. F. Leghorn.....	Sleeping car to North Yakima.....	487	5 00
22	Capt. W. G. Wadhams.....	Sleeping car to North Yakima.....	488	5 00
22	V. A. Milroy.....	Stamps for adjutant general's office.....	489	5 00
22	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.....	Telegrams on military business.....	493	9 05
Dec. 5	Arthur Ellis.....	One book-case for adjutant general's office.....	499	35 00
5	Tacoma Novelty Co.....	Six rubber stamps.....	506	9 50
5	Pioneer bindery.....	Printing and ruling enrollment blanks.....	510	60 00
5	Sunset Telephone Co.....	Five telephone messages.....	524	2 50
5	Olympia Gas & El. Lt. Co...	Rent for gas and meters.....	525	11 40
5	M. O'Conner.....	Paper, etc., for adjutant general's office.....	526	13 60
5	Wm. Sternburg.....	One set pigeon holes for adjutant general's office.....	534	15 00
5	E. M. Elwell.....	One stove for use in adjutant general's office.....	535	10 00
5	Val. A. Milroy, P. M.....	Stamps.....	536	10 00
5	Gen. R. G. O'Brien.....	For bark, telegrams, etc.....	544	36 50
July 12	B. M. Denton.....	Clerical services in adjutant general's office.....	359	58 33
12	Chas. A. Burr.....	Clerical services in adjutant general's office.....	369	225 00
Oct. 14	Chas. A. Burr.....	Clerical services in adjutant general's office.....	471	225 00
14	B. M. Denton.....	Clerical services in adjutant general's office.....	472	75 00
	Total.....			\$2,804 69

ABSTRACT J.

CAMP EQUIPAGE.

Date.	To whom paid.	For what purpose.	No. war.	Amount.
1890.				
Aug. 25	John Macready.....	Stores, etc., for Camp Ferry.....	423	\$583 52
25	O. J. C. Swift.....	Five single wool mattresses, 6 camp stools, for Camp Ferry...	426	27 00
25	G.W.Thompson sawmill Co,	Lumber for use at annual en- campment.....	427	91 50
25	John N. Conna.....	Water boiler, packing-boxes, nails, rope, etc.....	428	17 80
	Total.....			\$719 82

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER OF 1889, AND THE
FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD QUARTERS OF 1890.

Ab- strac- t.	Account.	Year ...	Amount expended.	Total.
A	Transportation.....	1889	\$187 05	
A	Transportation.....	1890	7,226 66	\$7,413 71
B	Armory.....	1889	1,787 00	
B	Armory.....	1890	4,954 78	6,741 78
C	Clothing.....	1889	5,640 90	
C	Clothing.....	1890	5,955 99	11,596 89
D	Subsistence.....	1889	284 45	
D	Subsistence.....	1890	4,751 64	5,036 09
E	Forage.....	1889		
E	Forage.....	1890	1,081 35	1,081 35
F	Ordnance.....	1889	44 95	
F	Ordnance.....	1890	93 40	138 35
G	Pay.....	1889	4,139 96	
G	Pay.....	1890	12,400 54	16,540 50
H	Medical.....	1890	48 10	48 10
I	Incidental.....	1889	2,050 36	
I	Incidental.....	1890	2,804 69	4,855 05
J	Camp equipage.....	1890	719 82	719 82
	Total expenditures since last report.....			\$54,171 64

Of the above amount, there belongs to the year 1889..... \$14,134 67
Total expenditures from fund of 1890..... 40,036 97

